The New-York Times.

VOL. XII—NO. 3651. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1863. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURG.

Advices from Gen. Grant's Army to Monday.

Terrific and Continuous Bombardment of the City.

Much Damage Believed to be Done.

Capture of Twelve Rebels With 200,000 Percussion Caps.

The Sappers and Miners Busily at Work.

REPORTED MOVEMENTS OF JOE JOHNSTON

A Rumor That He is Going to Memphis.

WASHINGTON, Fridao, June 5.

Up to midnight no official advices from Vicksburgh have been received later than those of the 31st May, but a few additional particulars give rather a more cheerful indication of good results.

Extracts from to-day's Richmond papers, are represented by those who read the telegrams, as containing nothing of special interest from any quarters.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS.

CAIRO, Friday, June 5.

The dispatch-boat *Gen. Lyon*, from Vicksburgh Monday night, has arrived. Firing was kept up all of Monday. Gen. SHERMAN'S troops, on the right wing, could be seen in motion.

When the *Lyon* left, at midnight, a conflagration was going on in the city. Some supposed our shells had set the buildings on fire, while others conjectured that the rebels were destroying their supplies preparatory to surrendering.

Gen. GRANT'S numbers and position would be absolutely impregnable in a few days. Particulars cannot be given, but they are all the most cheering character.

The steamers *Chancellor* and *Atlantic*, loaded with troops, when near Island No. 62 on Wednesday, were fired on by guerrillas from the Mississippi shore. One Captain and two privates were killed and several wounded.

DISPATCHES FROM THE REAR OF VICKSBURGH.

CHICAGO, Friday, June 5.

A special dispach from the rear of Vicksburgh, dated May 31, says:

The bombardment of Vicksburgh continues. All the guns in position opened fire at midnight, and continued their fire until daylight. The rapidity of the firing was unparalleled.

It is believed great damage was inflicted by the fire.

Twelve rebels were captured at daylight yesterday, endeavoring to run our pickets and get into the city.

Two hundred thousand percussion caps were found in their possession.

One of the rebels, a boy, came out of the city, ten days ago, took the oath of allegiance, and was allowed to go home, five miles back. He will probably be condemned as a spy.

Gen. JOE JOHNSTON is reported to be moving toward Jackson, but not in force sufficient to attack us.

Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.

WALNUT HILLS, VICKSBURGH, VIA CHICKASAW BAYOU, Thursday, May 28. VIA CAIRO, Wednesday, June 3.

Deserters from all parts of the rebel lines state the garrison of Vicksburgh at from 20,000 to 25,000 strong; that the trenches and forts are not relieved day or night, and that they are now living on quarter rations of corn bread and boiled fresh beef. Their reserve is only one brigade and a half. The majority of the troops are willing to surrender the city. Our shells are destroying the buildings, and the inhabitants live in caves to escape death.

Gen. PEMBERTON sent some families, with their negroes, into our lines yesterday, but Gen. GRANT sent the former back and kept the negroes to work for us.

The guerrillas have made raids at and above Lake Providence, and run off a number of negroes.

Our sappers and miners are progressing successfully with their work of gradual approach, and in some places have reached within a few yards of the rebel works. The rebel sharpshooters do not dare to fire, nor the men in the rifle-pits to show their heads above the works.

Our loss in killed and wounded during the siege, which commenced on the 8th, will not exceed 1,800 or 2,000, the first accounts having been greatly exaggerated.

The rebels may have to be starved out, but there need be no fears entertained of the capture of Vicksburgh and its entire garrison.

ANOTHER REPORT ABOUT JOE JOHNSTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, June 5.

A special dispatch from Cincinnati to-day to the *Bulletin* says:

"A report is current here to-day that Gen. JOE JOHNSTON, instead of marching on Gen. GRANT'S rear, to relieve Gen. PEMBERTON, is advancing in force on Memphis.

The report comes in various shapes, and is somewhat credited."

THE SINKING OF THE CINCINNATI.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 5.

The following detailed report of the sinking of the gunboat *Cincinnati* has been received at the Navy Department:

MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON, FLAG-SHIP BLACK HAWK, ABOVE VICKSBURGH, May 27.

SIR: In obedience to your order, the *Cincinnati* got under way this morning at 7 o'clock, and steamed slowly down until a little abreast of where the mortars lay. When we rounded to, the enemy fired several shots from a gun called "Whistling Dick," but soon gave it up. At 8½, with a full head of steam, we stood for the position assigned us. The enemy fired rapidly and from all their batteries. When abreast of our pontoon, and rounding to, a ball entered the magazine, and she commenced sinking rapidly. Shortly after, the starboard tiller was carried away. Before and after this, the enemy fired with great accuracy, hitting us nearly every time. We were especially annoyed by plunging shots from the hills, and 8-inch rifled and 10-inch smooth-bore shots did us much damage. The shots went entirely through our protection—hay and wood. And now, finding that the vessel would sink, I ran her up stream as near the right-hand shore as our damaged steering apparatus would permit. About ten minutes before she sunk we ran close in, got out one plank and put the wounded ashore. We also got a hawser out to make fast to a tree to hold her until she sunk. Unfortunately, the men ashore left the hawser without making it fast. The enemy were still firing, and the boat commenced drifting out. I sung out to the men to swim ashore, thinking we were in deeper water (as was reported) than we really were. I suppose about fifteen were drowned and twenty-five killed and wounded, and one probably taken prisoner. This will sum up our total loss. The boat sunk in about three fathoms of water; she lays level, and can easily be raised, but lies within range of the enemy's batteries. The vessel went down with her colors nailed to her mast, or, rather, to the stump of one, all three having been shot away. Our fire, until the magazine was drowned, was good, and I am satisfied did damage. We only fired at a two-gun water battery.

Very respectfully,
GEO. M. BACHE, Lieut. Commanding.
To A. R. Admiral D. D. PORTER.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR GEN. GRANT.

Under the "river news" head, in the St. Louis papers of June 3, we find the following interesting items:

Early yesterday morning the *Atlantic*, with quite a number of sanitary goods aboard, passed down. She also had the Twentieth Iowa, from Paducah.

We hear to-day that the *Dean*, *Strader* and *Graham* took troops from Columbus.

The *St. Louis*, down last evening, had sanitary stores aboard from Pittsburgh.

The *Meteor* sailed on Government business yesterday, having troops on board.

The *Empress* goes this morning on Government account, and it is said she will take on a regiment and a battery.

It is rumored also that the *Hannibal*, *Continental*, *White Cloud*, *D. G. Taylor*, *Minnehaha* and still others now in port, as well as others out of port, will meet with instant dispatch on urgent Government business

Government is hauling in or hauling out many boats again. The steamers *Henry Von Phul*, *Belle Memphis*, *Jno. Warner* and other boats that were expected to arrive at this port from Memphis, have been detained by the authorities below, for transportation purposes. They will not, therefore, arrive here for some days.

The *D. G. Taylor* and other boats lying here, we understand, are ordered below.

The Cairo correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* writes under date of June 1:

"The *Chouteau*, *Perry* and *Dickey* have gone up the Cumberland in Government service. They will likely return to-morrow.

The gunboat *Lexington* arrived from Cumberland River."

THE CASUALTIES.

From the St. Louis Republican, June 3.

We are inclined to believe, from what we can hear, that the casualties at and immediately preceding the investment of Vicksburgh have been greatly magnified on the Federal side. The whole number of killed and wounded will not probably exceed six thousand—the missing is a trifling number. [redacted]

TRIBUTE TO A GALLANT SOLDIER.

Gov. GAMBLE has received the following dispatch from Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 2, 1863.

Gov. H. R. GAMBLE: In answer to your telegram, the President directs me to say that the Government will testify its sense of the gallant conduct of Col. BOOMER, by his appointment as Brigadier-General.

[Signed,] EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

GEN. ROSECRANS' DEPARTMENT.

Simultaneous Attacks by the Rebels on Franklin and Triune.

A VICTORY AND A DEFEAT

NASHVILLE, Friday, June 5.

News from Franklin up to 2 o'clock to-day, is that Col. BAIRD, commanding the garrison, was attacked by 1,200 rebel cavalry yesterday, who drove his forces back into their intrenchments. They rallied, however, and repulsed the enemy with heavy loss to the latter.

Simultaneously an attack was made upon the forces at Triune. They were repulsed with a loss of 200 men, 400 horses, and a lot of camp and garrison equipage.

Gen. GRANGER has ordered all houses of ill-fame to be vacated by the 8th inst. There is great excitement among the "fancy."

Six hundred and seventy-nine National soldiers arrived in the city this morning, representing 114 different regiments. They will be sent to their respective commands.

NEWS FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Another Incendiary Fire at Norfolk, &c.

FORTRESS MONROE, Thursday, June 4.

Two large brick buildings on the corner of Washington and Wide Water streets, Norfolk, were destroyed by fire last night. They were used as a Government storehouse. All the property belonging to the Government, except about $2,000 worth, was removed. The fire was no doubt the work of an incendiary.

The flag-of-truce steamer *State of Maine*, in charge of Capt. JOHN C. MULFORD, left for City Point this morning. She took up 200 rebel prisoners.

The steamship *S. R. Spaulding*, Capt. HOWES, sailed for Newbern, N. C., this morning.

The steamer *City of Hudson* arrived from New-York this morning, and has resumed her trips between this place and Norfolk.

Renomination of Hon. Henry Winter Davis for Congress.

BALTIMORE, Friday, June 5.

The Union Convention, to-night, nominated Hon. HENRY WINTER DAVIS as Representative for the Third District. He was serenaded, and made a speech, in which he said he should, if elected, support the entire policy of the Administration. There should, he said, be no side issues. It was time for Maryland to speak out boldly. He supported emancipation, and he was for the vigorous prosecution of the war, and conquering a peace.

Affairs in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, June 5.

Special Agent GALLAGHER, Acting United States Depositary, yesterday received from the Treasurer of the United States, $5,000,000, of which $1,500,000 have been distributed to Maj. ALLEN, Paymaster for our troops in Tennessee.

Considerable quantities of blooded stock and quite a number of visitors are arriving, to participate in the Woodlawn races, which commence here Monday next, and promise to be a brilliant affair.

The National Finances.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, June 5.

The general subscription agent reports the sale of $1,275,500 five twenties, distributed as follows: New-York, $270,000; Boston and New-England, $310,000; Philadelphia and Pennsylvania, $255,000; Ohio and Indiana, $325,000; Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky, $15,000. The subscriptions from Indiana include $200,000 from Madison. Local subscriptions throughout the West are very large, almost every village and town being represented.

KINGS COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT CALENDAR, Saturday, June 6.—Nos. 35, 37, 38, 43, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 10, 55½, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 28.

BROOKLYN CITY COURT, Monday, June 8.—Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 4½, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 14½, 15, 16, 17, 18.

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON

A Movement of the Rebel Army Under Lee.

Heavy Bodies of Troops Moving Toward Gordonsville.

Camps Deserted and Pickets Doubled.

Fernando Wood in Consultation With the President and Secretary of War.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 5.

The enemy's movement has taken a positively defined shape in the last twenty-four hours. Their columns are in motion in a southwesterly direction, toward Gordonsville. Constant balloon ascensions yesterday discovered heavy clouds of dust occasioned by the marching of continuous bodies of troops on the Gordonsville Road, as well as a disappearance of many of the camps heretofore in sight, and a doubling of their pickets along the Rappahannock.

FERNANDO WOOD CONSULTING WITH THE PRESIDENT.

FERNANDO WOOD had a long interview to-day with the President and afterwards with the Secretary of War. The hiring of the Lee House on I-street was the seeming occasion of Mr. WOOD'S appearance here, but, from the reports of the tenor of his conversation, it is reasonably certain that this incurable politician has repeated to-day his customary dodge of rushing to Washington immediately after one of his revolutionary or treasonable speeches, and repudiating them by denying the accuracy of the publications, and immoderately damning the reporters. His reputation for doing this is actually established here.

IMPORTANT REVENUE DECISION.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that entries at the Custom-house, either for consumption or warehousing, are subject to stamp duties. The law on this subject is not inconsistent with the Reciprocity treaty, which admits free of duty certain articles, the growth and product of British colonies, into the United States.

In accordance with a recent opinion of the Attorney-General adverse to the former ruling of the Internal Revenue Office, in reference to the assessment and collection of taxes on articles manufactured, delivered to, and accepted by the Government under contracts made prior to July 1, 1862, Assessors are instructed in future not to assess a tax on such articles; but they will require the manufacturers of such articles to make returns of the whole number or quantity manufactured, delivered to, and accepted by the Government, and the return must be accompanied with the certificate of the proper officer of the Government, that they have been so delivered and accepted, under contracts made prior to July 1, 1862. Collectors must not enforce the collection of taxes which have been already assessed, but not paid, on such articles.

COL. D'UTASSY.

Col. D'UTASSY starts to-morrow for his year's imprisonment at Sing Sing, in the custody of Provost-Marshal TODD.

THE FRENCH IN MEXICO.

The opinion expressed in diplomatic circles to-night is, that the rumors of the storming of Puebla by the French were not only unfounded, but that the French sustained a repulse, and that COMONFORT has reinforced ORTEGA.

COURTS-MARTIAL.

Col. F. F. CAVADA, of the One Hundred and Fourteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, has been tried by a Court-martial, of which Brig-Gen. J. H. H. WARD was President, upon a charge of "misbehavior before the enemy," in absenting himself from his command and seeking shelter in the rear during the first battle of Fredericksburgh. Having been found guilty, he was sentenced "to forfeit all pay and allowances that are or may become due him and to be cashiered." Upon the recommendation of Gen. HOOKER, the sentence was remitted by the President.

A Court, of which Col. J. A. SUTER, Thirty-fourth regiment New-York Volunteers, was President, found Sergeant MICHAEL MCKEW, Company D, Eighty-second New-York Volunteers, guilty of "disorderly and unsoldierly conduct," and sentenced him to be shot to death. The President commuted the sentence to imprisonment for one year in Fort Delaware.

Corp. W. J. FLYNN, First battalion, 17th U. S. I., for drunkenness on duty and "breaking his arrest," was sentenced to be shot to death. Commuted by the President to imprisonment for one year. The prisoner will be sent to Fort Delaware.

Second Lieut. J. A. W. JONES, Company L, First regiment Minnesota Vols., for conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman, was sentenced to be dismissed the United States service. Approved.

Private JAS. DOLAN, Company G, One Hundred and Fifth New-York State Vols., for "drunkenness while on duty," "disorderly conduct," and "using violence toward his commanding officer," was sentenced to be shot. Commuted to imprisonment for six months, at hard labor, with loss of pay. The prisoner will be sent to Fort Delaware.

First Lieut. LOWE EMERSON, for being absent without leave, was sentenced to be dismissed the service. Commuted to forfeiture of pay for two months.

Capt. JUDD M. MOTT, Sixteenth Michigan Volunteers, for overstaying his leave of absence, was sentenced to be dismissed the service. Mitigated to forfeiture of pay for two months.

Private MICHAEL FITZGIBBONS, Company B, Twenty-fourth New-York Volunteers, for disorderly and riotout conduct, disobedience of orders, and "using disrespectful and threatening language, and threatening to strike his superior officer," was sentenced to be shot. Commuted to imprisonment for one year. The prisoner will be sent to Fort Delaware.

WHO HAVE BEEN EXCHANGED.

Among the prisoners of war exchanged, have been—

1. All officers, naval and military, delivered at City Point up to May 30, 1863.

2. The officers and crew of the *Indianola*, *Harriet Lane*, *Mercedita*, *Queen of the West*, *Hatteras*, *Columbia*, *Isaac Smith*, and schooner *Vassar*.

3. The officers and privates captured and paroled at Holly Springs in December, 1862.

4. Officers and men of the Seventy-first Indiana, taken at Muldraugh's Hill, Ky., in December, 1862.

5. Officers and privates Ninety-first Illinois, captured at Bacon Creek and Nolan, Ky., Dec. 26, 1862, and Muldraugh's Hill, Dec. 23.

6. Those captured at Mount Sterling, Ky., in March, 1863.

7. The captured of the Fifty-first Indiana, Seventy-third Indiana, Third Ohio, Eightieth Illinois and First Tennessee cavalry, at Cedar Bluffs, Ga., in May, 1863.

8. All especially exchanged and especially notified of their exchange.

THE NASSAU CONSULATE.

SETH C. HAWLEY is on his way home from the Consulate at Nassau, on a leave of absence, and in exceedingly delicate health.

THE PERUVIAN CLAIMS.

Mr. SWETT, of Illinois, to whom the appointment of Commissioner to settle Peruvian Claims was tendered, has declined it. Whoever is the new appointee must sail before the 13th inst.

LEMONS.

The Medical Department acknowledges the receipt of a hundred boxes of lemons, from persons in New-York, for the use of the sick and wounded in the hospitals here and in the army at Falmouth.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 5.

SUTLERS AND THE INTERNAL REVENUE LAW.

A recent order issued from the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, provides that all sutlers or persons engaged in traffic within the limits of the army and liable to the provisions of the Internal Revenue law, must, within ten days from the 2d instant, exhibit to the Provost-Marshal-General receipts for the payment of all taxes due from them. In default of which the Provost-Marshal-General will seize and sell the property of both delinquents and pay the proceeds into the United States Treasury to satisfy the first claims of the Government.

COL. CRADLEBAUGH WOUNDED.

Among the lists of wounded at Vicksburgh is Col. CRADLEBAUGH, of the One Hundred and Fourteenth Ohio Volunteers. He was a delegate in the late House of Representatives from Nevada, and made the startling *exposé* of the Mormon outrages. He is very widely known as the Judge in Utah whose efforts to bring the perpetrators of the Mountain Meadow massacre and other revolting murders to punishment were thwarted by President BUCHANAN refusing to allow the assistance of United States troops. It is believed the Colonel is not seriously wounded, though no particulars as to the extent of his injuries have been received.

REBELS AT BANKS' FORD.

It is known here that a brigade of rebels encamped opposite Banks' Ford on Monday, where they still remain.

PRINTING IN THE ARMY.

It may not be generally known that all the army orders, circulars, blank forms, envelopes, &c. for the Army of the Potomac are printed at Headquarters. two small portable presses, and sufficiency of type, occupying very small space, being provided for the purpose. A two-horse wagon, when necessary, removes the entire establishment. This department of the Adjutant-General's office is under charge of Lieut. BROWN, of the late Twenty-third New-York Volunteers, an excellent printer. Five assistants are generally kept busy. Lieut. BROWN is from St. Lawrence County, New-York.

GEN. BENHAM'S ENGINEER BRIGADE.

The resignation of Col. STEWART, of the Fiftieth New-York Engineers, has been accepted; cause, continued ill health. Lieut.-Col PETTES, of the same regiment, will succeed to the command.

Maj. SPAULDING, of the same regiment, has received the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel.

The term of service of a large portion of the Fifteenth New-York Engineers will expire in a few days, their two years' term having expired. Those remaining will preserve the present regimental organization. It is commanded by Col. COLGATE.

These two regiments, together with a battalion of United States Engineers, form the Engineers' brigade, under the command of Brig.-Gen. BENHAM.

This brigade has rendered most efficient service during the late nine days' campaign, having laid, taken up, transported and relaid, five separate bridges over the Rappahannock, at an extreme distance of 20 miles, one from another.

TRANSFERRED.

Among the official changes which have recently been made in the Department of Washington, is the transfer of Capt. FRANK H. BARROLL from the Subsistence Department, Alexandria, to the charge of a branch of the Provost-Marshal-General's Office, in Washington.

NAVAL.

Acting Master JAMES TAYLOR has been ordered to the command of the schooner *Sophronia*; Acting Master S. C. GRAY to the command of the store-ship *Courier*.

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE CASE.

JOHN JELLIFFE, late counsel for the negro boy claimed by a citizen of Maryland, having been indicted for rescuing that fugitive slave from his master, to-day gave security for his appearance when required. JOHN DEAN, the other counsel, similarly indicted, is temporarily absent from Washington.

A Skirmish with Guerrillas Near Fairfax Court-house.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 5.

The following telegram was received here this morning:

FAIRFAX COURT-HOUSE, June 4, 1863.

Lieut.-Col. J. H. Taylor, Chief of Staff, and A. A. G.:

All is quiet along our lines and in front, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. This morning, when the relief passed, our pickets were attacked on Sawyer's road by guerrillas. Col. GRAY at once started, with about 120 men, in pursuit of them, but could find nothing of them in the woods. He then went on to scout the whole country, and when he passed Frying-Pan his rear guard was attacked by about 100 rebels, who were hidden in a thick wood. Col. GRAY turned his column, and charged the rebels, who fled in great haste through the woods. We followed them up to Aldies, and from there returned, *viâ* Drainesville. Our entire loss is three wounded, and some horses wounded. We captured their Surgeon, Dr. ALEXANDER.

J. STAHL, Major-General.

GEN. BURNSIDE'S DEPARTMENT.

The Case of the Chicago Times.

CHICAGO, Friday, June 5.

In the case of the Chicago *Times vs.* the military authorities, the counsel asked for and obtained leave to withdraw the bill asking for an injunction, and the case was dismissed.

Another Order from Gen. Burnside.

EXPLANATORY AND DEFENSIVE.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF OHIO, CINCINNATI, O., June 3, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER No. 90.—The General commanding directs that Gen. N. C. MCLEAN, Provost Marshal General, at once institute an investigation into the cases of all citizen prisoners now confined in this Department, and in all such cases as do not clearly show premeditated disloyalty on the part of the accused, or when a desire is manifested to atone for past faults by future good conduct, the prisoners will be released on taking the oath of allegiance and giving bonds for a strict observance thereof. The General commanding is convinced that a large majority of the men arrested have been misled by dishonest and designing politicians, and he prefers to strike at the sources of the evil, and allow those who have been led astray to return to their loyalty and allegiance, if they have seen the folly and sin of opposing the Government.

The United States, in striving to put down a rebellion unparalleled in history, requires that every man at home or in the field shall each in his sphere be enlisted in the cause. The necessity demands a sacrifice from all. In responding to this call, the devotion of the citizen soldier stands foremost, and his sacrifice is the greatest. He gives up all that is dear to the citizen—his home, his freedom of speech and action, the prospect of gain—and often gives his life. He exacts no conditions, but surrenders himself wholly to his country, as represented by the constitutional authorities placed over him.

But while he thus yields up his civic rights so entirely to his country, he is none the less a citizen; he waives them temporarily to give greater efficiency to his efforts, and looks forward to the time when, the authority of the Government restored, he shall again exercise the rights he has patriotically laid down.

While the duties of a citizen are of a more peaceful and less exacting character, he is none the less a soldier, and it becomes him to appreciate the grandeur and entireness of the devotion of his brethren in the field, and to remember that he, too, has sacrifices to make; but the country's demand upon him is comparatively but small. The country requires from him no physical sacrifice, no personal hardships, it merely asks that he shall imitate the loyal example of the soldiers in the field, so far as to abate somewhat of that freedom of speech which they give up so entirely. The citizen would be unjust to the soldier, as well as unfaithful to his country, if, while enjoying the comforts of home, he were unwilling to give up a portion of a privilege which the soldier resigns altogether. That freedom of discussion and criticism which is proper in the politician and the journalist in time of peace, becomes rank treason when it tends to weaken the confidence of the soldier in his officers and his Government. When this insidious treason, striking at the very root of that military power which is for the time being the country's protection, makes its appearance, it is the bounden duty of the commanding General to expel it from his lines, with a heavier hand than he would drive from his camp the villain who would scatter a material poison that would enervate and decimate his soldiers.

The General commanding desires to again call the attention of all officers, Provost-Marshals and others in authority, to the necessity of great care in the making of arrests, which should in all instances be founded on full affidavits sustaining distinct charges, except when the exigencies of the case demand instant action. Carelessness in this respect is only less censurable than negligence in the detection and punishment of crime.

With the exercise of scrupulous care and soun discretion on the part of officers, and a candid consideration, on the part of all citizens, of the relations of the people and the army to each other as above set forth, the General commanding is full of hope that mutual coöperation in putting down the rebellion will become more hearty and effective. The necessity for arrests will be diminished, and the tendency to factious opposition to the Government, and hurtful criticism of its measures, be removed.

By command of Maj.-Gen. A. E. BURNSIDE.
LEWIS RICHMOND, Assistant Adjutant-General.
Official: W. P. ANDERSON, Asst. Adjutant-General.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Wednesday, June 3.

The steamship *St. Louis* sailed at 10 o'clock this morning for Panama, carrying the mails, 150 passengers, $766,000 in treasure for England and $184,000 for New-York.

The *St. Louis* also took 437 bales of wool for New-York.

Honolulu dates of the 16th ult. are received.

The ship *Don Quixote* touched there on the 23d of April, and sailed for Hong Kong on the 25th.

The ship *Katah* sailed for Hong Kong May 10.

A circular had been issued by the Hawaiian authorities providing for the proper valuation of goods imported from the United States into the islands, according as the invoices are made out, at gold of currency prices, the object being to collect duties only on the gold value of the goods at the ports whence exported.

The subscribers to the monument to the memory of Capt. COOK propose that it shall take the form of a lighthouse at the entrance of Honolulu harbor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, June 4.

The Republican politicians are in a flutter in regard to the nominations for State officers. The delegates chosen at the Sacramento primary election to the Republican State Convention, who were supposed to be in favor of Gov. STANFORD for next Governor, have suddenly bolted him and will go for Mr. Low, the present Collector of the port of San Francisco.

The election for delegates to the Republican Convention in Francis County takes place on the 10th instant.

The Republican State Convention will meet in San Francisco on the 17th of June.

Owing to the mining excitement in California and Utah the people of Oregon and Idaho are much disappointed at the scanty emigration this season of mining adventurers.

New mining districts continue to be discovered. The last is near Lake Bigler, on the eastern slope of the western summit of the Sierra Nevada Mountain.

Arrived, Danish bark *Canton*, from London.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, June 5.

A case was decided to-day in the Police Court here, that the conductor and driver of street cars, in preventing a colored man from riding, were guilty of assault and battery. The case will be appealed to the Supreme Court.

For some years rival companies have sought possession of Farrafone Islands, in the Pacific, 30 miles west of San Francisco, for the purpose of collecting birds' eggs, which are valuable. Squatterism and bloodshed have occasionally ensued. On the 4th inst. a regular battle with firearms occurred. The defenders of the islands (Americans) lost one man killed. The assailants, (Italians,) who are very numerous, had five wounded, some mortally. The ringleaders have been apprehended. Warrants have been issued against the other attacking parties.

Sailed, bark *Pamelia Flood* for Callao.

Sad Accident in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, June 5.

FRANCIS M. DREXEL, Sr., of the firm of DREXEL & Co., bankers, was injured, probably fatally, this afternoon. In jumping from the Reading cars, at the corner of Seventeenth and Willow streets, he was caught under the wheels, and had both legs crushed, and one taken entirely off. His extreme age precludes the hope of recovery.

LATER.—The venerable Mr. DREXEL died of his injuries at 10 o'clock this evening.

The Second Massachusetts Cavalry.

BOSTON, Friday, June 5.

A detachment of cavalry, 100 men, left Readville this afternoon for Washington. These recruits were chiefly from California, and filled up the Massachusetts cavalry to the minimum.

Anniversary of the New-England Relief Association.

The First Anniversary of the New-England Relief Association was celebrated last night, at their Rooms in Broadway, near John-street, first with an elegant supper, partaken of by a large company of ladies and gentlemen, and afterward with congratulatory speeches by several gentlemen. On behalf of the Association, Rev. FRANCIS VINTON, D. D., presented Col. FRANK E. HOWE, the Superintendent of the Institution, with a beautifully engrossed and framed series of resolutions, expressive of their indebtedness to him for the success of the enterprise. In the course of his remarks Dr. VINTON stated that over 17,000 soldiers had been given medical and surgical attendance, food, shelter, and in many cases clothing, by the Association, and that a complete directory to the military inmates of the other hospitals in and about the City had been kept for the benefit of friends of soldiers desiring to know their whereabouts. An elegant sword was also presented to Col. HOWE by the employees and others actively engaged in the establishment. The Colonel responded in the happiest manner, giving a large share of the credit for the success of the enterprise to the ladies and gentlemen who had given assiduous volunteer service, to the efficient and skillful surgeon in charge, Dr. EVERETT HERRICK, to the matron and others. The evening passed off very pleasantly, Rev. Dr. BELLOWS and others making eloquent speeches.

The Stimers Court of Inquiry.

The reporters of the leading journals attended yesterday at the Stimers Court of Inquiry, for the purpose of laying before the public the particulars of this important case, especially as it was known that in the defence a professional review of the attack on Charleston would be offered. Admiral GREGORY refuses to allow current reports of the case, which, of course, precludes the possibility of publishing the doings of the Court, as the most brief synopsis of the proceedings, after its final adjournment, would occupy several columns. As it is an open Court, there seems to be no justification for Admiral GREGORY'S course.

IMPORTANT FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

A Day Later by the Morning Star.

SEVERE FIGHTING AT PORT HUDSON.

A Portion of the Works in Our Possession

GEN. SHERMAN SEVERELY WOUNDED.

Distinguished Bravery of a Louisiana Colored Regiment

The steamer *Morning Star*, A. D. PERKINS, Commander, left New-Orleans at 8½ A. M. on the 29th ult., and arrived off Havana at 6½ P. M. on the 31st inst. Left Havana June 1, at 3½ P. M., and arrived at this Port at an early hour this morning, having encountered heavy weather off Hatteras.

In the Department of the Gulf, the whole interest in military affairs centred in Port Hudson, which was completely invested by the Government forces. Gen. BANKS commanded in person a force supposed to be sufficient for its reduction. The enemy's strength within their defences is estimated at from ten to twelve thousand. Fighting was still in progress at the date of the departure of the *Morning Star*.

Brig.-Gen. SHERMAN had arrived at New-Orleans on the night of the 29th, severely wounded, but not dangerously.

Col. DANIELS, Second Louisiana negro regiment, distinguished itself especially in charging upon the enemy's siege guns, losing in killed and wounded, over 600. Gen. WEITZEL had captured a portion of the line of defence and held one of their heaviest batteries.

The following is from the *Era*, of the 29th:

"All eyes in this Department are now turned toward Port Hudson. Our information from that point is not very full; but we are in possession of enough to assure our readers that there is every reason to take a cheerful and hopeful view of events. We have no hesitation in saying that the result of the fighting, thus far, has been decidedly favorable to our arms.

A thousand rumors are flying about the streets but we advise our readers not to heed them; they are, as a rule, utterly untrustworthy. A little patience, and the facts will come to light. That the result will be such as to gladden every loyal heart, we have no doubt.

RETURNING REGIMENTS.

The Thirty-Seventh and Thirty-Eighth New-York Volunteers.

Notwithstanding the extensive preparations made by the military and civic authorities for the reception of the above regiments yesterday afternoon, they did not arrive in time to receive the honors intended for them. If events had favored the carrying out of the programme, it is reasonable to suppose the ovation would have excelled anything of the kind that has thus far taken place in this City. From 12 M. to a late hour in the evening Broadway was thronged with an expectant multitude, anxiously awaiting the arrival of the returning regiments. Hour after hour slipped by, and still the troops did not appear. It was at length announced that the troops would not reach the City till late in the evening, which fact, of course, spoiled the entire arrangement for the reception. The following military bodies marched down Broadway to meet the returning regiments, and escort them through the City:

Brig.-Gen. HALL and Staff, with troop of cavalry of Eighth regiment New-York National Guard, commanded by Capt. BROWN.

Regiment of First New-York cavalry, under command of Lieut.-Col. D. C. HINTON.

Military escort composed of the Seventh, Eighth, Twenty-third, Thirty-seventh, Twelfth, Fifty-fifth and Sixty-ninth regiments New-York State National Guard.

First regiment New-York State Volunteers, under command of Maj. YEAMANS.

Veteran Scott Life Guard.

Invited officers of other regiments and ex-officers of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth New-York Volunteers.

The following letter received by Brig.-Gen. HALL from the Committee on National Affairs, explains the reason of the non-arrival of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments at the hour designated in the programme published yesterday morning:

OFFICE OF CLERK OF COMMON COUNCIL, No. 8 CITY HALL, NEW-YORK, June 5, 1863.

BRIG.-GEN. HALL—*Dear Sir*: I regret exceedingly to be compelled to inform you that from information received by me, as Chairman of the Sub-Committee on National Affairs of the Common Council, it will be necessary to forego all intention of receiving the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments New-York Volunteers, this day. The programme of the arrangements for the reception, as well as all proceedings thus far taken, has been made by a Committee of military gentlemen, under whose advice and direction the Committee of the Common Council has acted. The error in the time of the arrival of the regiments, and the disappointments incident to such error, are to be attributed entirely to the military gentlemen who have undertaken to conduct the ceremonies, as the Committee acted solely under instructions imparted by them, and for which they are entirely responsible.

I would suggest to you the propriety of dismissing your command and wait further instructions from this Committee, who will act hereafter solely upon information received direct from the returning regiments.

The Common Council can recognize no proceedings or be responsible for any expenditure not had or incurred in the actual reception of the returning regiments, in which they, as a matter of course, must be the principal participants.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
F. I. A. BOOLE,
Chairman of Sub-Committee.

The expected regiments arrived in Jersey City at 11 o'clock last evening. Upon their arrival at Jersey City they were transferred to transports, where they will remain until 12 o'clock to-day, at which hour they are expected to land at Pier No. 1 North River. The regiments are under the command of Col. S. B. HAYMAN. Alderman BOOLE and Gen. HALL will make arrangements for their reception to-day. The Thirty-seventh numbers 350 men.

Arrivals in the City.

Delegations from the Select and Lower Chambers of the Philadelphia Common Council arrived at the St. Nicholas Hotel at an early hour yesterday morning. They will leave by the 8 o'clock train this morning for Boston, where they will remain until Wednesday of next week. Their object in visiting that city is for the purpose of witnessing the manner in which the Bostonians clean their streets, as well as the removing of ashes, offals, &c. Wilson Kerr, President of the Lower Branch; the Chief Clerks of both branches; H. J. Lougeray, Sergeant-at-Arms in the Select Chamber; David W. Sellers, Assistant City Solicitor, and five members from each of the branches of the Common Council, constitute the delegations.

Hon. Chas. R. Buckalow, U. S. Senator from Pennsylvania; Hon. A. Ely, of Rochester; H. H. Houston, of Philadelphia, and J. W. McCullough, of Cleveland, are also at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Hon. H. B. Wright, of Pennsylvania; Hon. J. R. McBride, of Oregon; S. D. Caldwell, of Dunkirk, and O. Gilbert, of Philadelphia, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Señor Don Arosemana, of Panama; Señor Don S. De La Vega, of Porto Rico; Col. C. H. Thayer, of the Rhode Island cavalry, and Paymaster C. N. Peeler, of the U. S. Navy, are at the Lafarge House.

Progress of the Enrollment.

Last Saturday night the number of names enrolled in the several districts comprising Col. NUGENT'S department, amounted to 20,000, which number will probably be increased to 50,000 by to-night. About 4,000 names are enrolled each day, and it is expected the work will be finished by the 1st of July.

WINTER GARDEN.—Miss CATHARINE SELDEN has her benefit to-night, at the Winter Garden, and plays *Deborah* for the last time.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE LIFE AND LETTERS OF WASHINGTON IRVING, by his Nephew, PIERRE M. IRVING, Vol. 3, New-York: GEORGE P. PUTNAM.

The new volume of this delightful Biography is embellished with a fine engraving by HALL, of BALL HUGHES' bust of IRVING, executed in 1825; this, though like, is somewhat too much idealised, but conveys a fair impression of the manly and benignant countenance it seeks to represent. According to the originally designed scale of the work the present would have formed the last volume, and it is matter for congratulation that the richness and abundance of the material in the Editor's hands induces him to enlarge the Life to four volumes. The portion now before us includes the incidents of fourteen years, from MR. IRVING'S return to the United States after the long residence abroad, which had allowed a generation to grow up, to whom he was personally strange, in 1832, until his final restoration to his native land in 1846, on his retiring from the Spanish Embassy. Thirteen years of happy home life yet remains for the subject of the concluding volume. The period now illustrated was one of considerable literary activity, including the publication of *Astoria, Adventures of Capt. Bonneville, Tour on the Prairies* and other volumes of *The Crayon Miscellany*, and the preparations for the *Life of Washington*, delayed for a time by diplomatic functions, but always kept in view by the writer as the destined goal of his authorial career. A thousand interesting facts and anecdotes connected with the above works and the literary men of Europe and America, will be found now given for the first time in the correspondence of IRVING with his family and friends, all in the highest degree creditable to him. Amongst others may be mentioned the particulars of the noted sacrifice of time and money that he made when nobly giving up to PRESCOTT the subject of *The Conquest of Mexico*, on which he had long intended to write a work as the pendant to his *Columbus*. It is needless to enlarge on a book that will be so generally read. A more perfect picture of a literary life, told with the good taste which allows the subject of it to be mainly his own biographer, has never appeared.

—MR. HENRY DAWSON'S new edition of *The Federalist* progresses at the Cambridge Riverside Press, and will be published in the Fall by SCRIBNER. It will form, with the copious annotations of the editor, two volumes octavo, making one of the handsomest books that has issued from that renowned establishment. As the first critical edition of one of the political classics of the world, to which late events have given additional value, it is certain to meet with a large demand.

THE JUNE MAGAZINES.

—*Harper's New Monthly Magazine* contains in its present number several articles of great current interest. The opening one on "The Indian Massacres and War of 1862," is the first connected narrative we have had of that thrilling episode of our great national contest. It is from the pen of a new contributor, Lieut. ADRIAN T. EBELL, and also owes its illustrations to his graphic skill. Mr. WELLS' illustrated account of "The Quicksilver Mines of New-Almaden, California," is another hitherto unwritten chapter of American travel and enterprise. "Two weeks at Port Royal" is a readable article, but evinces a lack of delicacy and of regard for social propriety in certain personal matters which we should scarcely have expected from the member of the firm of HARPER & BROTHERS who is responsible for it. Mr. TROLLOPE'S "Small House at Allington" continues to display his unrivaled skill in depicting the average English young lady of middle and domestic life, in which he is scarcely inferior to Miss AUSTIN. Miss EVANS' "Romola" aims at a higher mark, and is a noble specimen of the historical novel. The chief original tales are the second part of Miss PRESCOTT'S "Rosemary," and Mrs. STODDART'S "Osgood's Predicament." The customary miscellany of Literary Notices, Editor's Table, &c., completes an unusually attractive number.

—The *Atlantic Monthly*, Boston, TICKNOR & FIELDS, opens with one of the valuable articles by Dr. LEWIS, "Weak Lungs, and how to make them Strong," where physical truths of the highest importance are so pleasantly inculcated that they meet a ready audience where a regular scientific treatise would find no chance of penetrating. "The Hancock House and its Founder," by Mr. ARTHUR GILMAN, is a very interesting memorial of an old landmark about to be removed. The founder, THOMAS HANCOCK, was an eminent bookseller, and his letters to the Mr. THOMAS LONGMAN of that day—a century and a quarter ago—now printed from the original family letter-book, reveal some professional particulars about the book trade of the time, and are a curious memento of the past for the present representatives of that eminent firm. Fiction is strongly supported in this current number of the *Atlantic* by "Paul Blecker," "The Member from Foxden," and "Why Thomas was Discharged," by GEORGE ARNOLD. The poetry of the number is not remarkable; it is contributed by JOHN WEISS and Mrs. PAUL ARES. "Ike Marvell's" second scholarly gossip on Old World farming and farm books takes us back to a classical era where the author seems as much at home as among the "Fudge Families" of our own day.

—The *Continental Monthly*, devoted to literature and national policy, New-York, JOHN F. TROW, maintaining the vigorous tone of comment on the great impending issues of the time for which it is already distinguished; "The Value of the Union," by W. H. MULLER; "The Navy of the United States," "The Confederation and the Nation," and other articles of sterling value, while fiction, poetry and literature meet with due attention from numerous contributors. Succeeding numbers will contain the letters from Europe of Hon. ROBERT J. WALKER, the chief editor, now abroad on a State mission.

—The *American Journal of Science and Arts*, for May, is filled with articles of the same high value and interest which its subscribers and readers have so long been in the habit of finding in its pages. The leading articles are from the pen of the botanist, DAWSON, who writes of the "Flora of the Devonian Period in Northeastern America." The nature and advantages of the Globe Lens for the Photographic Camera, are discussed by COLEMAN SELLERS; A. C. RAMSEY, F. R. S., President of the Geological Society, communicates an interesting paper on the "Glacial Origin of Certain Lakes in Switzerland and various parts of Europe;" H. J. CLARK writes on "Lucernaria;" Prof. BACHE sums up the results of a "Magnetic Survey of Pennsylvania;" LEO LESQUEREUX continues the discussion of questions relating to the "Coal Formations of North America;" Prof. JAMES HALL makes observations upon some of the "Brachiopeda," and Capt. E. B. HUNT communicates some very interesting notes of his protracted residence at Key West, in the service of the Government. The general summary gathers up all the shreds of scientific intelligence, bringing the record down to the date of the issue of the journal.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION ...THURSDAY, June 4, 1863.
One o'clock P. M.

The Board met, pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, number sixteen City Hall.

Present—Morgan Jones, Esq., President, in the Chair, and the following members: Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Councilman Sandford—

Petition of property owners in King-street, to have the pavements in said street repaired.

Which was referred to the Croton Aqueduct Board, with power.

By Councilman Healy—

Bill of the New-York World, for advertising notices for the Board of Assessors.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By Councilman Brandon.

Bill of Colonel Maidhoff, amounting to one hundred and fifty dollars, for music furnished for the Eleventh regiment on the occasion of the reception of the Seventh and Eighth regiments, New-York Volunteers.

Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.

[G. O. 343.]

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Price—

Whereas, A resolution was approved by the Mayor, December nineteen one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, directing the Comptroller to draw his warrant for the sum of ten thousand dollars in favor of the Treasurer of the Blind Mechanics' Association; and

Whereas, The Comptroller declines to pay the same on the ground that the requisite number of votes was not received in favor thereof in the Board of Councilmen; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant for ten thousand dollars to the order of John N. Hayward, President, and Noah A. Childs, Treasurer of the Blind Mechanics' Association, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Brandon—

Resolved, That the Corporation Counsel be directed to report to this Board, at its next meeting, all amounts of money collected through the Corporation Attorney's office for fines and penalties, and for compromising fines and penalties, and for settling suits, and for costs received by him in and through his office, from the first day of January, one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-three, to the first instant, and what disposition he has made of all monies so received, giving the items and dates of the settlement or compromising of each suit.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Fitzgerald—14.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Cook, Brice, Russell, Joyce—10.

[G. O. 344.]

By Councilman Webster—

Resolved, That such portion of the sidewalk on the east side of Orchard-street, between Grand and Broome streets, as is now laid with brick, be flagged forthwith, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

REPORTS.

[G. O. 345.]

Report of Committee on National Affairs, to pay bill of C. W. Parrisen, Jr., for expenses of funeral of Colonel Kimball.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 346.]

Report of Committee on National Affairs, concurring to pay bills for reception of regiments and funeral of Colonel Ringgold.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 347.]

Report of Committee on National Affairs, to pay bills for funerals of Colonels Ringgold and Stevens.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 348.]

Report of Committee on National Affairs, to pay bill for funeral of Colonel Ringgold.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 349.]

Report of Committee on Fire Department, concurring to build a new house for Hose Company number Thirty-seven.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 350.]

Report of Committee on Fire Department, concurring to advertise for location for Hose Company number Twenty-one.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 351.]

Report of Committee on Sewers, to build sewer in Norfolk-street, from Stanton to Rivington-street.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in Eastern-street, between Delancey and Rivington streets, to connect with sewer in Delancey-street, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was recommitted to the Committee on Sewers.

MOTION.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that Thirty-fourth-street, from the Eighth-avenue to the North River, be renumbered forthwith, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was carried.

And the same was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

INVITATION.

Invitation of the Union Home School for the Education and Maintenance of the Children of Poor Volunteers, to attend their second anniversary, to be held at the Academy of Music, on Wednesday, June ten, at half past seven P. M.

Which was accepted.

COMMUNICATION.

A communication was received from the City Inspector, relative to the cleaning of the streets.

Which was received and ordered to be printed in the minutes.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

[G. O. 352.]

Councilman McVay moved that the Committee on Public Health be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Public Health of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the low and sunken lots between Eighth and Ninth avenues, and Seventy-fourth and Eighty-third streets, be filled in with good and wholesome earth, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

[G. O. 353.]

Councilman McVay moved that the Committee on Public Health be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Public Health of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the vacant lots on the corner of Sixth avenue and Forty-fifth-street, east side, be fenced in and the sidewalk in front of the same flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman Gross moved a reconsideration of the vote by which was adopted at the last meeting a motion fixing the regular hour of meeting at one o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolution, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Mrs. John H. Houghkirk for the sum of ninety-three dollars, amount which would have been to the John H. Houghkirk, deceased, for services as Health Warden of the Eleventh Ward for the month of May.

Which was concurred in by the following vote

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to remove the gate on the bulkhead of Pier number thirty-six North River immediately.

Which was concurred in.

Petition with resolution that Croton mains be laid in Forty-ninth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, forthwith, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the Croton Aqueduct Board be requested to cause the fountain in Tompkins-square to be supplied with water from sunrise until sunset every fine day, and cause the said fountain to play during the above-mentioned time.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to have stillbirds made to connect sufficient flow-sewer in Seventh-avenue and Mount Morris-square with the sewer in Fifth-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolutions first, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the lessee of a portion of Mount Morris-square for the sum of five thousand dollars, whenever the said lessee shall have surrendered all claim to the premises leased by him and known as a portion of said square together with all improvements made thereto, or erected thereon, and that he take his receipt therefor the said appropriation to be taken from the appropriation for improving Mount Morris-square; and second, that the Street Commissioner be directed to proceed with the work of improving and regulating Mount Morris-square, wherever the terms of the foregoing resolution are complied with.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

[G. O. 354.]

Report of Committee on Ordinances, with resolutions as follows:

Resolved, That the licenses granted for the erection of magazines for the storage of gunpowder, pursuant to section two, chapter twelve of the Revised Ordinances, be and the same are hereby revoked.

Resolved, That the parties owning or having control of the magazines be directed to remove all gunpowder therefrom forthwith, except that the Hazard Powder Company shall be allowed twenty days in which to remove the gunpowder from their magazine; and that the City Inspector be, and he is hereby authorized and directed, in case of the refusal of the parties above mentioned, to remove the gunpowder as directed, to remove the same forthwith in such manner as the public interests may in his opinion require, and charge the expense of such removal to the parties to whom the gunpowder so removed belongs.

Resolved, That sections one, two, three, and four of chapter twelve of the Revised Ordinances be, and the same are hereby repealed, and the two following sections substituted in their stead:

SECTION 1. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to have or keep any quantity of gunpowder in any house, store, building, magazine, or other place, in the City of New-York.

SEC. 2. Every person storing any gunpowder in the City of New-York shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each day during which any such gunpowder shall be stored or kept.

Resolved, That sections five, six, and seven of chapter twelve of the Revised Ordinances be numbered three, four, and five respectively.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 355.]

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of John Kempston, for the sum of thirty-five dollars, for services, as stenographer, rendered for reporting investigation relative to the number of cars run by the Sixth-avenue Railroad Company, the number licensed, and by what authority the Company had extended its track to Fifty-ninth-street, the said services having been rendered to the Committee on Railroads of the Board of Aldermen, for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the appropriate account

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 356.]

An ordinance to provide for a continuance of the aid heretofore granted to the families of volunteer soldiers from the City of New York, serving in the army of the Union.

Councilman Gross moved that the ordinance be laid over and printed in full in the minutes.

Which was carried.

[G. O. 357.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the vacant lots number one hundred and ninety-eight Madison-street, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

GENERAL ORDERS.

[G. O. 234.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of adopting resolution that the vacant lots on the north side of Fifty-second-street, between Second and Third avenues, and also on the west side of Second-avenue, between Fifty-second and Fifty-third streets, be properly fenced, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 235.]

Report of Committee on Lamps and Gas, in favor of adopting resolution that a gas-lamp be placed in front of number four hundred and forty-seven East Houston-street, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

[G. O. 236.]

Report of Committee on Lamps and Gas, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to place two gas lamps in front of the Alanson Methodist Episcopal Church, in Norfolk-street.

Which was adopted.

[G. O. 237.]

Report of Committee on Lamps and Gas, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to have two gas lamps placed in front of the French Episcopal Church du Saint Esprit, in Twenty-second-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

Which was adopted.

[G. O. 238.]

Report of Committee on Lamps and Gas, in favor of adopting resolution that two gas lamps be placed in front of the German Evangelist Church, situated in Twenty-fourth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

[G. O. 240.]

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. McConnell & Lowe for the sum of two hundred and seventy-five dollars, to be in full for a collation served up on the night of the sword presentation to Col. Milton Cogswell, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilman Sandford, Murray, Brandon—3.

[G. O. 244.]

Resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of George W. Roome, for the sum of three hundred and ninety-five dollars, in full for refreshments furnished Guard of Honor on the occasion of the funeral of Colonel Kimball.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 246.]

Resolution, that Barclay-street, from College-place to West street, be paved with Belgian pavement; one-half the expense thereof to be borne by the property owners, and the other half by the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was adopted in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 247.]

Resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for extending the house of Engine Company number Fifty-two, twenty-five feet in the rear of the same, to be two stories in height.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—21.

Negative—The President, Councilman McGrath—2.

[G. O. 248.]

Resolution, that the wages of laborers employed upon Corporation work be increased to one dollar and seventy-five cents per diem, to date from the passage of this resolution by the Common Council.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 232.]

Report of Committee on Assessment, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of John M. Heleke for the sum of eighty six dollars, together with interest from the date of the assessment, for the paving of Ninth-avenue with Belgian pavement, the said sum to be applied for the payment of assessment on the property of the German Lutheran Saint Luke's Church, situated on the south side of Forty-sixth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, for the pavement of Ninth-avenue with Belgian pavement and charge the same to account of Donations and Charities.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 233.]

Report of Committee on Printing and Advertising, in favor of adopting ordinance that the New-Yorker Journal be designated as one of the Corporation newspapers, and is authorized to publish the proceedings of the Common Council and all other advertisements of the several departments, the ordinance to take effect immediately.

Councilman Hayes moved to amend said ordinance by striking out the words "New-Yorker Journal" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "New-York Herald."

Councilman Brice moved that the whole subject be laid over.

Which was lost.

The question recurring on the amendment of Councilman Hayes, the same was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, The President, Brandon, Fitzgerald—4.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—19.

Councilman Gross was here called to the Chair.)

Councilman Hayes moved to amend the ordinance by striking out the words "New Yorker Journal" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "New-York Atlas."

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, McGrath, Russell, Fitzgerald—4.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Joyce—19.

Councilman Brice moved that the report be recommitted to the Committee on Printing and Advertising.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, McConnell, Houghtalin, Gaw, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—11.

Negative—Councilmen Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, Repper, Haviland, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon—13.

Councilman Cook moved to amend the ordinance by adding after the words "New-Yorker Journal" the words, "also the New-York Herald."

Councilman Joyce moved to amend said amendment by adding after the words "New-Yorker Journal" the words, "also the New-York Herald, in lieu of the Evening Post," and to amend the ordinance so that the same would read as follows:

Be it ordained, &c., The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, of the Common Council assembled:

SECTION 1. That the New-Yorker Journal in lieu of the New-York Daily Tribune, and the New-York Herald in lieu of the Evening Post be, and they are hereby designated, as Corporation newspapers, and authorized to publish the proceedings of the Common Council and all other advertisements of the several Departments.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall take effect immediately.

Which was carried.

And the ordinance, thus amended, was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—21.

(The President here resumed the Chair.)

[G. O. 251.]

Report of Committee on Assessments, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Patrick Gaffney for the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars and five cents, the same being payable him to pay an assessment on his property in Eighth-avenue, for regulating and grading Eighth-avenue, from Fifty-ninth to Eighty-second streets, and charge the same to account of donations.

Which was lost for want of a constitutional vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Cook, Russell, Joyce—3.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon—16.

Councilman Joyce moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Webster, Gross, McConnell, Haviland, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Russell, Joyce—12.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Keenan, Sandford, The President, McVay, Brady, Houghtalin, Gaw, McGrath—9.

And the report was recommitted to the Committee on Assessments.

[G. O. 255.]

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Cannon-street, between Delancey and Rivington streets, to connect with the sewer in either of said streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 256.]

Report of Committee on Assessments, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Pastor of the Lexington-avenue Presbyterian Church for the sum of one hundred and seven dollars and eighty-nine cents, to be applied by the said Pastor in payment of assessment on the property of the Lexington-avenue Presbyterian Church, for the paving of Lexington-avenue with Belgian pavement, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Russell, Joyce—20.

[G. O. 257.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Seventy-second-street, between Broadway and eighth-avenue, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Sandford—2.

[G. O. 258.]

Report of Committee on Street Openings, in favor of adopting resolution that the Counsel to the Corporation be directed to take the necessary legal proceedings to widen Vestry-street, on the northerly side, from Hudson-street to West street, in accordance with a map now on file in the Register's office.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell—21.

Subsequently, Councilman Gross moved that said vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

[G. O. 262.]

Preamble reciting that a resolution was adopted and approved in one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, donating the Northwestern Dispensary the sum of one thousand dollars; that the Comptroller construes the charter so as to be unable to pay, in consequence of the same not having received a three-fourth vote of the Common Council; that the amount thus appropriated is contained in the tax levy of the present year, with resolution that the sum of one thousand dollars be appropriated to the Northwestern Dispensary, and the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the President of the Board of Managers of said Dispensary for the aforesaid amount, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Lost for want of the required number of votes:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell—14.

Negative—Councilmen Sandford, Webster, McVay, Brady, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien—7.

Councilman Hayes moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

And the paper was referred to the Committee on Charities and Donations.

[G. O. 263.]

Resolution that the wages of cartmen employed by the Corporation, including the horse and cart, be increased to the sum of three dollars and fifty cents per day, said increase to date from the passage of this resolution.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell—21.

[G. O. 265.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of adopting resolution that the vacant lots on the north side of Fifty-first-street, between Second and Third avenues, and those on the west side of Second-avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets; also on the south side of Fifty-second-street, between Second and Third avenues, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, McConnell, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Negative—Councilman Keenan, Sandford, Brady, Repper—4.

[G. O. 266.]

Report of Committee on Sewers in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Fourth-street, from Bank to West Twelfth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—22.

[G. O. 267.]

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that a receiving basin and culvert be built on the south side of Forty-fourth-street, seventy-five feet west of the Eleventh-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Negative—Councilman Keenan,—1.

[G. O. 268.]

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that a receiving basin and culvert be built on the northwest corner of Vesey and West streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefore be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 269.]

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in Hallow-street, between Houston and Stanton streets, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 270.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the sunken lots in Second-avenue, between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth streets, be filled in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted,

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—18.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Sandford, McConnell, Repper, Brice—5.

[G. O. 271.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of adopting resolution that the low and sunken lots in Eighty-fourth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, on the north side, be filled in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance be adopted.

Council man Repper moved that the same be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health.

Which was carried.

[G. O. 272.]

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of adopting resolution that Twenty-first-street, between Third-avenue and East River, be paved with Belgian pavement, half the expense to be paid by the property owners and half by the City, the work to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and the accompanying ordinance be adopted

Which was adopted by the following vote

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, McVay, Gross, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—11.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin—9.

Councilman Brice moved that the report be recommitted to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 273.]

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of adopting resolution that Second-avenue, between Fourteenth and Twenty-sixth street, be paved with the Belgian pavement on each side of the railroad track, the property owners to pay half of the expense, and the City the remainder, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was adopted by the following vote

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—18.

Negative—Councilman Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, McConnell—5.

[G. O. 274.]

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of adopting resolution that East Forty-eighth-street, between First and Second avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half of the expense thereof to be paid by the property owners on the line of said street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Negative—Councilman Keenan, Sandford—2.

[G. O. 275.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the south side of Forty-first-street, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue, be flagged the full width, where not already done under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

[G. O. 276.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. Sickels & Moore for the sum of three thousand dollars, in full for flagging Sixty-first and Eighty-sixth streets, and laying crosswalks and curbstones, and flagging Fifty-sixth-street, from Eighth to Ninth-avenue, and charge the amount to "Donations."

Councilman Webster moved to amend by striking out the word "Donations," and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "City Contingencies."

Which was lost.

The resolution was then lost for want of a sufficient number of votes by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—9.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Brady, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook—13.

Councilman Houghtalin moved that such vote be reconsidered.

And the paper was laid over.

[G. O. 286.]

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Benjamin F. Brady for the sum of three hundred and ninety dollars, for engrossing, mounting and framing resolutions passed relative to the Twelfth regiment New-York National Guard, Colonel Milton Cogswell; Forty-second regiment New-York State Volunteers, Lieutenant-Colonel James H. Bull; Captain Jul

Councilman Haviland moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was lost.

[G. O. 314.]

Report of Committee on Streets—Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the cobble-stone pavement in Thirty-third-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, and also in Thirty-seventh-street, between the Seventh and Eighth avenues, be repaired immediately, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

By Board of Aldermen—Adopted.

Councilman Hayes moved that the same be referred to the Croton Aqueduct Department, with power.
Which was carried.

[G. O. 315.]

Resolution, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of John M. Harrington for the sum of five hundred dollars, with interest, balance due him for services rendered by said John M. Harrington as First Clerk to the Corporation Attorney of New-York from the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, to the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and that he charge the same to account of City Contingencies.
Which was lost for want of the required number of votes:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Webster, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath.

Negative—Councilmen Sandford, McVay, Brady, Murray, Brandon, Brice, Fitzgerald—7.

Councilman Haviland moved that such vote be reconsidered.
Which was carried.
And the paper was laid over.

[G. O. 316.]

Bill (adopted by the Board of Aldermen) of A. T. Stewart & Co, amounting to one hundred and ninety-two dollars and thirty-seven cents, for articles furnished for the funeral of Col. Charles.
Which was lost for want of the required number of votes:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President, Webster, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Cook, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilmen Sandford, McVay, Brady, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon—6.

Councilman Houghtalin moved that such vote be reconsidered.
Which was carried.
And the paper was laid over.

[G. O. 317.]

Resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. Lord & Taylor, for the sum of three hundred and six dollars, for gloves and crape furnished on the occasion of the funeral of Col. Kimball.

Councilman Hayes moved to amend said resolution by adding the words, "also, in favor of Alex. T. Stewart & Co., for the sum of one hundred and ninety-two dollars and thirty-seven cents, for gloves and crape furnished on the occasion of the funeral of Col. Charles."
Which was carried.
The resolution, as amended, was then adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, The President, Webster, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, O'Brien, Cook, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—19.

Negative—Councilman Sandford, McVay, Murray, Brandon—4.

[G. O. 318.]

Report of Committee on Finance of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of James Daggett Hunt for the sum of three hundred and sixteen dollars and fifty cents, for disbursements made in the office of the Corporation Attorney, from June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, to January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Councilman Brice moved to amend such resolution by striking therefrom the sum of three hundred and sixteen dollars and fifty cents, and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of one hundred and sixteen dollars and fifty cents.
Which was carried.

Councilman Brice moved further to amend by adding to such resolution the words, "and that the same be taken out of the appropriation for City Contingencies."
Which was carried.
And the resolution as amended was adopted:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Keenan, Jones, Healy, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Negative—Councilman Brandon—1.

[G. O. 319.]

Report of Committee on Finance of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of John McGuire, for the sum of two hundred dollars, to be in full payment for loss of horse by falling through the covering of the dock at the foot of West Thirty-seventh-street, on the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and charge the same to its appropriate account.
Which was was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brice, Brandon, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Jones, Healy—3.

[G. O. 327.]

Communication from the Comptroller, with an ordinance to provide means for extending the area of the Central Park.
(By Board of Aldermen, ordinance adopted.)
Which was lost.

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, The President, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Cook, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—10.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Sandford, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon—12.

Councilman Hayes moved that such vote be reconsidered.
Which was carried.
And the ordinance was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, The President, Webster, Gross, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Cook, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—13.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Sandford, McVay, Brady, McConnell, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Fitzgerald—10.

COMMUNICATIONS RESUMED.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting statement of payments to families of volunteers for the fortnight ending May thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.
Which was received and ordered on file.

Councilman Brice moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Monday next, eighth instant, at four o'clock P. M.

JAMES M. SWEENEY, Clerk.

LAW REPORTS.

Landlord and Tenant—Attornment—Foreclosure.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT.

Before Justice Vanvorhis.

Anna D. Anthony vs. *Theodore Stern.*—Summary proceedings were resorted to in this matter to dispossess the defendant from a dwelling-house for holding over after his term had expired. The plaintiff rented the house to the defendant for part of last year, which expired on the 1st of May, when he desired a renewal of the lease, which was refused. The defendant then took a lease from one Van Benschoten, grantee of a Mr. Fountain, who claimed to have purchased the premises, (valued at $10,000,) under foreclosure, for $15—arising out of the following proceedings:

There was a small mortgage on the building, which became due, and for which a bill was filed to foreclose; the plaintiff, who was in possession of the premises, paid the mortgage and interest, and recorded her satisfaction piece, and had her name stricken from the bill, and *lis pendens*; as her land was discharged by the payment of the amount due, she gave the matter but little further attention. After, the foreclosing party proceeded to a decree against the bondman for his costs, for which the property of Mrs. Anthony was sold, and bought in by Fountain for $5, and resold to Van Benschoten for $15, neither of whom attempted to get possession by writ of assistance or otherwise.

The defendant, Stern, learning these facts, takes a lease from Van Benschoten for the coming year, which he sets up against his former landlord as a bar to this action to eject for holding over, claiming that under the statute he had a right to attorn to any one who had title to the property, (whether good or bad,) under an "order or judicial decree of a Court of Equity."

The plaintiff contended that she was in possession, under an unrecorded deed, before any papers were served in the suit, which possession was open and bostile to all the world; that by paying the mortgage she had discharged her land from the lien, and having her name stricken from the bill before the decree, she was not bound by any subsequent proceedings to which she was not a party, and that her land could not be sold for the costs of the suit after she had paid the mortgage, which was the foundation of the action. Also, that the deed to Van Benschoten was void, as his grantor was out of possession. Having established the conventional relation of landlord and tenant, she was entitled to a warrant removing the defendant. Stern, from the premises.

After hearing counsel, the warrant removing the tenant was granted.

Henry Day and Roswell D. Hatch, for plaintiff; Solomon L. Hull, for defendant Stern; Hill, Courtney & Monell, for Van Benschoten.

Liability of Retiring Partner.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Before Justice Welles.

Christ vs. *Chopin.*—This was an action brought on three notes given to plaintiff in March, 1861, by Pinneo & Co., in renewal of former notes. The defence was that the party sued was not a partner.

The facts were, that prior to giving the notes, the firm of Pineo & Co. had been dissolved and that defendant Chopin had retired. This dissolution was first by operation of law, by an assignment in November, 1860, and secondly by advertisement in February, 1861, in the *Journal of Commerce*, to which the plaintiff subscribed.

The questions raised were, the sufficiency of the notice of dissolution, and the right of the remaining partners to sign the old name in renewal. Decision reserved.

Filmore & Sweet for plaintiff; Wm. Henry Arnoux for defendant.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Leonard.

Dale and others vs. *Fowler.*—Stay of proceedings granted, $10 costs to the party prevailing on the appeal.

Before Justice Sutherland.

Hermina Gonzalez Y. Mori vs. *Braulio Y. Mori.*—Report confirmed and judgment of divorce granted from bed and board.

Gillespie vs. *Voice.*—Motion to vacate order of arrest granted with $10 costs.

In the matter of the Petition of Bayard and others; Fritz vs. *Boschert and others; Clinch, &c.* vs. *Van Valkenburgh, &c.*—Reports confirmed and orders granted.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....JUNE 5, 1863.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg	104	
22,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Cou	106⅜	
8,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ₱ c. Notes, Fe & Aug.	107⅜	
15,000	U.S. 6s, 1-yr. C	101⅜	
2,000	do	101⅜	
1,000	do	New 98⅜	
20,000	do	99	
3,000	Ill. Coup. Bs. '79	109⅜	
2,000	N. C. State 6s	69⅜	
10,000	Mo. State 6s	69¾	
20,000	do	69⅜	
5,000	do	b30 69¾	
1,000	Cal. State 7s	132¼	
2,000	Mo. 6s, 1s. to H. & St. J. R	90	
2,000	Virginia State 6s	66⅜	
30,000	O. & Miss. R. C.	b10 38	
10,000	do	b30 38	
1,000	Hud. River 1st m.	117⅜	
5,000	Hud. R. 3d M	103	
10,000	do	122½	
2,000	Har. R. 2d M	103⅜	
4,500	Ill. C. R. Bs	120	
5,000	Chic. & N. W. I. B.	96	
5,000	Chi. & N. W. 1st M	89	
5,000	C. & N. W. 2d M	63⅛	
1,000	Mil. & P. D. C. 1st	108	
5,000	Clev. & P. 4th	88	
5	Bank of Commerce	104⅞	
20	Continental Bank	99⅜	
30,000	Amer. Gold	146⅛	
51,400	do	146¾	
100	Canton Co	34½	
150	do	34	
100	do	34⅛	
100	do	s30 33¾	
7	Del. & Hud. C. Co	144	
250	Cumb. Coal Prefd	27¾	
300	do	27⅜	
50	do	27¾	
250	Quicksilver Min. Co	44⅜	
250	Amer. Coal Co	65	
200	Bucks Co. Lead	1⅜	
200	Cen. Am. T. Co.	s10 46	
50	do	46	
100	N. Y. Cen. R	123	
200	do	122¾	
50	Nor. & Wor. R	92	
100	Mil. & Pr. Du C	50	
100	do	49¾	
50	Tol. & Wab. R	81	
150	P., Ft. W. & Ch	75⅜	
50	do	75⅛	
150	do	75⅜	
150	Alt. & T. H. R	48	

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 6s. '81. Cou	108¾	
150,000	do	108¾	
7,000	U. S. 5s, '74 Con	98¾	
10,000	do	99¾	
10,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ₱ ct. Notes Oct. & April, 1867	102⅞	
1,000	U. S. 6s, 1-yr. c. N	99	
12,000	Mo. State 6s	69½	
5,000	do	69	
1,000	Hud. R. 3d M	122⅜	
5,000	Er. 3d M. Bs. '83	113	
5,000	Cl. & Pitts. 3d M.	101	
2,000	Miss. & Mo. L. Gr.	60¾	
5,000	do	60¾	
40,000	Amer. Gold	146⅜	
5,000	do	146⅜	
25,000	do	146	
28	Merchants' Bank	108⅜	
550	Cumb. Coal, Prf	27	
300	do	26⅞	
200	do	s30 26⅝	
50	Cen. Am. Tr. Co	b10 45	
50	do	b15 45	
100	P. M. S. Co	185	
50	do	s30 184⅜	
100	N. Y. Cen. R	122⅜	
100	do	b5 122⅜	
700	Erie Railway	97⅜	
500	do	b30 97⅜	
400	do	97⅜	
500	do	b10 97⅜	
100	do	s10 97⅜	
100	do	97⅛	
22	do	97	
400	do	s30 97⅜	
100	Canton Co	b10 34	
100	Erie R. Pref	105⅛	
500	Harlem R	10⅞	
100	do	10⅝	
1800	do	106	
200	do	s30 105¾	
18	Harlem R. Pref	107	
150	do	107⅜	
150	do	107⅝	
900	M. S. & N. I	79⅜	
400	do	78⅝	
550	do	78⅜	
400	do	78¾	
25	do	79	
100	do	b5 78⅞	
100	do	s30 78⅜	
300	do	s10 78¾	
100	do	b30 79⅛	
100	do	79	
150	M. S. & N. I. G. S	116⅜	
257	C. & N. W. R	53	
200	Reading R	112¾	
500	do	112	
150	Ill. Cen. R. Scr.	111	
100	do	b30 111⅜	
100	do	111¾	
200	Clev. & P. R	c 93	
100	do	94	
100	do	b16 94	
300	do	93⅜	
200	do	b10 93¾	
300	do	93⅜	
1000	do	93¾	
500	do	b10 93⅜	
300	do	93¾	
100	Gal. & Chi. R	105	
100	Clev. & Tol. R	111¾	
200	do	111¾	
200	do	112	
200	Chi. & R. Is	102	
100	do	b10 101¾	
200	do	101⅜	
300	do	101⅛	
200	do	s30 101⅜	

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	Treas. 7 3-10 p. ct. Notes	107⅜	
200	Cum. Coal Prf	27⅜	
50	do	b3 27⅜	
50	Canton Co	34⅛	
50	do	34⅛	
400	Bucks Co. Ld. Co	1¾	
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	b10 122¾	
600	Erie Railway	97⅜	
600	do	s3 97⅜	
300	do	b3 97⅜	
100	do	s10 97⅛	
50	do	b5 97⅜	
800	do	c 97⅜	
100	do	b10 97⅛	
350	do	c 97⅜	
100	do	bnw 97⅛	
100	do	b3 97⅛	
200	do	b3 97⅜	
100	Erie R. Pref	105¾	
100	do	b3 105⅞	
100	do	105⅞	
100	Harlem R	106	
100	do	b3 106⅛	
200	do	106⅜	
300	do	106⅝	
100	Harlem R. Pref	107⅜	
100	do	107⅜	
100	Clev. & Pitts. R	91⅜	
1200	do	91⅜	
600	do	b3 91	
200	do	91¾	
50	P., Ft. W. & C	s10 74	
200	Chic. & R. I. R	100⅛	
100	do	s10 100⅜	
100	do	b10 100⅜	
100	do	s3.100⅝	
100	do	100⅜	

PUBLIC BOARD—4 P. M.

$10,000	Amer. Gold	b3 145¾	
5,000	Miss & Mo. L. G.	61	
100	Cumb. Coal	s3 26⅜	
100	do	b3 26⅜	
100	do	26⅜	
100	Canton Co	33⅜	
75	Bucks Co. L. Co	1¾	
600	Nic. Trans. Co	3	
100	N. Y. Cen. R	122⅜	
800	do	b5 122⅜	
100	Erie R	b3 97	
200	do	97	
300	do	b3 97⅛	
300	do	97⅛	
100	do	s3 97⅜	
100	do	b10 97⅜	
200	do	b3 97¾	
200	Erie R. Pref	105¾	
100	do	b3 0 105⅞	
100	do	105⅞	
100	Canton Co	b10 34	
100	Erie R. Pref	105⅜	
100	Harlem R	10⅞	
100	do	b30 106⅛	
100	do	b10 105⅜	
300	Reading Railroad	111	
1000	do	s30 110	
1000	do	s30. 110⅜	
300	do	110⅜	
200	do	110⅜	
50	Harlem R. Pref	105⅜	
150	Mich. Cen. R	117⅜	
50	do	b10 117⅜	
50	do	s10 117	
800	do	117⅜	
400	do	s60 91	
300	Cleve. & Tol. R	112	
100	do	b30 112	
100	Chi. & R. I. R	101	
100	do	s30 100⅜	
100	do	s5 100⅜	
300	P., F. W. & C. R	74	
200	do	73⅜	
200	Alt. & Ter. H. R	47	
50	do	46⅜	
100	Chic. & N. W. R	35⅜	

FRIDAY, June 5—P. M.

The price of Gold Coin was barely steady to-day, at 140@140¼ ₱ cent., until late in the day, when it declined to 145⅛@145½. The rates of Exchange on England gave way ¼@1 ₱ cent, and closed for Saturday's steamers at 159@159½ for bankers', and 158@158½ for merchant signatures. The Bill Brokers generally report a less active market than for Wednesday's mail. The steamers sailing to-morrow, including the *Great Eastern*, will take out large cargoes of Produce, but not much Gold and Silver. The telegraph from San Francisco announces that $766,000 left that port for England, direct, by the steamer of the 3d inst., and most of this will be drawn against from New York. The shipment by the same steamer for New-York is only $184,000. The *Northern Light*, from Aspinwall to-day, delivers $313,066 in California Gold. At 4 o'clock the latest news from Vicksburgh was considered as favorable to the National arms, and weakened the price of Gold, as noted above, ¼@3 per cent.

There was less ease in loans to the Stock Brokers this forenoon than the signs of a better supply of Money yesterday indicated. The reports of the market, however, were contradictory, and after 2 o'clock, we heard few complaints from actual borrowers. The rates are 6@7 ₱ cent. The conversions of United States Currency to-day into the 5.20-year 6 ₱ cent. Stock amount to $1,492,500, of which $950,800 paid in through the Loan Agency, and $541,700 by subscription direct at the Treasury.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, was as follows: Receipts, $2,007,908 49, including for Customs, $143,000; Payments, $2,406,311 42; Balance, $21,547,359 08.

The buoyancy at the close of business yesterday in the Share market was not fully maintained this forenoon at the First Board of the Stock Exchange, and prices were weaker on the Street after the adjournment. At the Second Board there was some disposition to press sales of several of the Western Roads, and Erie Common shares were also lower before the Brokers left their room. The final quotations at 4 o'clock were not much better than on Wednesday night; the advance of yesterday being wholly or partially lost on nearly all descriptions. The Government 6 ₱ cents continued in demand, and $150,000 were taken at the Second Board at 108¼ ₱ cent. There was not much done in State Stocks, and only a moderate business in the Railway mortgages. The following prices were made on the general market at the close in comparison with Thursday night. Erie improved on the lowest sales.

	Thurs.	Fri.		Thurs.	Fri.
Gold Coin	140¾	145⅜	Harlem Pref	107	107
U. S. 6s, 1881	108⅜	108¾	Mich. Central	116¾	117
N. Y. Central	122⅛	122½	Mich. Southern	79	77¾
Erie	97¼	97	Mich. Guaran'd	117	116¾
Erie Preferred	106	105⅜	Illinois Central	111	110¾
Hudson	134¼	133⅜	Pittsburgh	94	91⅜
Toledo	111⅜	112	Fort Wayne	76	73⅜
Pacific Mail	85	184⅜	Rock Island	102¼	100⅜
Harlem	106	105⅜	Northwest	33	32⅜
Canton	35	34	Galena	106¼	104¾
Cumberland	27¼	26⅜	Reading	111⅜	110⅜

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank shares:

New-York	116	Chatham	95
Manhattan	140	Bank of the Republic	106
Merchants'	108	Bank of N. America	107
Mechanics'	110	Irving	90
Union	114	Grocers'	100
America	126	East River	98
Tradesmen's	101	Market	100
State of New-York	103	Continental	99⅛
Commerce	104⅜	Park	135
Mechanics' B. Associa'n	95	Manuf. and Merchants'	100
Broadway	155	New-York Ex	115
Ocean	97		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen 7s, '64	104⅜	Chi. & N. W. 1st. B	96
N. Y. Cent. con., '76	122	C. & N. W. 1st m., 2d ser.	88
Erie R. thirds, '83	113	Chi. & N. W. 2d m	62
Erie R. fourths, '80	109	Han. & St. Jo. 1sts	76
Erie R. fifths, '88	105⅜	Del., Lack. & W., 1sts	115
Buff., N. Y. & E. 1sts, '77	107	Del., L. & W. 2ds	111
Hud. R. firsts '69	117	Tol. & Wab. firsts	101
Hud. R. thirds '75	122¾	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	93
Harlem firsts, '69, '73	113	M. & P. du C. 1sts	107
Harlem seconds, '64	103	Gal. & Chic. ext	112
Mich. Cen. R., '69, '72	115	Gal. & Chic. seconds	111
M. C. New 1sts, '82	122	Chi. & R. Island 1sts	112
Chi. B. & Q. 1sts	120	Clev. & Tol. S. F	111⅜
Mich. S. seconds	101⅜	N. Jersey Cen. firsts	104
Mich. S. & N. Ind. s. f	103½	N. Jersey Cen. seconds	110
Illinois Central, '75, f	120	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1sts	108
Al. & T. H. 2ds, prefer'd	92¼	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi. 2ds	103
Al. & T. H. 2ds, in	55	Pitts., Ft. & W. C. 3ds	85
L. C. & Mil. L. G. Bs	40	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	88
Chi. & N. W. s. f	106	Miss. & Mo. Ld. G. B	60

We understand the administration of the Park Bank is to be changed early in July; the President, Mr. REUBEN W. HOWES, having tendered his resignation to take effect on the 15th of that month or on the election of his successor.

There is no difference in the issues of the United States Notes of legal tender, in regard to their convertibility into 5.20 year 6 ₱ cent. Stock. This convertibility, as a right to the holder, ceases upon *all* the issues, after 30th inst., by positive act of Congress.

The earnings of the Toledo and Wabash Railway Company for the month of May were:

	1863.	1862.
Passengers	$27,357 55	$16,374 62
Freight	106,914 25	90,471 42
	$134,271 80	$106,845 44
Increase		$27,426 36

The Imports of Foreign Dry Goods, at the port of New-York, week ending June 4, were $489,708, against $249,599 same week last year, and $151,957 the corresponding week of 1861. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Mf. of Wool	560	$95,857	227	$54,472	217	$88,097
Mf. of Cot'n	65	15,171	350	82,439	80	19,784
Mf. of Silk	125	106,782	14	16,037	43	45,551
Mf. of Flax	205	58,739	139	37,132	145	30,268
Miscellan's	65	15,067	25	4,912	896	11,127
Total	900	$291,716 191,992	755	$194,992	1,380	$194,710 294,716
Total entered		$489,708	Total marketed			$489,426

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, June 5, 1863—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 26 bbls. Ashes, 24,660 bbls. Flour, 130,445 bushels Wheat, 78,475 bushels Corn, 14,400 bushels Oats, 11,559 pkgs. Provisions, and 508 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 50 bbls. Pots at $8. Pearls are quiet and nominal.

BEESWAX—Has been dull at old rates.

CANDLES—Sell slowly at previous quotations.

COFFEE—Sales, to-day, 50 bags Maracaibo, at 32c., and 441 bags Rio at 31c. @ 31½c. ₱ lb. Market unchanged.

CHEMICALS—Have been quiet at former rates.

COPPER—Has been inactive yet quoted steady.

COTTON—Is in fair request at buoyant prices. Sales and re-sales 1,750 bales, including Middlings, at 55½c. @ 56c. ₱ lb.

DYEWOODS—Have been lightly dealt in, but have been quoted firm, with very moderate supplies available.

FIRE CRACKERS—No. 1 Canton (40 packs) have been in active request at $1 82½ @ $1 85 ₱ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less sought after, to-day, and prices have been depressed. Sales, 11,500 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $5 10@$5 35; poor to choice extra State at $5 75@$6 25, chiefly at $5 85 @ 6; round hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $6 20@$6 35 ₱ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$5 10	@$5 35
Extra State	5 75	@ 6 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	5 85	@ 7 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds.	6 20	@ 6 35
Extra Ohio, trade brands	6 35	@ 7 75
Extra Genesee	6 25	@ 7 80
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	6 30	@ 9 30

Southern Flour is heavy and drooping. Sales, since our last, 1,800 bbls., at $6 45@$7 10 for poor to good superfine; $7 15@$8 50 for fancy to choice brands, and $8 55@$9 50 for very superior family brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is depressed; sales 670 bbls. Extra, at $5 75@$7 80 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is quiet, at $3 30@$5 20 for fine and superfine, ₱ bbl. Corn Meal continues in fair demand, at $4 25 for Jersey; $4 50 for Atlantic Mills; $4 50 for Fairfax; $4 50 for Marsh's Caloric, and $4 55@$4 60 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Sales, 400 bbls.

FRUIT—The inquiry has been moderate for most descriptions, including Layer Raisins at $4 65@$4 70, and Bunch do. at $4 30@$4 32½ ₱ box.

GRAIN—Wheat has been less active, and prices have been tending downward. Sales have been made of 101,000 bushels, including White Western, at $1 65@$1 75; Amber Western, at $1 56@$1 59; Red Western, (Winter,) at $1 47@$1 55; Amber Iowa and Wisconsin, at $1 45@$1 50, the latter rate for a lot of extra quality: Milwaukee Club, at $1 30@$1 45; Chicago Spring, at $1 18@$1 43; Amber State, at $1 55 ₱ bushel. Corn opened briskly, but closed heavily; sales have been reported to-day of 118,000 bushels, at 78c. @ 80c., closing at 78c. @ 79c., for shipping mixed Western; 70c. @ 77c. for unsound; 78c. @ 80c. for White Western, and 77c. @ 81c. for Yellow Western ₱ bushel. Rye is in fair request at $1 01@$1 03, according to quality, ₱ bushel; sales, 2,000 bushels. Oats are in demand, including Canada at 79c. @ 81c.; Western at 79c. @ 81c.; State at 81c. @ 82c. ₱ bushel. Barley continues inactive and nominal.

HEMP—Manila has been more freely purchased, here and in Boston, at 9½c. @ 10c. ₱ lb.

HAY—North River Bale continues in good request at 85c. @ $1 ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are salable and steady at 15c. @ 23c. ₱ lb.

HIDES—Have been in more demand, including prime Buenos Ayres at 23½c. @ 25c., and Rio Grande at 24c. @ 24½c. ₱ lb.

IRON—Has been quiet, at essentially unaltered quotations.

LEAD—Pig has been sparingly ought after, at $8 50 @ $8 75 ₱ 100 lbs.

MOLASSES—Sales to-day privately and by auction, 713 bbls. New-Orleans at 23c. @ 47½c.; 650 hhds. Porto Rico at 46c. @ 52c., and 72 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 40c. @ 45c. ₱ gallon. Market brisk and buoyant.

NAVAL STORES—Have attracted rather more attention, including Spirits Turpentine at $3 50 ₱ gallon, Tar at $8@$11 ₱ bbl., and Resin at $25@$35 ₱ 280 lbs.

OILS—The principal kinds have been in more demand, including Crude Fish Oils at former prices; Linseed at $1 18@$1 22; No. 1 Lard at 82c. @ 83c.; Crude Petroleum at 26c. @ 26½c., and Refined do. at equal to 52c. @ 53c., free, ₱ gallon.

OIL CAKE—Has been dull and heavy; prices closing irregularly.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in fair demand, and sales have been made of 2,100 bbls., at $11 75@$12 for old Mess; $13@$13 06½ for new Mess; $13 75 for Prime Mess, and $10 50@$11 75 for old and new Prime, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are in moderate request, at 6¼c. @ 7¾c. for Hams; 4½c. @ 5¼c. for Shoulders, ₱ lb. Bacon is in more demand at 6½c. @ 7½c. ₱ lb.; sales 1,500 boxes. Lard is unaltered; sales, 3,400 tcs. and bbls. at 9½c. @ 10¼c. ₱ lb. Beef is salable and steady; sales 600 bbls., at $12@$13 50 for Extra Mess, and $9 50@$11 75 for Plain Mess, ₱ bbl.; Prime Mess Beef, $20@$22 ₱ tierce. Beef Hams, $15@$17 ₱ bbl. Butter continues in limited demand at 16c. @ 21c. for poor to choice Western, and 18c. @ 23c. for common to choice State, ₱ lb. Cheese is quite heavy, at 9c. @ 12c. ₱ lb.

RICE—Sales, 1,300 bags East India, part at $8 25@$8 50 ₱ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been quiet and somewhat unsettled in price.

SEEDS—A very moderate business has been transacted in the principal kinds, including Clover at 9c. @ 9½c. ₱ lb.: American Rough Flax at $2 40@$2 60; Calcutta Linseed at $3 12½@$3 15; and Timothy at $1 80@$2 ₱ bush.

SPICES—Sales, 5,000 mats Cassia on private terms. Small lots of other articles were sold at uniform rates.

SUGARS—All descriptions continue in lively request at buoyant prices; sales, since our last, privately and by auction, 2,350 hhds., including New-Orleans at 10¾c. @ 12¾c.; Porto Rico at 11¾c. @ 12¾c., and Cuba at 10¾c. @ 11c., with 186 boxes Havana, at 10½c. @ 11c. ₱ lb. Messrs. STUART quote their Refined Loaf at 15c.; best Crushed at 14½c.; Ground and Granulated at 14½c.; White A at 14¼c., and Yellow C at 13¾c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—Have been lightly dealt in at previous prices.

TIN—Has been in moderate demand at unaltered figures. Straits, 49c. @ 49½c. ₱ lb.

TOBACCO—Is in very moderate demand and somewhat irregular in price; sales, since our last, 136 hhds. Kentucky at 13c. @ 25c.; and 32 cases Seed Leaf at 28c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 114,000 lbs., at 11c. @ 11¾c., ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Sales, 400 bbls., at 44c. @ 44½c. ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Shipowners claimed higher rates to day, and the market was less active. For Liverpool, the engagements included 500 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 7½d. ₱ bbl.; 95,000 bushels Grain, in bulk and bags, at 7d. @ 7½d., bushel; 4,000 pkgs. Provisions, at 20s. @ 25s., by sailing vessel, and 35s. @ 45s. by steamer, ₱ ton. For London, 5,500 bbls. Flour, at 2s. 3d. @ 2s. 9d. ₱ bbl., and a small cargo of Grain at 7d. ₱ bushel. For Bristol, 7,000 bushels Wheat, in bags, at 8d. ₱ bushel. For Glasgow, 2,800 bbls. Flour, at 2s. 4½d. @ 2s. 6d. ₱ bbl., and 150 pkgs. Provisions, at 37s. 6d. ₱ ton. For Cork and orders, a cargo of Grain, at 7s. 6d. ₱ quarter.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Etna	June 6	New-York	Liverpool.
Hansa	June 6	New-York	Bremen.
America	June 6	New-York	Southampton
Great Eastern	June 6	New-York	Liverpool.
Hibernian	June 6	Quebec	Liverpool.
Sidon	June 10	New-York	Liverpool.
Asia	June 10	Boston	Liverpool.
Saxonia	June 13	New-York	Southampton
Edinburgh	June 13	New-York	Liverpool.
Persia	June 17	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Manchester	June 20	New-York	Liverpool.
Olympus	June 24	New-York	Liverpool.
Africa	June 24	Boston	Liverpool.
Scotia	July 1	New-York	Liverpool.
Canada	July 8	Boston	Liverpool.
Kedar	July 8	New-York	Liverpool.
China	July 15	New-York	Liverpool.
Great Eastern	July 21	New-York	Liverpool.

FROM EUROPE.

| | | | |
|---|---

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—Deborah of Steinmark.

WALLACK'S—Married Life.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Duke's Motto.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Gen. Tom Thumb and Wife, Commodore Nutt and Minnie Warren at all hours. Dramas at 3 and 7¾ o'clock P. M.

GOUPIL'S—(No. 772 Broadway)—The Alps by Sunrise

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN—(No. 625 Broadway)—Exhibition of Paintings.

NO. 687 BROADWAY—The Nativity.

IRVING HALL—Billiard Tournament.

HOPE CHAPEL—Duffogg's Holy Land.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the New-York Times (Daily) hereafter will be Three Cents, except of the Sunday morning edition, which will be Four Cents.

To Mail Subscribers the price will be $8 per annum;—including the Sunday morning edition, it will be $10.

To Our Brooklyn Subscribers.—Richard Harger is the only authorized carrier from this office for Brooklyn. Persons wishing the Times served early will please send in their orders to this office.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

It is now positively ascertained that there is a movement of a large portion of the rebel army under Lee. Columns of troops are in motion from Fredericksburgh, in a southwesterly direction, towards Gordonsville. Balloon reconnoissances yesterday discovered heavy clouds of dust, occasioned by the marching of continuous bodies of troops, on the Gordonsville road. Many of the rebel camps recently in sight have also disappeared, and their line of pickets has been doubled.

We have advices from Gen. Grant's army to Monday last, the 1st inst. They are of the most cheering character, and lead us to expect the speedy surrender of Vicksburgh.

A dispatch from the rear of Vicksburgh, dated the 31st ult., gives a report that Gen. Joe Johnston was moving toward Jackson, but not in sufficient force to attack Gen. Grant. A report was current in Cincinnati yesterday that Johnston, instead of meditating an attack on Gen. Grant's rear, was marching on Memphis. The latter report is probably worthy of very little credit. The bombardment of the rebel stronghold is steadily continued. On the night of the 30th ult. all the guns in position opened and continued until daylight of the 31st without cessation. On the 30th, at daylight, twelve rebels were captured, while endeavoring to make their way into the city, having in their possession two hundred thousand percussion caps. This may be taken as an indication that percussion caps are growing scarce among the rebel garrison.

The news from Gen. Rosecrans' Department is that a body of 1,200 rebel cavalry on Thursday made an attack upon our forces at Franklin, driving them within their intrenchments. Here our men rallied, and succeeded in repulsing the enemy with heavy loss. A simultaneous attack was made upon our force at Triune, which appears to have been more successful. We lost 200 men, 400 horses, and a lot of camp and garrison equipage.

Gen. Stahl telegraphs from Fairfax Court-house to Washington that on Thursday morning a party of guerrillas made an attack on our pickets in front. A detachment of cavalry was at once sent in pursuit, which encountered the rebels near Fryingpan, and dispersed them.

The question of retaliation is likely to be brought up in connection with the capture of several of the First Kansas colored regiment by the guerrillas in a skirmish near Baxter Springs. A sharp correspondence has passed between Livingston, the guerrilla, who made the capture, and Col. Williams, of the colored regiment. The guerrilla offers to exchange the two white prisoners he held for two of his band in Williams' hands, announcing at the same time, his intention of keeping the negro soldiers as "contraband of war." He also intimates that if the reported death of one of his men be true he shall retaliate; to which threat Williams replied, "that he can play his hand"—but unless he (Livingston) exchanged the negroes immediately, as well as the white soldiers, he (W.) would hang the prisoners he held. This is the substance of what passed. Whether the exchange took place we are not advised.

President Lincoln has signified his intention to be present at the great Union League celebration in Philadelphia on the Fourth of July. Large delegations from all parts of the Union are expected to attend.

Our Washington dispatches announce the presence of Fernando Wood in Washington, and state that he was in conference with Mr. Lincoln and the Secretary of War yesterday.

GENERAL NEWS.

The steamship *Northern Light*, from Aspinwall on the 27th ult., arrived at this port yesterday, bringing $318,066 in treasure. The San Francisco steamer, which arrived at Panama previous to the sailing of the *Northern Light*, brought Mexican news, *viâ* Acapulco, to the effect that the French had suffered another defeat at Puebla, and that Gen. Comonfort, with 18,000 men, had added his forces to the garrison. The date of this report is not given. The Constitutional Convention of the United States of Colombia had adjourned, after passing the new Constitution and electing Mosquera Provisional President. The Capital is to remain at Bogota. The State Legislature of Panama had passed a decree prohibiting French troops or ammunition from being passed across the Isthmus to Mexico, owing to the report that a large force of French soldiers were to be sent by that route to Acapulco. The news from Central America, by this arrival, is not important. Carrera, the President of Guatemala, had not followed up his threat to again invade Salvador. Jerez had been totally defeated in his effort to overthrow the Government of President Martinez, in Nicaragua. The new President of Costa Rica, Jesus Jiminez, had been inaugurated. The news from the South American States is of little interest.

The Grand Lodge of Freemasons closed its annual session at a late hour last night. The sum of $100 was donated to the Soldiers' State Depot in Howard-street. The sum of $250 was appropriated to procure a testimonial to P. G. M. Crane. Bros. A. S. Cohen and James H. Connolly were appointed reporters to the Grand Lodge. The following Deputy Grand-Masters were appointed: First District—John H. Anthon. Second District—R. G. Maillard. Third District—James M. Fuller. French and German Lodges—C. F. Bauer. The sum of $1,500 was appropriated to the New-York Board of Relief, when the same should be established.

In the billiard tournament, yesterday afternoon and evening, Kavanagh beat Fox, Foley beat Estephe, Goldthwaite beat Tieman and Dekry beat Sekreiter. This afternoon, Kavanaga plays Goldthwaite, and Tieman plays Sekreiter. In the evening, the first contest is between Foler and Dekry, the week's play closing with those marked experts, Tieman and Fox.

The Philadelphia papers state that Gen. Birney has ordered a Kearny cross to be struck for presentation to Gen. Meagher. It will be of solid silver, with the buckles and clasp of pure gold, with a heavy scarlet ribbon, and will bear the following inscription: "Gen. Meagher, of Irish brigade, as Kearny's friend and comrade, from the old division." The medal will be finished in time for presentation before the General's departure for Europe.

It is stated that Gens. Grant and Pemberton were, some years ago, both Lieutenants in the regular army, and belonged to the same regiment. They were stationed at Detroit.

James Adkins, a rebel pilot, captured from the prize steamer *Aries*, was yesterday taken from Fort Lafayette, and sent by the *Circassian* to the custody of Rear-Admiral Paulding at Key West.

In the Court of Sessions yesterday, before Recorder Hoffman, Joseph Lawrence pleaded guilty to forgery in the fourth degree, and was remanded for sentence. Louisa Nash pleaded guilty to petit larceny, and was sentenced to the Penitentiary six months.

The case of Kirkland, arrested as a spy by the Provost-Marshal, and brought up on *habeas corpus* before Judge McCunn, was to have been argued yesterday, but owing to the unavoidable absence of the prisoner's counsel, it was postponed to 10 o'clock this morning.

The price of Gold closed 145⅝ ℔ cent. yesterday, and Exchange on London 159@159½ ℔ cent. The Share list at the Stock Exchange lost the buoyancy and most of the advance of the day before. Government Stocks sold largely, at 108½ ℔ cent. for the 6 ℔ cents of 1881; and $1,492,500 of the 5.20-year 6 ℔ cents were taken at par by conversion of United States Currency.

Breadstuffs were in less demand, yesterday, at declining prices. A fair business was transacted in Hay, Tallow, East India Rice, and most kinds of Provisions, at uniform quotations. Cotton, Sugars and Molasses were active and buoyant. Manila Hemp was more sought after. Hops, Metals, Oils and Whisky were generally in moderate request. The freight engagements were checked by the increased firmness of shipowners.

Gov. Seymour and Negro Soldiers.

Gov. Seymour is reported by one of his party organs to have declined an application by a Committee of colored men, to aid in the organization of a colored regiment for active service. He did this, it is stated, on the ground that "he had too much sympathy for the blacks to consent, as the position they must occupy would be one of extreme danger, and would lead to dreadful and unnecessary sacrifice of life." If Gov. Seymour is, indeed, so hard pushed that he has at last to fall back upon such a subterfuge, he can't give in too quickly. Our people will stand any quantity of negro "sojering" sooner than that their Governor shall cut so ridiculous a figure.

We will not answer for Albany, but in this latitude the African blood is not deemed any more precious than other blood. Its exposure to danger does not excite a whit more sympathy. Its subjection, even "to extreme danger," awakens no peculiar compassion. That is a liability common to all soldiers. It is, in fact, the soldier's creed the world over, we believe, that the post of danger is the post of honor. Men that have soldierly stuff in them are supposed rather to seek it than to shun it; and they would feel insulted at receiving commiseration when put on dangerous service. If sympathy is not suitable for the white soldier, whatever his risks, we don't know why it should be for the black. Life is quite as dear to the former as to the latter, and, to say the least, as well worth the keeping.

The Governor, we suppose, is laboring with the apprehension that the rebels will make a distinction against the black soldier, and hang him if they can catch him. If so, we can tell him that his old political habits are betraying him. The time has passed when this Government truckled to Southern threats. If black soldiers can be made useful to the National cause, they will be employed, and when employed will be protected. The Government has both the power and the will to do it. It will no more be affected by the pusillanimous counsels of such men as the Governor of New-York than the black soldier himself who seems to fear Jeff. Davis a great deal less than Horatio Seymour does. The Government is prepared to vindicate the laws of war in favor of every soldier wearing uniform, and the black man is prepared to take the risks. That is sufficient. We don't understand how any Northern man, with a drop of Saxon blood in his veins, can in this day cower before the menaces of this bastard Confederacy—infinitely less how he can labor to infuse the same dastardly feeling into a being of an inferior race who seeks to vindicate his claims to manhood. We hear a great deal now-a-days about the comparative rank of races. For the dignity of our own race, we protest against having that question turn upon any such example as that just presented in the Executive Chamber at Albany. It would certainly go against us on any standard of manhood, recognized either in history or in fiction. What a scene for a painter! The white Governor of the State of New-York, in the year 1863, at the very height of the rebellion, *appealing to the fears* of black men, who crave the privilege of joining in the fight. We believe the time will come when, to point a patriotic moral for future generations, some high-souled artist will essay to commit to canvas the ineffable abjectness of the copperheadism of this day. He will be at no loss for illustrations, but we doubt whether he will find what will so completely satisfy his *beau ideal* of this spirit as this historical incident in our State Capitol.

We can imagine decent and even forcible objections to the employment of black soldiers. It was said at one time—and we ourselves felt so—that it was a matter of pride that the rebellion should be put down by the same race that provoked it; and that, too, by their voluntary patriotism. But the time for sentiment of that sort has passed. The question no longer is how we can put down the rebellion so as to best save our pride, but how we can put it down at all. In raising our armies, we had to pass from the purely volunteer plan, which worked so well at first, to bounty expedients, and afterwards to conscript laws—and all at the sacrifice of a great deal of pride. We have at last come to be glad of any sort of fighting material, however procured. It was said also that white soldiers would murmur, or at least become greatly disaffected, if there were enlistments of black ones. Considering the intense prejudice which exists against color, this seemed not unlikely. But no such effect has occurred. It would seem that the sense of the usefulness of such troops, in their line of action, has overbalanced the prejudice. It was said that blacks would eat, but were too cowardly to wish to fight, and too stupid to learn to fight. Experience has pretty well settled that they have both the disposition and the ability to make good soldiers. It was said—though rather inconsistently with the last argument—that when taken into the enemy's country, their revengeful passions could not be restrained, and that they would commit horrors that would disgrace our cause before the civilized world. It has been proved that no part of our army are more orderly, submissive and controllable.

These results—many of them quite unexpected—have reconciled most practical men to the policy of the Government in raising black regiments, under white officers, to be engaged in separate and peculiar service. To all men of right feeling it is a source of gratification that there is a prospect, through these black regiments, that our brave Northern boys will be relieved of some of their most exhausting labors, and be saved, in some measure, at least, from the Midsummer effects of a pestiferous climate.

However, we have no care to quarrel with Gov. Seymour on this score. He can cling, if he pleases, to the old notions, which other people have been forced by experience to unlearn. We will not insist at all upon his turning to account the ten thousand colored men of this State, who are of military age, and might do something toward diminishing the burden of the new draft soon to be made. Let the black man, if the Governor so insists, enjoy the protection of the State, without rendering any personal service in return, when all white men are liable to it. But, in the name of all that is decent, we beg of him not to add insult to injury upon our race, by teaching the black man a poltroonery which the nature God gave him repels. The man would degrade himself who should teach even his dog to be a coward.

The Peace Party.

There can be no question of the gain to the public at large of the peace meeting on Wednesday night. There has been a peace party in the country ever since the war began, but it has never ventured to declare openly its real aims. Either through a consciousness of its weakness, or through faith in the policy of temporization and subterfuge, it has steadily devoted itself rather to the support of things that were likely to hinder or delay the war, than to the advocacy of the immediate cessation of hostilities. It became aware at a very early stage in the conflict that if the Southern property in slaves were scrupulously respected, it would leave in the hands of the rebels the means of protracting their resistance almost indefinitely; and the first efforts of the opposition, therefore, were directed to securing to this species of property a formal exemption from the risks in which every other species of property was necessarily involved. They did all that pen and tongue could do to place negroes, for this once, in a different category from mules and cattle, and to make out their seizure or liberation as something more than usually outrageous and unjust. The natural effect of the operation of this theory, had they been successful in securing its adoption, would, of course, have been to neutralize at one stroke a large portion of the Northern superiority in point of population, on which the National Government relied largely for its final success. It would have converted, in short, the weakest point in the Confederacy into its strongest.

Simultaneously with this attempt to save the Confederacy from the natural consequences of the defects in its own social and political organization, the peace men endeavored to confuse the public mind and paralyze the national energy by keeping afloat the idea that there were two ways of carrying on a war of subjugation; one of them very destructive, bloody, and entailing great loss and suffering on the enemy, and creating great exasperation in his mind; and the other comparatively harmless and conciliatory, causing very little damage and leaving a door open at every step for a restoration of the harmonious relations previously existing. The first of these was declared to be the "radical" method; and the last the "conservative" one. Into the details of the "conservative" system of conducting hostilities, they always steadily refused to enter; but as well as could be made out, it consisted in threatening the South with large armaments, besieging its cities and blockading its ports, but avoiding general engagements and scrupulously returning fugitive slaves. The more evident it became that war might be carried on in this style till the crack of doom, without producing the least impression on the rebellion, and that perseverance in it would as surely and inevitably wear out Northern hope and patience as any number of sanguinary defeats, the more eagerly they clung to it, and abused all who called for more vigorous operations.

All this time, however, there was not a word of peace, except as the accompaniment of Southern submission. For that the public was not yet prepared. The peace policy so far was a policy of obstruction, which would gradually, by dint of disappointment and of hope deferred, work the selfish, short-sighted or timid into a state of mind in which the base counsels uttered on Wednesday night would be acceptable. To what extent the Administration, by mistakes of all kinds, played into their hands, and gave color to their sophistries, we do not here propose to speak. But in judging the errors of Mr. Lincoln and his advisers, it must not be forgotten that in all wars, not to speak of wars so vast and so unexpected as ours, those who have the conduct and direction of them commit a thousand faults, which, if they do not mar the result, are only prevented from doing so by the hearty and united support and indulgence of the nation. The gravity of the mistakes of our Administration has been mainly due to the exceptional nature of their position, in having an energetic party behind them, playing into the hands of the enemy, and laboring to neutralize the effect of any successes that might be achieved in the field. To this, for instance, has mainly been due the President's difficulties in the choice of Generals, and the apparent want of harmony and concert in the policy, both political and military, pursued in different portions of the Union. He has had constantly to select his agents and make his plans not simply with reference to their effect upon the national enemies at the South, but in reference to their effect upon the opponents of the war at the North.

The cause between the peace party and the nation has, however, at last—as lawyers would say—been brought to an issue. It is stripped of all extraneous matter, and the simple, single, naked point of difference is now at last presented for inspection and discussion. The public attention will, therefore, no longer be distracted by controversies about McClellan, or emancipation, or the *habeas corpus*. The question now is, shall we go on fighting in the hope, be it small or great, of restoring the Union, or shall we make peace for the sake of peace, and leave the Union to its fate? Nothing can be simpler than this, and whatever way it is decided, nobody can say that he misunderstood the point in dispute. And if the struggle is now relinquished, it will clearly indicate that the American people have come to the conclusion that war is the worst of evils, and that any amount of humiliation is preferable to three campaigns.

Religious and Political Reunion.

A movement of considerable importance to the religious world is now in progress in this country. The Presbyterian Church, which was rent in twain in the year 1837, and has existed since in two divisions, known as the Old School and New School, is in gradual process of reunion. There is scarcely a doubt of the eventual redintegration of the body, which will then become one of the most powerful moral and intellectual agencies of the day.

The Presbyterian Church of the United States, as it existed previously to the schism of 1837, was the result of a "plan of union," adopted in the year 1801, between the "Presbyterians and Congregationalists" of this country. This union was based on assumed doctrinal identity; and this identity was so far real as to secure great unity of purpose, and great energy and success for the consolidated society. At the time of its disruption, the Presbyterian Church contained 2,140 ministers, 2,865 churches, and 220,557 communicants; and no ecclesiastical body of the times was, for its numbers, more liberal in the support of institutions of learning, missionary and other religious enterprises, or more zealous in the inculcation and practice of the tenets of an orthodox faith.

The breach was, at the time of its occurrence, regarded by the outside world as quite uncalled for, for the points of difference belonged rather to the domain of church polity than of doctrine. However, divergencies in faith, in politics and in almost everything else, followed, growing naturally out of the alienation of the two divisions of the sundered church from each other. It will be remembered that this ecclesiastical schism was brought into the arena of political discussion in 1840 and in 1841, and was supposed to presage the eventual dissolution of the Union. The Slavery question, as a matter of course, had its influence in widening and aggravating the breach. The New School party became in the main an Anti-Slavery body, while the Old School, represented in the South by such men as Dr. Thornwell, of South Carolina, and Dr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, and in the North by such organs as the New-York *Observer*, became highly conservative on the subject of Slavery, and contended for the strictest observance of the rights of slaveholders in the ownership and reclamation of slaves. It would be unjust, however, to the Old School Presbyterians of the North, as a body, to admit that they were ever apologists or defenders of Slavery as an abstract principle, or that they have given any countenance to the arrogant assumptions of the institution that have involved the nation in the present war. Dr. Breckinridge, indeed, has become one of the foremost champions of the Church for the Union and against the rebellion.

After twenty-seven years of separation and frequent acrimonious antagonism, the two branches of the Church are now about to be reunited. The General Assembly of the New School Presbyterians are in session at Philadelphia, and the General Assembly of the Old School at Peoria, Ill. A Commission was appointed by the New School body to visit the Old School Assembly and negotiate for the reunion of the Church. The Old School Assembly received the overture in a most friendly and catholic spirit, and have admitted the New School delegates to seats in their body as "corresponding members;" but true to their conservative and cautious policy, they have prescribed the following steps preliminary to the approaching reunion:

Resolved, That in the judgment of the General Assembly, it is not deemed expedient to take at this time any decided action with reference to a reunion of the New and Old School Presbyterian Churches.

Resolved, That in the fraternal correspondence now happily inaugurated, the General Assembly would recognize an initiative in the securing a better understanding of the relations which subsist between the two Assemblies, and the means of promoting that mutual charity, and that just appreciation of the true ground of Christian union and fellowship which may serve to prepare the way for a union that shall be harmonious and permanently promotive of the interests of truth and vital godliness.

The end can be very easily anticipated. There is not and really never was a substantial cause for the split in the Church. But yet it looks as if what was deplored at the time as a grievous misfortune to the cause of Christianity had been overruled to the accomplishment of a greater good. Each branch of the Church since the separation has enjoyed unexampled prosperity. In 1860, the Old School Presbyterians numbered 2,693 ministers, 3,592 churches and 292,857 communicants, which, it will be perceived, is a much greater strength than the entire Church had before the schism. In the same year, the New School Presbyterians counted 1,527 ministers, 1,483 churches and 134,933 communicants. The two bodies, if combined, will number 4,220 ministers, 5,075 churches and 427,790 communicants. This is, as we have said, a moral power inferior to no other like agency in the country, and the reunion of such a society, at such a time, is a happy omen of that unity which we hope to attain for our country at the close of the present civil war.

The Anaconda Plan.—The necessity of pushing active operations into the rebel territory, and attacking him energetically, is revealed more and more, as we continue to do so; and the errors of the anaconda plan, as a permanent mode of operation, are made more patent daily. We had news, yesterday, that a naval expedition had ascended the Red River as far as Shreveport, 330 miles from its mouth, and had there found on the stocks and destroyed two immense iron-clad rebel vessels, of sufficient power to have demolished our Mississippi fleet. A few days ago Admiral Porter forwarded a dispatch announcing that he had sent an expedition up the Yazoo; and that at Yazoo City three powerful steamers had been destroyed, and also a monster ram, 310 feet long, 70 feet beam, to be covered with 4-inch iron-plate. At both Shreveport and Yazoo City were found extensive navy-yards, which were demolished. These are but a fraction of the rebel iron-clads that have been destroyed on the Western rivers during the year, or since Farragut and Porter began active operations in searching for them. All the Western streams have been pretty thoroughly scoured now, however, and we imagine that these late exploits must about have finished up all the rebel iron-clads in that section, unless they happen to have some up the Arkansas River, which as yet has not been penetrated for any distance.

If we had remained in quiet till the rebels had completed all these powerful vessels—if our war steamers had not gone in search of theirs, they would soon have had a fleet afloat that would have driven our wooden craft from all the Western waters, and might even have attacked Pittsburgh and St. Paul.

Trans-Mississippi.—The three rebel States west of the Mississippi River—Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas—had, by last census, a population of one million and three-quarters—over eleven hundred thousand of which were whites, and the remainder negroes. In the seven Southern States on this side of the river, which, while the rebels hold Vicksburgh, may be said to be yet commanded by Jeff. Davis, there were a fraction over three millions and a half of white men—that is, including the entire population of Virginia, (and we may set off West Virginia, held by us, against East Tennessee, held by the rebels.) It will thus be seen that there is actually close upon *one-quarter of the entire population of the Confederacy* in the three rebel States west of the Mississippi, which region is completely cut off from the Confederacy, a great part of it reduced by our army, and all of it only waiting for actual occupation by a small force.

Nearly all of the fighting element of these three States, was brought to this side of the Mississippi before we obtained control of the river, and is now in the armies of Bragg, Johnston and Lee. Only a few regiments were left to defend the principal points, and these cannot possibly be reinforced. But we do not suppose, notwithstanding the bragging of the Governor of Texas, that these three States have contributed, altogether, over a hundred thousand men to the rebel armies, which would be a prodigious ratio of their population. So that there must still remain in them a white population of over a million.

The vast importance of the gains we have made in the Southwest, does not seem to be generally appreciated in the East.

Reinforcements for Grant.—We are glad to furnish some proof this morning that the Government is reinforcing Gen. Grant. We give from the Western newspapers the names of a number of steamboats that have passed down the Mississippi River laden with troops, and that is a kind of evidence that will gain credence, even though the bare assertions of the telegraph may not. We suggested, yesterday, that there were large bodies of spare troops in Western Tennessee and Kentucky, and it seems to be mainly from these regions that they are being taken. That section is in the Department of Gen. Grant, and the troops are probably being brought down by his orders; but we trust that the Government will not confine Gen. Grant's reinforcements to those he can obtain from his own Department.

We have no fears whatever of the result at Vicksburgh, if the Government will comply with Grant's reasonable demands. Pemberton, it seems, says he will die rather than surrender. It makes little difference to us which course he adopts.

The "Legal Tender" Decision.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The General Term of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, in the First District, has decided that United States notes are not a legal tender for the payment of debts contracted previous to the act of Congress, bearing date Feb. 25, 1862. All the Judges concurred, each delivering a long opinion in support of the conclusion which has just been announced.

The reasons adduced by the Judges may be summed up as follows:

1. The United States being in the possession of certain delegated powers, and not being in possession of any powers except such as have been delegated to them, they may "coin money," because the Constitution says they may, but they cannot issue paper, because the Constitution nowhere permits it.

2. The Constitution having prohibited the States from making "anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts," it follows that the Court of a State cannot make United States paper or any other paper such a tender, or compel a creditor to receive it in satisfaction of a debt.

3. The act of Congress above alluded to impairs the obligation of contracts, and is therefore unconstitutional.

As to the first reason, so long as it remains an open question whether the act of stamping pieces of paper with various emblems and words intended to give them value, is or is not "coining money," so long lawyers and courts will differ among themselves, and so long some of the courts will differ from the Treasury Department of the United States. But the Treasury Department have the printing presses and the paper, and their argument is the argument of the strong. Nine out of ten us do not believe that stamping paper notes is coining money, but in view of the situation of affairs, we conclude not to stand upon the precise meaning of words.

As to the second reason: The States cannot "make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts," that is, the Legislature of a State cannot pass, nor the Courts construe any act to that effect. Does it follow from this that Congress cannot pass such an act? Is not the *exclusion* of this power from the States virtually its *expression* somewhere else? And where else, if anywhere else, than in Congress? In the articles of *confederation* of the United States, it is provided that "the United States shall never . . . emit bills . . . unless nine States assent to the same." The power of emitting bills was then in the collective States, exercisable by a majority of them. After the Confederation came the Union with the present Constitution. Now what has become of the power of the collective States to emit bills? The States have, *as individual* States, lost this power, and it has either lapsed entirely, or it has come into the hands of Congress. But there can hardly be such a thing as the lapse, or loss, or annihilation of a political power. It may be merged or transferred, but I do not see how it can lapse or be destroyed, unless by the destruction of the thing in which the power at first resided.

Issue must be taken squarely on this question. The States having once had the power to emit bills of credit, and that power having been taken away from them, is it lost, or is it vested in Congress?

If it is lost, then it is time to discuss whether under its power to "coin money," Congress can stamp paper into money. If it is vested in Congress, the question of coinage becomes irrelevant.

The third reason given by the Judges is one of almost no force at all. Congress may "provide for the general welfare of the United States," and may "regulate the value" of money, and the private contracts of citizens must necessarily give way to the general good. When great events are in progress, individuals here and there are sure to be ruined; but the misfortunes of individuals are of secondary consideration to public welfare.

I will consider for a moment the practical result of this General Term decision in the First District, in regard to bonds and mortgages matured prior to Feb. 25, 1862. If the holder of a bond and mortgage demands the principal, and the debtor tender United States notes, the holder may refuse to accept them, nor will the Court compel him to do otherwise. What then? He retains the mortgage, but he is as far from the possession of the property mortgaged as ever. Now, suppose he forecloses, and the property is offered for sale in the manner prescribed by law; at such a sale greenbacks will buy the property, being current funds wherewith to purchase goods or lands, what steps will the mortgagee take to get the gold to which he is entitled by the bond? If the property sells for enough, in greenbacks, to satisfy the face of the claim, will not the bond be determined? The mortgagee, by sleeping on his right to collect the bond at the time when gold was current funds, virtually suffers the claim to be lifted over to a time when paper is current funds for all purposes of sales and purchases; and if he forces the property to sale, he must take the kind of funds for which the property sells.

Or he may do this: He may hold the bond and mortgage and call it gold, on which he may draw interest in paper, while his neighbors invest in the bonds of the United States, in paper, and draw interest in gold. His neighbors will practically have the best of him, but he will have the satisfaction of adhering both to principle and principal, and of being sustained by the Supreme Court in the possession of both.

C. B., Nassau-street.

The Great Fourth of July Celebration at Philadelphia.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN TO BE PRESENT.

Philadelphia, Friday, June 5.

President Lincoln has accepted the invitation of the Union League of this city to participate in the grand national celebration on the Fourth of July.

Large delegations from all parts of the Union are expected to attend.

A general illumination is to close the programme of the day's entertainment, which is to be of the most extensive character, including a procession of the Loyal League and the military, to be reviewed by the President.

Splendid arches will be erected at the intersections of the public streets, under which the whole procession will pass.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Extract of the Night Blooming Cereus.
A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.
Ladies are requested to call and Examine its Qualities.
A sample bottle open for inspection.
PHALON & SON,
Principal Depot No. 517 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel. For sale everywhere.

It Operates Like Magic.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for Children Teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain. Sure to regulate the bowels. Perfectly safe in all cases, as millions of mothers can testify.
Twenty five cents a bottle.
Offices No. 48 Dey-st., New-York, and No. 205 High Holborn, London, England.

Foote's Patent
UMBRELLA LOCK STAND.
Is at once ingenious and useful. Its introduction into counting-rooms, hotels, offices and halls, and other places of public and private resort, must become general.—*New-York Times.*
Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-machines,
With valuable improvements.
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New York

Round Hill Water Cure, Northampton, Mass., has proved eminently successful in the cure of severe complaints, especially those affecting the limbs and lungs, also of women's diseases. The Turkish and other foreign baths are administered, and every means of reinvigoration is brought to bear on invalids.—*Springfield Republican.*

In Selecting a Sewing-Machine, be sure to combine the ornamental with the useful. A machine which will both sew and embroider is a perpetual delight. The GROVER & BAKER Machine, No. 495 Broadway, is perfect in both these respects. This is the only machine which both sews and embroiders.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 169 Broadway.

Batchelor's Hair Dye,
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Straw Hats.—A large and varied stock of STRAW HATS, for both old and young, together with FRENCH SOFT HATS and TRAVELING CAPS. MILITARY HATS and CAPS in every variety, at WHITE'S, No. 216 Broadway, under the Museum.

Artificial Limbs, by F. D. Wadsworth, M. D., New-York, Astor-place, Clinton Hall, up stairs. U. S. soldiers and marines furnished without charge, by order of Surgeon-Gen. Hammond, U. S. A., and Surgeon Whelan, U. S. N.

Housekeepers, If you Want the Best Soap in market, ask your grocer for Pyle's O. K. Soap. After a fair trial you will use no other. Pyle's Saleratus, Cream Tartar, and Soda are also pure and just weights.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet cured, without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 608 Broadway.

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c.—Manufactured only by C. G. WELLING, No. 207 Centre-st., below Grand and Howard sts. Price 50 cents per box.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y., also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Lyon's
MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER.

The original and certain Vermin Exterminator. The extraordinary effects of this article for killing Roaches, Ants, Bugs, Fleas, &c., and for preserving Furs, Cloths, Furniture, &c., from Moths, has been tested for 20 years, and warranted reliable. It is free from Poison.

Beware of imitations and counterfeits. Each flask has the signature of E. Lyon.

LYON'S RAT PILLS, certain death to rats and Mice. Sold by all druggists and furniture dealers.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., Agents,
No. 202 Broadway, New-York.

We would call the attention of our readers to a new article, to-day, called STURGIS' ELECTRIC COMPOUND. This preparation is no patent medicine, but a bona fide good article for the cure of Neuralgia and Rheumatism. D. S. BARNES & CO., Agents,
No. 202 Broadway.

For Moths,

CEDAR CAMPHOR is superlatively superior to ordinary camphor, and is an economy of SIXTY PER CENT. over anything used for the same purpose. Druggists have it.
HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston.

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid Restores and Dresses hair elegantly. BOGLE'S Electric Hair-dye, any shade, natural and life-like. Surpasses everything. Try. Be convinced. W. BOGLE, Boston. Sold everywhere.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 313.—June 5, 1863.
58, 72, 43, 69, 26, 74, 36, 38, 28, 3, 2, 6.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 314.—June 5, 1863.
50, 20, 47, 3, 17, 53, 66, 61, 10.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

CONSUMPTION.

DR. SCHENCK
Says Consumption Can be Cured.
DR. SCHENCK SAYS
Consumption Can be Cured.
DR. SCHENCK SAYS
Consumption Can be Cured.
DR. SCHENCK SAYS
Consumption Can be Cured.
DR. SCHENCK SAYS
Consumption Can be Cured.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK can be found at his principal office, No. 39 North 6th-st., Philadelphia, every Saturday, and at No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, every Tuesday. All persons who stand in need of his advice, (for which no charge is made,) are invited to call on him.

For a thorough examination of the lungs with the Respirometer, he charges $3. It is very important that the doctor should know the precise state of the lungs, and it is a great satisfaction to the patient to have correct information on this subject. It is well, therefore, for every one who can afford the expense, to have a thorough examination. There is so much variety in cases of consumption, that a different treatment may be required according to circumstances. The three great medicines of Dr. SCHENCK are adapted to all cases, but sometimes one or two of them will be sufficient. Occasionally a box of Mandrake Pills alone (costing 25 cents) will relieve the sufferer, if the disease is merely a bad cold or an obstruction of the liver. The Pulmonic syrup is always required when there is any considerable disorder of the respiratory organs, indicated by cough, pains in the breast or side, difficulty of breathing, &c. This Syrup purifies the blood, from which it separates the bile and expels all diseased matter, leaving the blood in a healthy condition, and this is a very considerable part of the cure. The Seaweed Tonic, in connection with the Pulmonic Syrup, is a most important remedy in almost every case of consumption. It removes that debilitated state of the system which always accompanies pulmonary disease, and which very often causes it. SCHENCK'S seaweed Tonic strengthens the appetite and improves the digestion, and the patient instead of being confined to a low, scanty diet, according to the absurd custom which generally prevails, is enabled to digest the most nourishing food, that to gain strength, and this is all that is necessary to complete the cure. No matter how fat or rich the food may be, the Seaweed Tonic will make it digestible, and by this means the whole body is nourished and invigorated.

Where persons feel weak and debilitated, a wine glass of the Seaweed Tonic will give new and strengthen the patient at once. It is a pleasant stimulant or bitters, perfectly harmless. Freely taken, it is a certain remedy against chills and fevers. The Mandrake Pills are intended to remove obstructions and to carry off the diseased matter. And thus it appears that all three of Dr. SCHENCK'S Medicines are used in a majority of consumptive cases, and if used according to directions they are INFALLIBLE: provided the disease is not advanced too far to make a cure impossible: as it certainly is if the lungs are nearly destroyed.

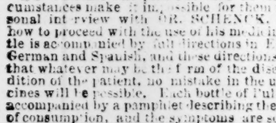
☞ Patients will please to take notice that when circumstances make it impossible for them to have a personal interview with DR. SCHENCK, they will know how to proceed with the use of his medicines, as each bottle is accompanied by full directions in English, French, German and Spanish, and these directions are so explicit that whatever may be the form of the disease, or the condition of the patient, no mistake in the use of the medicines will be possible. Each bottle of Pulmonic Syrup is accompanied by a pamphlet describing the different forms of consumption, and the symptoms are so accurately described that every one may know which of the medicines is adapted to his or her particular case.

Several things are to be especially observed. The patient must use the medicines according to directions; he must avoid taking cold, he must eat nourishing food, taking care to chew it well, and he need not be apprehensive of "too strong or rich a diet," for the Seaweed Tonic will empower the stomach to digest anything which may properly be called food. If the simple rules are observed, Dr. SCHENCK promises a certain cure, provided there is enough of the lungs remaining to carry on the operations of nature. All who are skeptical on this subject are invited to call at Dr. SCHENCK'S rooms, in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia or Baltimore, and they will see, not only the vast amount of written and printed evidence, which proves the efficacy of DR. SCHENCK'S medicines, but they will also meet with a roomful of persons who are now being cured, and who are ready to testify that they have been rescued, in some cases, from the immediate prospect of death, by the use of Dr. Schenck's remedies. Skeptics may hear from the lips of these patients, a declaration of the benefit they have invariably received from Dr. Schenck's treatment, nearly all of them being in excellent spirits, and in confident expectation of a cure. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice, giving advice, and examining the lungs of consumptive patients, for more than twenty years. The cures performed by him have been very numerous, and, in some instances, most wonderful. See his pamphlet, which may be had gratis on application at his rooms.

DR. SCHENCK'S Principal Office is at No. 39 North 6th-st., Philadelphia, Penn., where letters for advice should always be directed.

WHOLESALE AGENTS,
New-York City, Demas S. Barnes, No. 202 Broadway.
Boston, Mass., George C. Goodman & Co., No. 14 Marshall-street.
Portland, Me., W. F. Phillips, No. 149 Middle-street.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dr. George H. Keyser, No. 149 Wood-st.
Martin Koch, Unity, Columbiana County, Ohio.
St. Louis, Mo., Henry Blakely, corner Second and Vine streets.
Baltimore, Md., Seth H. Hance, No. 103 Baltimore-st.
Washington, D. C., Samuel B. Waite, corner Seventh-street and Louisiana-av.
Chicago, Ill., Lord & Smith, No. 23 Lake-st.
San Francisco, Hostetter, Smith & Dean, No. 227 Montgomery-street, General Agents for California.
And sold by Druggist generally.
PRICES:
Pulmonic Syrup, $1 per bottle, $5 half dozen.
Seaweed Tonic, $1 per bottle, $5 half dozen.
Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.

THE GEBHARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 1 PINE-ST.
CASH CAPITAL.....$200,000
WILLIAM D. WADDINGTON, President.
JOHN R. SMITH, Secretary.



DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
Has been used by more than a million of people, and all praise it.
RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Norwich, Conn.
MORGAN & ALLEN, Agents, 46 Cliff-st., New-York.

INDIA-RUBBER GLOVES,
For Gardening, Housework, &c.
CROTON HOSE OF ALL SIZES,
INDIA-RUBBER JEWELRY,
And all kinds of Rubber Goods, wholesale and retail.
GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'F'G. CO.,
No. 205 Broadway, N. Y.

THAT DUSTY, DIRTY APPEARANCE which hair and whiskers usually present when colored with the usual hair dyes, may be entirely obviated, by using MATHEWS' VENETIAN HAIR DYE, which produces a perfectly natural color of any desired shade—one that will not crock, fade or wash out—one that is as permanent as the hair itself. Sold by all druggists. Price, 50 cents. A. J. MATHEWS,
General Agent, No. 16 Cedar-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, *via* Southampton and Bremen, per steamer HANSA, and for Ireland, *via* Queenstown, per steamer ETNA, will close at this Office on SATURDAY, the 6th day of June, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town stations as follows, viz.:
Stations A and B, 9 A. M.
Stations C and D, 9 30 A. M.
Station E, 9 A. M.
Stations F and G, 9 A. M.
ABRAM WAKEMAN, Postmaster.

TWO PHOTOGRAPHERS.—ALBUMENIZED Paper for Cartes de Visite. The best is made by E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of Photo Materials, 501 Broadway, N. Y.
Formula for silvering, &c., furnished to purchasers.

FOR SALE.—A COMPLETE FILE OF THE NEW-York TIMES and *Herald* for 1861 and 1862, each nicely bound. Address WILLIAM, Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

DEAFNESS

NOISES IN THE HEAD,

Diseases of the Eye, Ear & Throat,

CATARRH CURED
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG.

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with his new Mode of Treatment."

NEW TESTIMONY.

"NEW-YORK, May 6.

I was entirely deaf in my left ear, accompanied by a discharge. I placed myself under Dr. VON EISENBERG'S care, who, by his great skill, restored me to perfect hearing, in the short space of a few minutes, without giving me the slightest pain, and the discharge has ceased entirely. The Eustachian Tube, which was obliterated, is quite open, and I feel that the air-passage performs its functions. I am amply satisfied, and recommend every one suffering from impaired hearing to place themselves under the treatment of this eminent and successful physician.

THOMAS GRANAN, No. 539 6th-av."

"NEW-YORK, May 7, 1863.

I have great pleasure to testify to the skill of Dr. VON EISENBERG. I went into his office almost completely deaf, and came out with my perfect hearing. It is nearly twelve months since, and the hearing is perfect. The operation, which lasted two or three minutes in each of my ears, gave me no pain whatsoever. I, with confidence, recommend all sufferers to place themselves under Dr. VON EISENBERG'S unsurpassing skill.

SAMUEL C. HUNT,
No. 6 Meserole-av., Greenpoint, L. I."

No. 136 MADISON-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain. JOHN TAYLOR,

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.

No. 23 FORSYTH-ST., ROOM No. 10, NEW-YORK.

J. E. VON EISENBERG, M. D.—*Dear Doctor*: I have been afflicted with total deafness, and was induced to pay you a visit. No one can imagine my delight when, after one operation, my hearing was suddenly, and without pain, restored to me, for which I feel very grateful. After being totally deaf—almost shut out from the pleasure of using so necessary a sense—to have it returned, and to hear so distinctly, reflects great credit on you for the immense amount of skill you possess. I beg to thank you for what I can so truly appreciate. I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.
READ

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of a cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg with a certainty of being cured."
FREDERICK WEBER, No. 369 4th-st.

OFFICE
816
BROADWAY.

FOWLE'S PILE AND HUMOR CURE,
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

One bottle warranted a *permanent cure* in every kind of Piles; two bottles in Leprosy, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the skin. In cases of failure all are requested to return the empty bottles and take back their money. Average 3 bottles in 1,000 returned, and those were fistula. No cases of failure in Piles or Humors. Sold everywhere. All dealers must *warrant* it.
HEGEMAN & CO., Broadway, N. Y.

DR. STERLING'S
AMBROSIA
is a stimulating oily extract of roots, barks and herbs. It will cure all diseases of the scalp and decline of the head; entirely eradicates dandruff, prevents the hair from falling out, or from turning prematurely gray, causing it to grow thick and long. It is entirely different from all other preparations, and can be relied on.

PRICE $1 PER BOX, containing two bottles.
DR. H. H. STERLING,
Sole Proprietor.
No 493 BROADWAY, New-York.
For sale by all Druggists.

THE GREAT VALUE OF
IRON AS A MEDICINE
Is well known and acknowledged by all MEDICAL MEN. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point has BEEN ATTAINED in the PERUVIAN SYRUP, which supplies the blood with its LIFE ELEMENT—IRON infusing STRENGTH, VIGOR and NEW LIFE into all parts of the system.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY ARRIVING
FROM EUROPE,
MAKING OUR ASSORTMENT VERY COMPLETE
OF
FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS, GLASS WARE, BRONZES, VASES, CLOCKS, PARIAN STATUARY, &c.
Also,
A LARGE AND CHOICE STOCK OF
SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
CHANDELIERS and GAS FIXTURES,
MIRRORS and CORNICES.

Many of our orders for above goods were placed in hands of manufacturers in Europe, *when exchange was at a small premium*, and can be sold at a *very moderate* advance over old prices.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 BROADWAY, cor. Broome-st.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

DON'T PAY ONE DOLLAR
for a small bottle of Hair Dye, when you can get a bottle five times as large, of a better dye, for the same money.
WILBOR'S MONITOR HAIR DYE
IS SUPERSEDING ALL OTHERS.
It requires no preparation, does not smut or wash off, will not soil the finest linen. One application will last until the hair grows out, when it can be applied at the roots, without more trouble than a common hair oil.
IT IS WARRANTED NOT TO INJURE THE HAIR OR SKIN.
Manufactured only by
A. B. WILBOR, Chemist,
No. 166 Court-st., Boston,
For sale in New-York by D. S. Barnes; F. C. Wells; and J. Milhau, No. 183 Broadway.

WM. O. GILBERT WILL OPEN THIS DAY, at the new Wine and Ale Rooms, No. 66 Liberty-st., first building below the old stand where he will be pleased to receive his friends and customers from 10 to 12 this morning, Saturday, June 6, 1863.

ELECTRICAL.

DISCOVERIES AND WONDERFUL RESULTS.

In the presentation of a new discovery, the first thing demanded by the public is evidence to show that the author's claims are of utility, and based upon science, without which they can never stand the test of investigation.

In the Fall of 1862 Dr. CHAMBERLIN located at No. 50 Bond-st., New-York, and announced to the public that he had made an important discovery in electrical science, and perfected a system for the treatment and cure of a class of diseases that had heretofore baffled all medical skill and remedial agencies. He also published letters, certificates and resolutions, from the highest and most unimpeachable sources, from gentlemen residing in Philadelphia, Albany, Rochester, &c., certifying, in the most emphatic terms, that his claims were based upon science and cures the most astonishing on record. While in New-York his rooms have been crowded with patients, suffering from nearly every form of disease, in many instances from ten to fifteen years, and in nearly every case where the treatment was continued, a perfect cure has been effected; and, even in the most hopeless cases, permanent relief has been obtained.

Dr. CHAMBERLIN employs no drugs, but relies wholly upon Electricity, which he employs in all its various modifications. Medical men and others who have occasionally used Electricity, (although ignorant of the laws governing its operations,) have been led to believe, from the success of their own random experiments, that in it resided a curative agent, if properly directed, capable of removing nearly all the ills to which flesh is heir, but that the great secret of knowing *when*, *where*, and *how* to apply it, had not been discovered. Dr. CHAMBERLIN claims to have discovered this secret, which is alone the cause of his unparalleled success. The following testimonials are here adduced to show that the cases cured are seldom, if ever, benefited by medicines.

The diseased are invited to call at No. 50 Bond-st.

Consultation free. Circulars forwarded to order.

No. 158 ORCHARD-ST.,
NEW YORK, May 15, 1863.

DR. CHAMBERLIN—DEAR SIR:

Feeling most grateful for a speedy and effectual recovery from one of the greatest ills that ever befel mortal man, I take this method of returning my sincere acknowledgments of your wonderful discovery for the cure of disease.

For five years I was a martyr to rheumatism; first in the hip, which caused me to limp as I walked, and was very painful. I sought the advice of eminent physicians, who for two years failed to remove the complaint, and I continued to get worse till completely prostrated; the intense pain all over my body finally settled in the foot and ankle, and was considered incurable; my limp was then changed to a hobble, and while urging myself along, I have shrieked aloud in perfect agony. I had tried so many remedies, internally and externally, without relief, that I despaired of ever again enjoying life and its blessings. In fact, I had become a picture of misery to myself and everybody around me. At this time I was recommended to consult you at *No. 50 Bond-st.*, with no hope of success, but as a drowning man will catch at a straw, I mechanically followed your directions, and was *cured* so suddenly that I could scarcely believe it myself; but when, after a month, I found all my energies restored, found I could walk, work, enjoy life as other men, it was then time to banish all skepticism, and hail with joy this new and wonderful discovery that has made a man of me again; and I say to the limping and gouty, go and do likewise.

I cheerfully invite all who doubt the efficacy of electricity to call on me, and my fellow-artists will testify to the facts of the foregoing statement. Certificates, with regard to the truth of the above, will be furnished to all who desire.

In hopes this will be the means of inducing the afflicted generally to go and get well, I beg leave to subscribe myself, your most obedient servant,

CHARLES F. HUBBS.

OFFICE OF AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY,
CUSTOM-HOUSE, WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, June 4, 1863.

Is there a cure for chronic disease? This question is daily asked by thousands, and the response has always been in the negative.

I now give a brief statement of my own experience and what I have witnessed in the case of others.

I have been the chief of sufferers, and in many instances, to all appearance, even unto death.

Seven years ago I had a run of fever, and was subjected to calomel treatment. I finally recovered, so as to drag around mechanically, with vital energies paralized and health forces arrested. Since then I have been a mere wreck of humanity, and a subject for medical men to experiment upon. On several occasions I have fallen as if dead, and remained insensible for hours; the doctor was called, calomel administered, and, when it failed to relieve, an emetic was given to save life. For years I had been bloated, even to deformity, about the stomach, liver and abdomen; I was in constant misery, had no appetite, and the little I did eat only aggravated; liver, stomach and bowels refused to work, except under the stimulus of exciting drugs, to which I had to resort every few days to remove the bilious accumulation. Such, in fact, was my condition, that I had banished all hope of cure or even relief. Last November, I read the announcement of DR. CHAMBERLIN, claiming a new discovery for the cure of chronic diseases, by a galvanic process. The doctor's theory seemed so plausible that I availed myself of his treatment. The effect was magical; my whole system was soon in healthful action, and what surprised me most was, after a few days, the entire disappearance of the enlargement about the diaphragm. I will here add that my health has been uniformly good for several months.

Since my recovery, I have recommended the treatment to several of my friends, who have also been restored to health by Dr. CHAMBERLIN. If space would permit, I could describe several cases of cure that came under my observation while at the Doctor's office, that seem nothing short of miracle.

Residence, Lafarge House. G. W. COPEMAN.

NEW-YORK, May 12, 1863.

I cheerfully certify, for the good of suffering humanity, what I have seen and personally experienced in the treatment and cure of diseases of about every kind by Electricity administered by Dr. CHAMBERLIN, No. 50 Bond-st., New-York.

It was in the Fall of 1862 when I commenced treatment with Dr. CHAMBERLIN, a mere wreck, suffering from a troublesome catarrhal affection of twenty years' standing; the mucous membrane from the nose down the bronchial ramifications was highly inflamed, causing almost incessant coughing and spitting. I was also suffering from all the horrors of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, torpidity of the liver, and there was great bodily prostration. I had suffered from rheumatism for years, and latterly almost unto death. I did not suppose it in the power of any agent to cure me, for I had tried all the remedies that the most experienced physicians had prescribed, and was growing worse. I had also resorted to many quack medicines, urged upon me by friends.

While in this condition of body and mind, I tried the electric treatment of Dr. CHAMBERLIN, and in this I was not disappointed, as my ailments gradually disappeared, and my general health is now better than for many years, if not better than I ever enjoyed. Again, I have seen many persons casually while in the Doctor's operating room, and have observed the effect of the treatment upon them. There was not a case came under my observation that was not cured or greatly benefitted, and even the most hopeless cases were so relieved that no evidence but my own senses could have caused me to have believed the change, in fact, in some instances, it was like a miracle. I cannot commend in too high terms the treatment of Dr. CHAMBERLIN. No. 176 Nassau-st.

J. W. CULVER.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "RUTLEDGE."

A POWERFUL NEW NOVEL.

FRANK WARRINGTON.

A powerful new novel by the author of "Rutledge," and "Sutherlands."

One large 12mo., elegantly bound in extra cloth. Price, $1 50.

ALSO, ON THE SAME DAY,

New, elegant and uniform editions, at same price, of

II.—RUTLEDGE.

III.—THE SUTHERLANDS.

For many years there has appeared no work of fiction possessing such remarkable power and originality as "Rutledge." It flashed with brilliancy upon the reading community, whose curiosity became intense regarding its authorship—a mystery which to-day remains unsolved. "Rutledge" was followed by "The Sutherlands," developing fresh literary genius, and the present work—"Frank Warrington"—will contribute additional testimony to the talent and fame of "the author of Rutledge."

These books are sold by all booksellers, and will be sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price, by
CARLETON, Publisher, New-York,
No. 413 Broadway,
corner Lispenard-st.

THE NEW BOOK BY AUTHOR OF
"AMONG THE PINES."

A tremendous sale to start with.
12,000 COPIES ALREADY SOLD
OF
MY SOUTHERN FRIENDS.

By EDMUND KIRKE, author of "Among the Pines."

One handsome 12mo., elegantly bound in cloth. Price $1; and paper covers 75 cents.

The success that has attended the publication of "Among the Pines" has been of the most extraordinary character. With Hugo's "Les Miserables," it stands as one of the great successes of the publishing season. Extravagantly praised by every one—both as the most truthful picture of Southern life ever written, as well as a work of great dramatic and powerful interest, it ranks confessedly as one of the marvels of American authorship, and it is not surprising that its sale has nearly reached the enormous number of 40,000 copies within so short a period of publication.

THE NEW BOOK,
MY SOUTHERN FRIENDS,
By the same Author,

while it possesses all the strength and truthfulness of its predecessor, has woven through it a narrative of intense dramatic interest—a charm that will insure for it a popularity exceeding even that of "Among the Pines."

Mr. CARLETON publishes, at the same time, a new, larger and handsomer edition of "Pines," uniform with "My Southern Friends," and at the same price.

☞ *.* These books are sold by all booksellers, and are sent by mail, free, on receipt of price, by CARLETON, Publisher, New-York, No. 413 Broadway, corner of Lispenard-st.

MRS. HOLMES' NEW BOOK.

ANOTHER EDITION READY THIS MORNING.

A SPLENDID NEW STORY,
ENTITLED
MARIAN GRAY.

A charming new book by Mrs. MARY J. HOLMES, author of "Lena Rivers," "Meadow Brook," &c., one elegantly bound 12mo. Price $1 25.

. Mrs. Holmes is a peculiarly pleasant and fascinating writer. Her books are always entertaining, from their fresh and lively portrayal of character and manners, their really appropriate and natural dialogue, and their adaptation to circumstances. She has a rare faculty of enlisting the sympathies and affections of her readers, and of hurling their attention to her pages with deepened absorbing interest. Her new book, "Marian Grey," is selling enormously.

Also now ready, new and handsome editions, at same prices of

I. LENA RIVERS. III. MEADOW BROOK.
II. DORA DEANE. IV. COUSIN MAUDE.
V. HOMESTEAD ON THE HILLSIDE.

These are some of the very best of American tales, and having been out of print for some time, their appearance in their new dress will be welcomed by every one.

☞ Sold by all booksellers, and sent by mail free, on receipt of price, by CARLETON, Publisher, New-York, No. 413 Broadway, corner of Lispenard-st.

JEEMS PIPES' BOOK.

ONE OF THE RICHEST BOOKS EVER OUT.

DRIFTING ABOUT.

Sketches, Stories, Pictures, and Gossip about everything and everybody in creation.

DRIFTING ABOUT; OR, WHAT "JEEMS PIPES OF PIPESVILLE" SAW AND DID. A humorous autobiography, by STEPHEN MASSETT. Illustrated with comic wood cuts, by Mullen. *.* One of the most original, comic, exciting, witty, miraculous, anecdotical, amusing, entertaining, remarkable books ever published. It is producing a great sensation everywhere, so look out for fun and amusement, as "Jeems Pipes" is now ready with his book. Price, cloth bound, 12mo, $1 25.

☞ Sold by all booksellers, and sent by mail free, on receipt of price, by CARLETON, Publisher, No. 413 Broadway, New-York, corner of Lispenard-st.

CHARLES T. EVANS
WILL PUBLISH IN A FEW DAYS,
THE
FREEDMEN OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
BY CHARLES NORDHOFF,
being No. I of the
PAPERS OF THE DAY,
a series of exhaustive articles relative to the rebellion. Each pamphlet will be complete in itself, but will be published uniform for binding in volumes; uniform with the *Rebellion Record*.
No. II.
THE LETTERS OF HISTORICUS.

AMERICANS IN ROME,
By HENRY P. LELAND.
1 vol., 12mo., cloth, $1 25.
Will be published SATURDAY, June 13.

448 BROADWAY. } PUBLICATION OFFICE OF THE REBELLION RECORD.
CHARLES T. EVANS.

NEW MILITARY BOOKS.

ROBERTS' HAND-BOOK OF ARTILLERY, a new and greatly enlarged edition. 12mo.....$1 00
GIBBON'S ARTILLERIST'S MANUAL, a new and revised edition, fully illustrated. Octavo..... 5 00
HEAVY ARTILLERY TACTICS, with service of a gun mounted on an iron carriage. 12mo..... 2 00
UNITED STATES TACTICS FOR COLORED TROOPS, prepared under direction of the War Department. 12mo..... 1 50
A TREATISE ON CAVALRY; its History, Management and Uses in War. By Prof. ROBERTS. With numerous illustrations. 1 vol., octavo..... 5 00
ELEMENTS OF MILITARY ART AND HISTORY. By EDWARD DE LA BARRE DUPARCQ. Translated from the French, by Brig.-Gen. CULLUM. 1 vol., 8vo..... 4 00
Copies of above books sent free, by mail, on receipt of price. Published by D. VAN NOSTRAND,
No. 192 Broadway, New-York.

THE BATTLE RECORD
OF THE
AMERICAN REBELLION.
By HORACE E. DRESSER, A. M.

An alphabetical record of every event, military, naval, legislative and civil, connected with the Rebellion, with the date of each. It is an invaluable work for every one who wishes to preserve a correct, complete and convenient record of the war. Every soldier wants a copy. 80 octavo pages. Price 25 cents per single copy, $17 per 100, or $150 per 1,000. Postage 3 cents.
SINCLAIR TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.
HENRY DEXTER, No. 113 Nassau-st., New-York.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
what funny customs of marriage there are in the world, read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Contents tables free, at the principal newspaper depots throughout the country, at E. Warner's, No. 1 Vesey-st., or of the author, DR. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

WATERS' CHORAL HARP.—A NEW SUNday School Book, of 160 pages of beautiful Hymns and Tunes, it contains many gems, such as "Shall We Know Each Other There," "Suffer Little Children to Come unto Me," "The Beautiful Shore," "Oh, 'Tis Glorious;" "Leave Me with My Mother," "He Leadeth Me Beside Still Waters," &c. Price, paper covers, 20 cents, $15 per 100, bound, 25 cents; $22 per 100; cloth, bound, embossed gilt, 38 cents; $28 per 100. Mailed at the retail price. It is edited by HORACE WATERS, Author of "Sunday-School Bells," Nos. 1 and 2, which have had the enormous sale of over eight hundred thousand copies. Just published by HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

EXQUISITE BOOKS.—BOCCACCIO'S DECAMERON, with 18 beautiful engravings, $1 20. THE KISSES OF SECUNDUS AND BONNEFONS, with fine steel plates, 60 cents. ROUSSEAU'S CONFESSIONS, fully translated, two handsome volumes, $1 50. Sent by mail, carefully sealed from impertinent curiosity, on receipt of price, and 10 per cent. for postage. C. BLANCHARD, Publisher, No. 36 Ann-st.

NEW MUSIC.—JUST PUBLISHED BY LEE & WALKER, Philadelphia: "I remember the hour when sadly we parted," answer to "When this cruel war is over," a beautiful piece for the times. Price 35 cents. For sale at all the music stores.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE NEW NOVEL BY MISS THACKERAY,
JUST PUBLISHED,
THE STORY OF ELIZABETH,
By Miss THACKERAY,
(Daughter of the Novelist,)
"It indicates real genius."—*London Spectator.*
"A fascinating story."—*Boston Post.*
16mo, paper. Price 30 cents.
JAMES G. GREGORY, Publisher,
No. 46 Walker-st., New-York.

A NEW NOVEL, BY MISS SEWELL.
D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway,
PUBLISH THIS DAY,
A GLIMPSE OF THE WORLD.
BY MISS SEWELL,
Author of "Amy Herbert."
One vol., 12mo., cloth, $1 25.

From the London Atheneum.

The World, of which a glimpse is given in this commendable tale, is the world of domestic cares, trials, and affections. The interest of the narrative depends less upon plot and incident than on delineation of character.

From the Press.

Of this authoress' style and language it would be superfluous to speak. The simplicity of a refined nature, the ease of a skilled writer, and the correctness of an industrious one, are conspicuous in every page.

JUST PUBLISHED,
TWO PICTURES;
OR,
WHAT WE THINK OF OURSELVES
AND
WHAT THE WORLD THINKS OF US.
1 vol., 12mo, cloth $1 50.

From the Commercial Advertiser.

The author of "Two Lives" and of "Charms and Counter Charms" will never lack readers, and in the volume before us she has transcended herself. There are thickly scattered through "Two Pictures" some of the truest touches of human nature and some of the most pointed applications of principles that we have ever met with. Moreover it is a truly American novel in scene and tone, and nobly philanthropic in sentiment. We commend it to our readers with the most perfect confidence that none can peruse it without being charmed and profited.

D. A. & CO., also publish:
EVIDENCE AS TO MAN'S PLACE IN NATURE. By THOMAS H. HUXLEY. One vol., 12mo. Cloth, $1 25.
THE ANNUAL CYCLOPÆDIA AND REGISTER OF IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE YEAR 1862. One vol., 8vo. Cloth, $3 50; Sheep, $4; half Morocco, $4 50; half Russia, $5.
THE SYMBOLIC CHARACTER OF THE OLD TESTAMENT. By Rev. ADIEL SILVER. One vol., 12mo, $1 25.
MADGE; OR, NIGHT AND MORNING. By H. G B.. One vol., 12mo. Cloth, $1 25.

TWO NEW BOOKS.

MESSRS. TICKNOR & FIELDS
PUBLISH THIS DAY:

OUT-DOOR PAPERS.
By THOMAS WENTWORTH HIGGINSON.
1 vol., 16mo.....Price $1 25

CONTENTS.

Saints and Their Bodies.	The Health of Our Girls.
Physical Courage.	April Days.
A Letter to a Dyspeptic.	My Out-door Study.
The Murder of the Innocents.	Water-lilies.
Barbarism and Civilization.	The Life of Birds.
Gymnastics.	The Procession of the Flowers.
A New Counterblast.	Snow.

II.
LILIAN.
A ROMANCE.
One volume, 16mo. Price $1.

"LILIAN.—We have been fortunate enough to see the early sheets of a novel, which we may announce, we believe as a Boston novel,—to be published by Ticknor & Fields. No author's name appears upon the title page, but it is whispered that Lilian is the work of a Bostonian. It is evidently the work of a lady,—of one who has traveled much and traveled well,—of ready appreciation of the beauties of art and nature,—an artist indeed in the mysteries of music.

The story is singularly exciting in passages and in its *denouement*,—and so varied in its scenes that the actors are led into a variety of surroundings which severely test the author's ability in one of the most difficult lines of her art. The Italian scenes, and the seaboard life seem to us especially successful.

Lilian will be published early in June, and we predict for it decided success."—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

☞ *Either of the above works sent by mail to any address, on receipt of the price.*

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
No. 135 Washington-st., Boston, Mass.

THE COMPANY CLERK—SHOWING HOW and when to make out all the returns reports, rolls and muster papers, and what to do with them. How to keep all the books, records, and accounts required in the administration of a company, troop or battery, in the Army of the United States. By Capt. ALEXANDER, late U. S. Cavalry. 1 vol., 12mo. Price $1. Just published and for sale by D. VAN NOSTRAND,
No. 192 Broadway, N. Y.

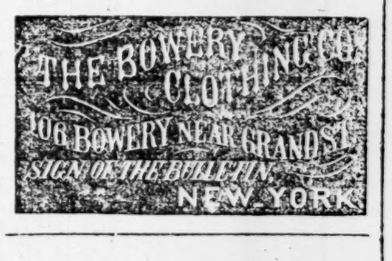
DON'T SELL YOUR BOOKS FOR OLD PAPER.—Libraries, Pamphlets, Magazines, &c., bought for cash. Also, 2,000 books on Science, History, Biography, &c., on hand for sale at less than quarter price. LOCKWOOD BROTHERS,
No. 159 Nassau-st., near Beekman.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the Scalpel, and Operating and Consulting Surgeon, No. 42 5th-av. Office consultations on the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, piles, varicocele, &c. Retula, radically cured without the knife or ligature. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 evenings. Consultation fee $5.

WE HAVE RECENTLY ADDED A
CUSTOM DEPARTMENT
to our business, and stocked it with a large assortment of
PIECE GOODS.
We are prepared to furnish, at short notice,
GARMENTS TO MEASURE,
of the best materials, latest styles, and
WARRANTED PERFECT FITS!
All our goods, READY MADE or TO ORDER, we are offering at lower prices than the lowest of any other establishment.
CALL AND SEE US, AND TEST THIS ASSERTION.

☞ The daily papers are posted at 7 o'clock A. M., upon our BULLETIN, for the benefit of all who choose to read them, and we issue, on large posters, at 3 P. M., the latest telegraph news from all points of the compass.

Our store is open for business from 7 A. M., until 8 P. M., (Saturday's excepted, when we close at 11½ P. M., The Bulletin will remain out until half-past 9 o'clock every evening.



Windsor	A GENUINE NOVELTY,	Cravat.
Windsor	THE	Cravat.
Windsor	"WINDSOR"	Cravat.
Windsor	CRAVAT,	Cravat.
Windsor	A PRODUCTION OF	Cravat.
Windsor	TASTE AND ART	Cravat.
Windsor	WORTHY OF	Cravat.
Windsor	GEORGE THE FOURTH	Cravat.
Windsor	OR	Cravat.
Windsor	BEAU BRUMMELL.	Cravat.
Windsor	THE MOST EXQUISITE	Cravat.

DRY GOODS.

AT
UNION ADAMS',
NO. 637 BROADWAY.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
FINE DRESS SHIRTS,
UNRIVALED
IN MANUFACTURE,
FITTING AND MATERIAL,
AT UNION ADAMS',
NO. 637 BROADWAY.

AN IMMENSE SACRIFICE
OF A
FASHIONABLE STOCK
OF
SILK MANTILLAS,
SCARFS,
LACE POINTS, SHAWLS, &c.
WOODS & SCHUYLER,
NO. 409 BROADWAY,
NEAR CANAL-ST.,

Now offer their large and attractive stock of the above SEASONABLE GOODS at a great sacrifice. Their retail departments in that locality will be discontinued after the 1st of July, consequently their present fashionable stock must be sold.

The attention of those wanting the most desirable Summer Garments at great bargains is respectfully called to this very attractive closing-out sale.

NOTICE, NOTICIA, NOTIZ, AVIS.

Strangers, ladies and gentlemen are respectfully invited to call at FOUNTAIN'S India store, (new location,) No. 483 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts., procure a card or a catalogue, (with the prices marked will be sent per mail, if desired,) and inspect the only complete stock of India goods in this country, containing Pine Apples, Silks, Madras and Bandana Handkerchiefs, Seersuckers, Pongees, Crapes, Nankeens, China Tea Sets, a fine assortment of American-Indian goods, curiosities, French fans in great variety, wholesale and retail.

Ladies will find themselves fully remunerated by taking the trouble of visiting the above establishment before making their Spring purchases in this line of goods.

GLOVES, GLOVES, GLOVES—REDUCED IN PRICE.—Black and white at 75c.; plain colors reduced to 90c., worked backs reduced to $1 10; 500 undressed kid, black and colored embroidered backs, 90c.; children's kid gloves, all sizes, 50c. Also, a large assortment of ladies' and misses' silk and thread gloves, lace mits, &c. Ladies' calf and buckskin riding gloves, all sizes. N. B.—All the hosiery and undergarments reduced in price, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

MILLINERY.

CHILDREN'S HATS.—AT J. BINNS' MILLINERY, No. 561 Broadway, largest millinery in the world. Bonnets and Hats of every description. Traveling Hats and Bonnets for ladies and children. Spanish shape Hats, new styles. Presser wanted.

CLOTHING.

NOS. 290 AND 292 BOWERY.
The cheapest cash Clothing Warehouse in the City.
GEO. A. HUNTER & CO.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ROOMS TO LET.—A GENTLEMAN, HAVING an invalid wife, can have the parlor floor, furnished or unfurnished, until September, or on a lease, of a large elegant house up town, occupied by a family of adults; a private table and strictly first-class appointments offered to a party willing to pay liberally. Address EASTON, with name, Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES A SMALL BUT good bedroom in a thoroughly respectable and strictly private family. Locality must not be lower than Washington Parade. Terms must be quite moderate. No answer will receive notice unless it gives actual name, price, &c. Address ROOM, Box No. 163 *Times* Office.

A NO. 13 BOND-ST., SEVEN DOORS from Broadway, furnished rooms to let to gentlemen only. House occupied by young man and wife, no children. Handsomely furnished rooms and suites will be rented to those desiring fine apartments, and are willing to pay for the same.

FURNISHED ROOM.—ONE OR TWO SINGLE gentlemen may obtain a neatly furnished and desirable front room in a first-class neighborhood, with a small family, and neither boarders nor young children. Apply at No. 303 Bridge-st., Brooklyn.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS FOR gentlemen, at No. 34 Cranberry-st., fronting Willow-st., one block from Columbia-st., three minutes' walk from Fulton or Wall-st. Ferry.

ACCOMODATIONS FOR TRANSIENT families and single gentlemen, at No. 42 Clinton-place, corner University-place; $1 50 per day.
CHARLES LEFLER, Proprietor.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET TO A gentleman, on the 2d floor, with partial board if required. Reference given and required. No. 8 East 22d-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—IN THE VICinity of Orange or of Elizabeth City, within an hour of New-York, for a gentleman, wife, three small children and servant. Must have two large airy rooms that connect. The house must be well shaded, in a pleasant location, and where there are no other boarders. The fare must be first-rate and plenty. For such accommodations and fare a liberal price will be paid. Address Box No. 4,131 Post-office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD.—WANTED, WITHIN ONE hour's ride of the City, banks of the Hudson River preferred, for a gentleman, wife, and infant children, with nurses; also accommodation for coachman and horses; the location must be pleasant, and table well supplied; for first-class accommodation a liberal price will be paid. Address, BOARD, Box No. 3,784 Post-office, with full particulars.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FROM FOUR TO SIX adults can be accommodated with board for the season, at Fairfield, Conn., in a strictly private family, where there are no children. The location is perfectly healthy, very pleasant and shady, and within five minutes' walk of the depot. Sea bathing convenient. Unexceptionable City references given. Address, or call on J. C., No. 14 John-st., up stairs.

COUNTRY BOARD—WANTED WITHIN 60 miles of New-York for two gentlemen and their wives and nurse, in a plain, quiet family where there are but few, if any boarders, and where the parties can have shady mountain air. Such a location in Dutchess or Westchester County would be preferred. Address, stating terms and full particulars, Box No. 2,965 New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A LIMITED NUMBER of first-class families will be taken for ten weeks, at one of the most spacious and well-furnished houses on the Erie Railroad: pure air; nice drives, and delightful scenery. For particulars and terms, apply to BAKER & GODWIN, over the *Tribune* Office, and G. S. WOODMAN, No. 596 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A GENtleman, wife and sister; two large rooms in a private family preferred, within one hour's ride of the City, on the Harlem Railroad. Hotel proprietors need not answer. Address J. E. F., No. 707 Broadway, New-York City.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A FAMily of from five to seven, at about an hour's distance from the City. The place must be well shaded, with agreeable views. Address, stating terms, Box No. 1,456 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD MAY BE HAD ON THE Hudson River, with a splendid view of the boats and railroad, and where the table is well supplied with fresh fruits and vegetables, fresh meats and poultry. Call on or address L. A. ORDWAY, Milton, Ulster County, N.Y.

COUNTRY BOARD AT BRIDGEPORT, Conn., 20 minutes' walk from the New-York and New-Haven Railroad depot. Location retired and healthy. Inquire of H. TOWLER, No. 40 Walker-st., New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIvate family, for gentleman, wife, infant and nurse, within an hour's ride of New-York; on Hudson River preferred. Address, with full particulars, G. F., Box No 134 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY, FOR a family. A location on the Hudson River, of easy access to the City, preferred; or would hire a furnished cottage. Address Box No. 2,044 Post-office.

WANTED—COUNTRY BOARD FOR A GENTLEman, wife, nurse and child, within one hour and a half of the City by rail or boat. Address Box No. 387 New-York Post-office, giving address and terms.

SUMMER RESORTS.

LAIRD'S "MANSION HOUSE,"
LONG BRANCH, NEW-JERSEY.

Will be open for the season on MONDAY, June 1, 1863. This House has a pleasant and central location, with an ocean front of 600 feet, and less than 200 feet from the sea shore. It can accommodate 600 guests.

Access twice daily, viz.: steamer and railroad. Steamer *J. D. Bruce*, foot of Murray-st.; leaves 9½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. Distance 2 hours. Address S. LAIRD.

SEA BATHING.—BATH HOTEL, LONG BRANCH, N. J.—This hotel, commanding a beautiful view of the Atlantic Ocean, will be open for the reception of visitors on the 10th of June. This hotel has been entirely refitted. Address E. S. & G. C. GREEN, Proprietors.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.—BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, 50 cents per 1,000; Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 60 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. C. B. LAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE CITY LOTS FOR SALE—At and near Central Park, Broadway, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72d and 73d sts.

The Executors of the late Jacob Harsen, offer for sale a large number of City lots desirably located.

Capitalists will find this a favorable opportunity for investment in REAL ESTATE that must rapidly improve in value.

They are offering two or three ENTIRE BLOCKS, beautifully located. Any PUBLIC INSTITUTION requiring an ENTIRE BLOCK can rarely meet with so favorable an opportunity to purchase.

They offer a VALUABLE WATER FRONT AND WATER GRANT on North River, with as many lots as may be required with the same.

The TITLE is one of the OLDEST and BEST on the Island. Apply at the office of the Executors, No. 30 Pine-st., second story.

3,500 ACRES
VALUABLE TIMBER LAND FOR SALE.

Situated in one of the wealthiest counties in the State of New-York. A large stream running through the land, affording power sufficient to cut
6,000,000 YEARLY.

Soil rich and fertile, and all available for farming purposes; surrounded by improved farms; two large iron furnaces adjoining, and several tanneries in the neighborhood, making a demand for charcoal and bark, which alone will more than pay the price of the whole, leaving the land and
75,000,000
Ash, Cherry, hard Maple, Spruce, Hemlock and Pine, from logs that run fourteen inches and over in diameter, sound and free from shake, and of excellent quality, as
CLEAR PROFIT.

The land is wanted by adjoining farmers as fast as cleared, and at good prices. This tract is unquestionably the most valuable in the State. The logs can be easily got to the mill, and a part is in demand on the ground at $25 the 1,000, and all of easy access to market. Terms easy. JOHN W. RUSSELL, No. 4 Pine-st., N. Y.

JOHNS & BRO.
HENRY V. D. JOHNS, JNO. KENSEY JOHNS,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
No. 9 Nassau-st., New-York.

We respectfully solicit orders for the sale and for the purchase of City and country property, and would refer to the following gentlemen of this City:
R. H. Lowry, Esq., Pres't of the Bank of the Republic.
Wm. R. Travers, Esq., Banker.
Jacob D. Vermilye, Esq.
P. M. Bryson, Esq.
Messrs. Moses Taylor & Co.

TO CAPITALISTS.—2,200 ACRES MICHIGAN lands for sale, including 120 acres (over 1,000 lots) in the City of Grand Rapids. They were selected with great care, and located by the present owner in 1835; the best lands in the State, lying in the Counties of Ionia, Kent, Allegan, Van Buren, Kalamazoo, St. Joseph, Cass and Berrien, near railroads and flourishing towns, and embracing 12 of the best lots in the City of Niles. Also, 18 valuable lots in the City of Milwaukee. This property is offered, if taken altogether, at a very great reduction in price, and much below its assessed valuation; or it will be sold in parcels. The lots in Grand rapids, which is at the head of navigation, possessing an immense water power, just beginning to be improved, and is the centre of a rich agricultural and mineral region, are worth several times the price asked for the whole. For full particulars inquire of BRADLEY & WARNER, No. 2 Union-square.

THE INSURANCE JOURNAL AND REAL ESTATE GAZETTE, of yesterday, contains articles on real estate, the sales of property by auction and private sale in New York City, Brooklyn, Jersey City, and other localities, with full descriptions and prices, together with other valuable information of general usefulness. Office, No. 39 Nassau-st.
Subscription price, $1 per annum.

FOR SALE—NEAR UNION-SQUARE, THE very desirable property on the northwest corner of Irving-place and 16th-st., 83x100, with improvements. Well located for a first-class small hotel, being in the immediate vicinity of the Academy of Music, theatres, railroad and omnibus lines. For terms, &c., apply to
RIDLEY WATTS, Executor,
No. 704 Broadway.

FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS, OR EXchange—A large house, with six or more lots of ground, carriage-house, fruit and shade trees in abundance, about 1¼ miles from ferry, in Brooklyn, near three lines of cars. Also, other lots, and very desirable building sites in the City of Elizabeth, N. J.
E. B. WATROUS, No. 51 Ferry-st.

WILLIAMSBURGH LOTS.—FOR SALE OR lease, on easy terms, 500 lots, located between the East River and 6th-st., North 7th-st. and Bushwick Creek; also, 20 houses. Apply to S. J. HUNT, No. 112 4th-av., New-York, or to CHAS. FOWLER, Agent, corner 3d and North 9th sts., Williamsburgh.

FOR SALE—A CONVENIENT COTTAGE HOUSE, with four lots of ground, situated on 81st-st., a short distance from Broadway; well shaded with trees and plants, having a fine view of the North River. Inquire at No. 110 Fulton-st., corner of Dutch-st.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE SALE of 180 desirable lots at North New York, on the 10th and 11th of June, at the Merchants' Exchange, No. 103 Liberty-st. For maps and particulars call on A. H. MULLER, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—NO. 21 EAST 16TH-ST., 150 FEET west of Union-square, 25 feet front, 3-story extension-house belonging to J. J. Kingsford; particularly adapted to a large family. Apply between 8 and 9 A. M., or 5 and 6 P. M., to HENRY PARISH, No. 1 West 10th-st.

TO LET.

A FAMILY ABOUT LEAVING THE CITY for three months, would like a respectable party, consisting of man and wife, (without children preferred,) to occupy their dwelling, in their absence, without rent. Address, with reference, which must be undoubted,
CHARLES, Box No. 105 *Times* Office.

TO LET—A FINE ENGLISH BASEMENT FRONT room, either for an office or lodging room, with or without board, at No. 263 4th-av., corner 21st-st. Terms moderate.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT UNDER THE TIMES Office, fronting Park-row, 32x16 feet. Inquire in office of the *Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park-row.

STEAM POWER TO LET.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—A NUMBER OF brick buildings, with steam power, to let, together or separate. Inquire on the premises, corner of 5 d-st. and 1st-av. CHRISTIAN SCHWARTZ.

STEAM POWER AND LOFTS TO LET—No. 38 John-st., light and convenient, suitable for trade, or manufacturing purposes. Apply as above, or address Box No. 5,009 Post-office.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of East 24th-st. Apply before noon. Engines 1,000 horse power. SAML. LEGGETT, Supt.

LOST AND FOUND.

$3,000.
THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD

STOLEN—FROM THE IRON SAFE OF THE Brooklyn White Lead Company, No. 54 Fulton-st., New-York, the following named bonds and securities:

Twenty bonds of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company, seven per cent. mortgage bonds, (secured by land,) each $1,000, numbers 1,042 to 1061, inclusive, with their coupon bonds. All dated April 1, 1856.

ALSO.

The following bonds of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company, viz.:

Sixteen (16) sinking fund bonds, (some registered,) numbered as follows:

Numbers 803, 810, 828, 1,160, 1,168, 1,170, 1,171, 1,691, each	$1,000
Number 691	500
Numbers 367, 456, 488, 495, each	200
Numbers 450, 457, each	100

Also, eight (8) funded interest coupon bonds:

Numbers 1,360, 1,507, each	1,000
Numbers 759, 797, each	500
Numbers 465, 466, each	200
Numbers 12, 78, each	100

Also twenty six (26) first mortgage bonds:

Numbers 3,272, 4,269, 4,270, 4,271, 4,272, 4,273, 4274, 4,275, 4,276, 4,277, 4,278, 4,281, 4,282, 4,283, 4,284, 4,285, 4,286, 4,287, 4,758, 4,749, 5,316, 5,842, each.	1,000
Number 2,295	500
Numbers 1,778, 1,779, 1,854, each	100
Also, three (3) second mortgage bonds:	
Numbers 1,355, 1,820, 1,821, each	1,000

Also, one (1) United States six per cent. bond, payable in 1867, numbered 9,302 1,000

Also, bond No. 196, $1,000, first mortgage, New-Albany and Salem Railroad Company, with 10 per cent. interest coupons.

The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the bonds.

The public are cautioned against purchasing or negotiating the same. FISHER HOWE, Treasurer.
New-York, April 21, 1863.

LOST.

The following certificates of Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railway Company Stock:

No. 2,986—50 Shares, name James W. Raynor.
No. 2,987—50 shares, name James W. Raynor.
No. 2,991—100 Shares, name H. Durkee.

The public are cautioned not to negotiate them. The finder will return them to
E. WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORISON, 29 William-st.

$50 REWARD.—LOST IN THIRD-AVENUE cars or going through Grand-st. down Broadway, a 3 plate patent magic gold hunting lever watch, No. 13,946, J. Haddell & Co., makers, London. The above reward will be paid on recovery of the watch by LOUIS S. FELLOWS & SCHELL, No. 21 Maiden-lane.

LOST—ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 4, on a 4th-av. stage, or in going from thence through 20th-st. to 7th-av., a GREEN VELVET PORTEMONNAIE, containing about $18. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at No. 42 Pine-st., Room 9.

FOUND—A FEW DAYS SINCE, IN 29TH-ST., A POCKET BOOK, containing a small sum of money. The owner can obtain it by applying at No. 169 South-st.

FURNITURE.

SCHOOL FURNITURE IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Lecture-room and Sunday school settees, &c.
Manufactured by ROBERT PATON,
No. 24 Grove-st., near Bleecker.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED FURNITURE—ALL STYLES and prices. Also, chamber suits in walnut and chestnut, the best assortment in the City, wholesale and retail, at No. 277 Canal-st. WARREN WARD.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—ON THE BANKS OF THE UPPER Hudson, a large and elegant mansion and grounds, (about 14 acres) located in the village of Sandy Hill, (18 miles from Saratoga Springs. Residence of the late Gen. Orville Clark.

The mansion has a front on the main street of 75 feet, including two wings, and the same front on the Hudson. The grounds are beautifully terraced to the river bank, and have an area of several acres, filled with fine fruits and shades. The dwelling is spacious, and well supplied with water from a large tank in the attic. Outbuildings numerous and convenient. Also, several cottages upon the estate, with outbuildings, &c., &c. The location is very healthy, and the property most desirable as a private residence. For full particulars, price, &c., &c., apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE IN THE CITY OF ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Eight acres of choice land, cottage house with 12 rooms, heated by furnace; bath-room, pantry and closets, barn, carriage-house, ice-house and shed, a good well of water and three good cisterns; three thousand bearing fruit-trees—apples, pears, cherries, peaches, plums, apricots, 150 bearing grapes; lying on Genesee-st., 1½ miles from the centre or Post-office; sidewalks to the door. Price $12,000. A good house and lot in a desirable part of the City or Brooklyn would be taken in part payment. The proprietor can be seen at Leggett's Hotel, No. 42 Chatham-st., for six days. LEWIS BURTIS.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET—At Bloomfield, N. J., (12 miles from New-York.) A good two-story house, containing 10 rooms; also, barn and outbuildings; large garden already planted, &c., with about 15 acres of land adjoining, if desired; would be a desirable country residence for a New-York business man as the house is only two minutes' walk from the railroad station, and trains run at convenient hours. Address D. F. G., Box No. 3,667, New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE COTTAGE house, containing nine rooms and in perfect order; gas and water, good garden with choice fruit trees, grapevines, etc., situated on Lafayette-avenue, East Bedford-avenue, first-class neighborhood, only two blocks from DeKalb-avenue cars, and 35 minutes to Fulton Ferry. To a gentleman wanting a good home, this is an excellent opportunity. Price $3,600; $1,200 can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply, by letter, Box No. 5,051 Post-office.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET UNTIL OCTOBER—A fine country seat, situated at Clinton-place, New-Jersey, two miles from Newark, containing 40 or 60 acres, as purchaser may desire, with fine large house, ample outbuildings, plenty of shade and fruit. It is only an hour's distance from New-York, and the situation is elevated, retired and healthy, and combines everything requisite to the making up of a first-class country seat. Apply at Nos. 31 and 33 Dey-st. PROSPER P. SHAW.

TO LET AT TREMONT—TEN MILES FROM the City Hall, New-York, a desirable residence, suitable for a boarding-house, containing 11 rooms, within five minutes' walk of the Harlem Railroad or Stage depots. Lot 100 feet square. The location is beautiful and healthy. Good water near the house. Rent $150 per year. Inquire of Justice LENT, near Tremont depot, or of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE—AT NORTH ORANGE, DIRECTLY on the mountain, adjoining Dr. Marcy's, and commanding a landscape unequaled in this country. The house is two stories and attic, and is complete in its appointments. The grounds comprise 7¾ acres of thoroughly drained lawn, graded and planted with fine trees; also, a fine large garden. For further particulars, inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT AT ELIZABETH, N. J., FOR SALE—Five acres land, with large double house, containing seventeen rooms; gas throughout; great abundance of shade, and fruit of the choicest variety. Situated on high ground. Society unsurpassed; premises in beautiful order; only half a mile from depot. Price $15,000. Terms easy.
S. DINGEE, No. 8 Pine-st.

VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT—FOR SALE on East River, nine miles from Harlem, contains 170 acres, with everything desirable for a gentleman's residence, being perfectly healthy, and situation delightful; to be sold, with furniture, stock, &c., and terms to suit purchaser. Apply from 12 to 4, at office No. 1, over Fulton Bank, to VALENTINE G. HALL.

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE AND FIVE ACRES of land at Edgewater, on the Hudson, four miles north of Weehawken Ferry, on the river road to Fort Lee. The steamer Thomas E. Hulse, from foot of Spring-st., lands near the place several times a day. Will be sold low and on accommodating terms. Apply to C. B. FOSDICK, Esq., No. 20 Spruce-st., or J. B. DE KLYN, Peekskill.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT at Centerville, N. J., on the Bergen Point plank road, 6 miles from Jersey City Ferry, and convenient of access by cars at any hour; attached to the house is an acre of ground finely cultivated and containing an abundance of fruit of all kinds. For terms apply to Mrs. FERRIS on premises, or of H. D. ORMSBEE & CO., No. 33 Chambers-st., N. Y.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, WITH 12 or 14 rooms, at the foot of 60th-st., East River, with carriage-house, stable, &c.; shade and fruit trees in abundance, and vegetable garden well stocked. Fine residence for any gentleman doing business down town. For further particulars inquire at No. 455 East 10th-st., Dry Dock, New-York.

BEAUTIFUL VILLA PROPERTY.—FOR SALE—Five or six acres of beautiful land, situated at Fordham, near St. John's College. It is admirably calculated for the erection of villas. The soil is excellent, free from rock, and the whole tract of a gentle and uniform slope to within a short distance of the Harlem Railroad. Apply to GEORGE O. BARTLETT, No. 41 Chatham-st.

HUDSON RIVER PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A beautiful cottage residence at Sing Sing, four minutes' walk from depot; charming view of river and surrounding scenery; house has 16 rooms, with gas, bath, range, and every convenience, in perfect order for a family to occupy immediately. Price $5,500. Particulars of the owner, Box No. 903 Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—STATEN ISLAND—The country place of J. J. Kingsford, one mile from Factoryville Landing, containing about 12 acres; for its shrubbery, fruit, water conveniences, and every other particular, one of the most desirable places near the City. Apply to WOTHERSPOON, KINGSFORD & CO., No. 6 Hanover-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A HANDSOME country seat, furnished or not, of twelve acres; large new house, new carriage-house, hennery, &c., handsome garden and fruit, &c., on Staten Island, convenient to railroad or boat; the place is planted. Possession immediately. Inquire of J. KELLY, No. 87 Fulton-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—ENGLEWOOD New-Jersey, 14 miles from Jersey City; four new cottage dwellings within three minutes' walk of the depot—nine to twelve rooms each, with lots 68x250. Price from $2,850 to $3,300. Inquire for particulars at the office of the *Merchants' Magazine*, Room No. 34, of
WILLIAM B. DANA, No. 61 William-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE places for either a Summer or permanent residence, containing 70 acres, located on the Sound at the mouth of the Saugatuck River, Westport, Conn. A commodious house and lodge, with large carriage house and barns, all in perfect order for immediate occupancy. Apply for terms and particulars at No. 3 Cliff-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—OR WILL BE let, furnished, a fine house, stable, &c., with 1½ acres of land, handsomely improved, with plenty of fruit and shade trees, and in perfect order, on Harlem Railroad, 30 miles from City and ¾ mile from depot. Apply to D. C. HAYS, No. 4 Hanover-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 48 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—A COTTAGE, with stable, &c., on the Sound; partly furnished if desired. Boat and railroad to the City. Inquire at Feltham Post office, Westchester County, N. Y., or at No. 149 East 30th-st., N. Y.

NEWBURGH COUNTRY PLACES, CONVENIENTLY and pleasantly situated, for sale, or would be rented for a few months; partly or wholly furnished. Also, several beautifully located villa sites. Apply to J. S. THAYER, No. 31 Water-st., Newburgh.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE residences in Geneva, N. Y. The grounds contain nearly two acres on the beautiful bank of Seneca Lake. Apply to C. D. PRATT, Esq., No. 42 John-st., New-York.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE,
On Long Island, about eight miles from Fulton Ferry, at Jamaica; 84 acres, with good improvements, having a front of 910 feet on the Brooklyn and Jamaica plank road, and 903 feet on each side of Atlantic-av., about 1½ miles above Woodruff's Hotel. A rare opportunity is now offered to capitalists for investment, being very eligibly located for dividing into city lots. For further particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

DUTCHESS COUNTY FARM FOR SALE.—Forty acres of the best land in the county, all tillable, with fine thirty-bearing orchard, and plenty of small fruit, beautifully located in the village of Fishkill, on the east side of the Hudson, 2½ miles from the depot and sixty from the City. The lands adjoin the village, and are available for building lots, being on the line of the contemplated Newburgh and Hartford Railroad. The mansion is a large two-story building, in complete order, fronting the main street, and surrounded with elegant shade trees; also, barn, wagon-house, and suitable outbuildings. Terms easy, and possession immediately. Inquire of W. SEARLES, Room No. 34, of No. 165 Greenwich-st., or JOHN GIVEN, Fishkill Village.

FOR SALE—A FARM NEAR PLAINFIELD, N. J., two miles from the village, which contains churches, schools, &c. Time from New-York, one hour and a quarter. The land, about 100 acres, is under good cultivation. The buildings consist of a cottage house, large barn, carriage-house, and all suitable outbuildings. Crops in the ground; wood and fruit. The present owner wishing to go West, will sell the stock, &c., on favorable terms. A large part of the purchase money can remain. Apply to SIDNEY CORNELL, No. 36 Cortlandt-st., or STEPHEN VAIL, at depot, Plainfield.

EIGHT FARMS FOR SALE—CONTAINING from 20 to 165 acres, situated in Passaic County, N. J., including the splendid property of the late Adrian S. Van Houton and the late Jacobus I. Blauvelt, near Paterson. Purchasers will be taken from my office to view the property without charge. Fare to Paterson—excursion ticket from New-York and return, by Erie Railway—75 cents. Apply to
C. S. VAN WAGONER, No. 118 Congress-st., Paterson-st., N. J.

FARM FOR SALE—OF 100 ACRES, ON THE banks of the Hudson, four miles south of Poughkeepsie and a half-mile from Milton Ferry Station; fine views of the river, both up and down, from all parts of the farm; could be divided into four or five beautiful building sites. The land is rich and sloping to the south; is peculiarly adapted to the raising of grapes. The buildings are in good repair and adapted to immediate occupancy. Farm has a dock privilege. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE AT WHITE LAKE, N.Y.—200 acres, with two dwellings, barn, 107 sheds, hay house, apple and sugar orchards, &c. Price $8,000. Will exchange. C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Bookman-st.

AUCTION SALES.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.
REFEREE'S SALE OF AN ELEGANT
COUNTRY SEAT AT THROGG'S NECK.

By order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of John B. Haskin, referee, E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on SATURDAY, June 13, 1863, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, the elegant property situated at Throgg's Neck, Westchester County, directly on Long Island Sound, being the residence of the late Dominick Lynch Lawrence, situated on the road from the village of Westchester to Fort Schuyler, and within a short distance of the Fort.

The property consisting in all of 131 acres, will be sold in plots of from 5 to 32 acres.

The elegant mansion, together with the outbuildings, will be sold with 32½ acres of land, making a desirable residence.

There are several very fine building sites, offering a rare inducement for investment or residence.

The whole embracing the most beautiful country-seats in the county of Weschester. Maps of the property may be obtained at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE GEORGE'S CREEK COAL, IN THE VALLEY OF GEORGE'S CREEK, ALLEGANY COUNTY, MARYLAND.

By virtue of a decree in the Circuit Court, for Allegany County, as a Court of Equity, in which Peter Stanp and Daniel Stanp, administrators of George Stanp, deceased, are complainants, and Jerry Cowles, J. B. Vanmun, H. H. Aspinwall, and The Midland Coal and Iron Company and others are defendants, the undersigned will sell at PUBLIC SALE in the City of CUMBERLAND, Md., on THURSDAY, THE 25TH of JUNE, 1863, the tract of land called "THE RESURVEY ON ELK LICK," containing 156 acres of land, underlaid with the great vein, FOURTEEN FEET THICK, OF GEORGE'S CREEK COAL, very accessible. The mines are open and ready for a large trade in coal, connected by rail with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. Farm and miners' houses, dump-house, stove-house, &c., suitable for a large trade, all in good condition and ready for transporting coal without further outlay. This is one of the most valuable tracts of coal land in the Georges' Creek region, and it is but seldom such a valuable property is offered in the market. The title is unquestionable. Terms, one-third in cash; the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest. Information given by the Trustees in Cumberland, Md.
THOMAS L. McKAIG, } Trustees.
WILLIAM W. McKAIG, }

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.
MORTGAGE SALE OF
SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer, will sell on MONDAY, June 8, at 10½ o'clock, all the furniture contained in house No. 1 2 West 21st-st., near 7th-av., comprising magnificent parlor, chamber, dining room, library, and nursery furniture of every description, with a rare and costly collection of unique and recherché works of art, China, cut glass, silverware, cutlery, &c., all to be sold without reserve. No postponement. Commencing at 10½ o'clock precisely.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
CANADIAN PONY, SADDLE AND BRIDLE

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on SATURDAY, June 6, at 12 o'clock, in front of their store, No. 23 Nassau-st., a very valuable Canadian pony, 13 hands, 6 years old, perfectly gentle and a fast trotter, and a fast traveler; together with the saddle and bridle; sold for want of use. Also, a wagon, in good order and but little used, with bronze leather moveable top.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell THIS DAY, June 6, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 103 Liberty-st.,
24 Shares N. Y. & N. H. R. R. Co., (Genuine) $100 each.
20 Shares N. Y. & N. H. R. R. Co., (Genuine) $100 each.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
256 VALUABLE LOTS, BOUNDED BY 149TH AND 151ST STS., 10TH-AV. AND HUDSON RIVER, TOGETHER WITH WATER RIGHT EXTENDING FROM 149TH TO 151ST-ST., KNOWN AS THE WOODLAND PROPERTY, BEING PART OF THE BLACKWELL ESTATE, AND NOW IN POSSESSION OF HICKSON W. FIELD, JR., Esq., RESIDING IN PARIS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on MONDAY, June 8, and TUESDAY, June 9, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 103 Liberty-st.

10TH-AV.—16 lots west side of 10th-av., comprising entire front between 149th and 151st sts.

11TH-AV.—32 lots on the east and west sides of 11th-av., comprising the entire front between 149th and 151st sts.; on the lots on the west side of 11th-av., between 150th and 151st sts., is an elegant 4-story brick mansion house, 72 by 55 feet 11 in.

149TH-ST.—18 lots on N. S. 149th-st., comprising the entire front between 10th and 11th avs. and Hudson River.

150TH-ST.—36 lots N. S. of 150th-st., comprising the entire front between 10th-av. and Hudson River.

151ST-ST.—48 lots on S. S., comprising the entire front between 10th-av. and Hudson River.

ALSO, THE VALUABLE WATER FRONT extending from 149th to 151st-st. This property is contiguous to the Hudson River Railroad Depot at 152d-st.; the land is high, and commands a fine view of the Hudson River. The distance from the CENTRAL PARK is but about 2 miles.

This property is in every respect desirable either for improvement or investment; 151st-st. is open to 12th-av.

Maps will be ready in a few days at the office of the auctioneers. The lots will be sold on the most liberal terms, and in parcels to suit purchasers.

GREAT SALE OF LOTS AND CONTRACTS IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO, AT AUCTION—June 17, 1863.—The articles of Association of the Chicago Land Company require that the trust shall be closed, in the month of June, 1863, and that all the property and effects on hand at that time, belonging to the Association, shall be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, in the City of Chicago, on the third WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863.

The undersigned, Trustee of the Chicago Land Company, will, therefore, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863, offer for sale on the premises, in the City of Chicago:

749 lots in Sheffield's addition to Chicago.
486 lots in Elston addition, west side of North Branch.
382 lots in Elston addition, east side of North Branch.
67 lots in Wright's addition, west side of North Branch.
3 lots in original town Chicago.

Also mortgages, amply secured, amounting to about eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Fifty-four contracts, covering 96 lots, on which there are owing an aggregate of about $100,000.

Of these lots 6,732 feet front on a navigable canal of 100 feet wide, now being excavated through the property.

And 4,509 feet front on the North Branch of the Chicago River.

The sale will be continued from day to day until all the property and effects of the Company are sold.

MAHLON D. OGDEN, Trustee.
CHICAGO, March 16, 1863.

EDWARD SINTZENICH, Auctioneer.
CHOICE COLLECTION OF ANCIENT PAINTINGS.—By D. W. IVES & CO., on THURSDAY EVENING, June 12, at 7½ o'clock, at the Derby Gallery, No. 625 Broadway, a choice collection of ancient Paintings, the property of a French gentleman, about to return to Europe. This collection has been made at great expense by its possessor, and contains veritable examples by the artists named, the entire number of paintings being all the property of one owner:

Vanderwerf,	Wouvermans,	Greuze,
Netscher,	Berghem,	Lingelbach,
Cuyp,	Watteau,	Murillo,
Boucher,	Mieris

MEDICAL.

MYRES' AMAZONE TINCTURE

Is the only real remedy known throughout all Europe for the reproduction and preservation of the human hair. A purely medical preparation, containing no oil nor grease. Sold by all principal druggists and dealers in fancy goods. Price, $1 per bottle. Prof. D. M. MYRES, Laboratory, No. 481 4th-st., New-York.

DR. WITFIELD'S VEGETABLE PILLS!

Are infallible for Fistula, Blind and Bleeding Piles. Price 50 cents per box. Sold by all Druggists. Reference to ladies and gentlemen from all parts of the country can be had at office of the Proprietor, J. YOUNG, No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

IMPORTANT—FOR THREE DOLLARS.

Dr. C. BERY & CO. will send their specific for the sure cure of diseases brought on by secret habits and other improprieties, together with a receipt for its manufacture. Address Dr. C. BERY & CO., New-York.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by Dr. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little more, and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., the only place. Call, send or write.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Emergence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840, N. B.—Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

DRS. TRALL & JACKSON'S "PATHOL-OGY OF THE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS."—"This is really a scientific work of great practical value. All other works on the subjects discussed in this volume, that have fallen under our observation, are addressed mainly to a prurient taste, and are positively pernicious."—*Chicago Tribune.* "This volume is full of scientific information of incalculable benefit in the cure of disease."—*New-Bedford Mercury.* "It is unquestionably the most complete, the most sensible and the most valuable work of its kind yet published."—*The New Yorker.* "It offers judicious advice to suffering humanity, which will save thousands from complicating their afflictions by resorting to quack doctors and empirical treatment."—*Boston Journal.* "It is the only work in existence containing directions which will positively CURE that distressing disease termed spermatorrhœa, and other sexual diseases which cause so much misery to the human family."—*Boston Bypress.* Price $1. Sold in New-York by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH IS RESTORED in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, all impediments to marriage, Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that social evil, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage-stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. LEWIS' CELEBRATED REMEDIES are mild and effectual in their operation, require no restraint in diet, loss of time, or hindrance in business, possessing the power of eradicating every symptom of disease in its worst form. A trial will convince the most skeptical of their surprising properties. Slight cases cured in two days, or prevented, if application is made in time. Office No. 7 Beach-st., between Varick-st. and West Broadway, New-York.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the unmarried or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Procured of Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, in the place. Beware of being led by Dr. Hunters. The city is full of schemers, up to every trick to rob him of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. He has no other office but No. 3 Division st. Established in 1834. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Be aware of imitations. Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., New-York.

ADVICE TO LADIES.—IN ALL CASES where infallible medicines are desired, or mode of treatment that never fails call upon Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, author of the Married Women's Private Medical Companion," who treats female complaints exclusively. Office No. 129 Liberty-st.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J. with the certainty of receiving honorable treatment.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.—PRACTICAL applications daily. Science and success. Dispepsia, Neuralgia, Numbness, &c., readily yield to this vitalizing medical treatment. POILLON'S Institute, No. 190 East 10th-st.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, Cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without exposure or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the taint and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. That is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not visited by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some pitiful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it; and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 15 three-cent stamps, 84 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

DENTISTRY

DRS. GRIFFIN, NO. 258 GRAND-ST., N.Y., opposite Lord and Taylor's, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting their improved Artificial Teeth, with or without extracting the roots; full sets on gold or platina, $25; on silver or rubber, $15; partial sets (gold) per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1; extracting, 25c.

ASTROLOGY.

LOOK HERE.—MME. ROSS, DOCTRESS AND Astrologist, was born with a natural gift. She tells past and future, shows likeness of future husband or absent friend, locks of hair free. No. 98 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

MACHINERY.

TODD & RAFFERTY, MACHINERY MERchants, No. 13 Dey-st., works at Paterson, N. J. Manufacture stationary and portable steam-engines and boilers, flax, hemp, tow, oakum, and rope machinery, &c.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR STEAM MACHINERY.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, June 3, 1863.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the Navy Department up to the 15th of June, for STEAM MACHINERY of the following description, namely:

Geared engines, two cylinders, diameter of cylinder, 100 inches; stroke of piston, 4 feet; multiple of gearing, 2; diameter of driving-wheel to pitch line, 16 feet 8 inches; length over all of driving-wheel, 11 feet 3 inches. To have one Sewell's surface condenser, with seamless brass tubes and an exposed condensing surface of 7,634 square feet. To have vertical water-tube boilers, with seamless brass tubes, containing 900 square feet of grate surface and 25,000 square feet of heating surface. To have a superheating apparatus. To have one brass screw of 18 feet diameter, with 4 blades, and a length of 27 inches. To have a brass and copper rudder, rudder post and shoe, and to be provided with eight blowing engines and eight steam pumps. The drawings of these engines can be examined at the Bureau of Steam Engineering.

Two back-action engines for the United States frigate *Franklin*, at the Kittery Navy-yard; diameter of cylinders, 68 inches; stroke of pistons, three feet nine inches. To have one Sewell's surface condenser, with seamless brass tubes, and an exposed condensing surface of 5,000 square feet. To have vertical water-tube boilers with seamless brass tubes, containing 550 square feet of grate surface and 16,000 square feet of heating surface. To have a superheating apparatus. To have overhung iron paddle-wheels of 25 feet 8 inches diameter, and 10 feet length of paddle. To have two blowing engines, and one steam pump. The general plan and specification of this engine can be examined at the Bureau of Steam Engineering.

The material, workmanship and finish of all the screw engines to be the same as described in the specifications for the screw machinery of the sloops of the Juniata class, copies of which are in possession of all the principal marine steam engine building establishments in the United States.

All the provisions embraced in the contracts for that machinery to apply to the contracts which may be made under this advertisement. The same number of duplicate pieces, and the same quantity of tools, instruments, outfits, etc., proportionally, to be supplied, that is called for in those specifications.

The proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Steam Machinery," to distinguish them from other business letters.

Parties are requested to offer for any one of the above engines, or for as many as they may consider themselves able to execute.

The contract will embrace the usual conditions, and payments will be made in the usual manner as the work progresses.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all of the proposals that may be made under this advertisement, if, in its opinion, the public interest requires.

The proposal will state the name or names of the Navy-yards at which the parties intend to furnish the machinery; the number of engines they propose to build; the names of the parties in full, and of their sureties, the gross sum for which they propose to furnish the machinery, erected in the vessel complete and ready for steaming, and the time from date of contract in which they will guarantee to complete the work.

The proposals of parties will also be considered who may choose to offer machinery of equal power on plans and specifications of their own in place of those above described.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW AND GRAIN.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT, corner of G and 12th-sts., WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16, 1863.

Written proposals are invited for furnishing HAY, STRAW, OATS and CORN for the use of this depot, to be delivered at the railroad depot, or at any of the Government wharves in this city.

The proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and they should state the quantity of each article offered, also the price and the date of delivery.

Proposals will be received for five thousand (5,000) bushels of Corn or Oats, and fifty (50) tons of Hay or Straw, and upward, unless it should be for the interest of the Government to contract for a less amount.

All grain to be put up in good sacks, of about two (2) bushels each, which are to be furnished at the cost of the contractor.

The Hay and Straw to be securely baled.

All Grain and Hay offered to be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidders, as the interests of the service may require. Good security will be required for the faithful fulfillment of any contract made under this advertisement.

Payment to be made at the completion of the contract.

S. L. BROWN,
Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON CITY, March 19, 1863.

OWNERS OF STEAM VESSELS ARE INvited to send to the Quartermaster-General's Office tenders for their charter or sale.

Senders should contain descriptions of the vessels, their dimensions, enrolled or registered tonnage, actual carrying capacity, material, whether coppered, whether side wheel or propellers, whether iron or copper fastened, size and power of engines and boilers; and should state the price at which they are offered, for long or short charter, with the estimated value of the vessel in case of loss, or in case the Government should prefer to purchase instead of chartering.

Owners of steam vessels already in the service of the Quartermaster's Department are requested to make known to the Department any reduction in their present rates which they may be willing to grant, and also the price at which they will be willing to sell them.

All such tenders should be addressed to the Quartermaster-General of the United States at Washington, and should be indorsed,

"Proposals for charter or sale of steamers."

When received they will be considered, and the Department will endeavor to reduce the heavy expense attending army transportation, upon the ocean and tide-waters, by substituting, wherever it can do so, cheaper vessels of equal capacity for those now employed.

OFFICE OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD, May 27, 1863.

TO CONTRACTORS,—SEPARATE SEALED proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which the bid may be offered, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on MONDAY, June 8, 1863, for the construction of trap-block pavements as follows, viz.: In Beekman-st., from Park-row to South-st.; in 42d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; in 34th-st., between 4th and Lexington avs., and in 49th-st., from 3d-av. to East River; 54th-st., between 3d and 6th avs.

Blank forms for the bids, and all other necessary information, can be obtained on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

OFFICE OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD, May 30, 1863.

OFFICE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, U. S. A., No. 117 STATE-STREET, ALBANY, N. Y., June 1, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 1 o'clock P. M., WEDNESDAY, June 10, for furnishing the Government twenty (20) cavalry horses, to be delivered at Albany or Plattsburgh, N. Y., and to be from five to eight years old, from fifteen to sixteen hands high, broken to the saddle and free from all defects. All horses presented will be subjected to a rigid inspection, and any failing to fill these conditions will be rejected. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids.

GEO. H. WEEKS, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT.

A retail boot and shoe establishment, situated on the main street of a thriving city, within an hour's ride of New-York, established in 1826, since which time it has steadily increased its patronage, and now has the reputation of producing some of the finest work in the market. The present proprietor, having another business which demands his time and attention, offers his stock and trade for sale, on easy terms. A rare chance for an active and enterprising man. For further particulars, address G. L., Box No. 134 *Times* Office.

GLASS LETTERS

As adapted for windows of first-class stores in Europe and America. Also, Glass Signs and gilding on glass in all its branches. Letters of various kinds for attaching to signs. Depot No. 107 Fulton-st., New-York.

WANTED—A PARTY WITH FROM FIVE TO twenty thousand dollars, to engage in or invest in a manufacturing business, from which hundreds of thousands of dollars can be made. Apply to J. S. BROWN, No. 546 Broadway, N. Y.

SHIPPING

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CHINA, ANDERSON, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 3.
ASIA, SHANNON, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 10.
PERSIA, LOTT, leaves New-York, Wed'y, June 17.
AFRICA, STONE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 24.
SCOTIA, JUDKINS, leaves New-York, Wed'y, July 1.
CANADA, MUIR, leaves Boston, Wednesday, July 8.
CHINA, ANDERSON, leaves New-York, Wed'y, July 15.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
WALTER PATON, Commander.
Will be dispatched

FROM LIVERPOOL.	FROM NEW-YORK.
SATURDAY, May 16.	SATURDAY, June 6.
TUESDAY, June 30.	TUESDAY, July 21.

And at regular intervals thereafter.

FIRST CABIN, from.....$95 to $135
SECOND CABIN.....$70
EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, in the First and Second Cabins only, a fare and a-half.

Servants accompanying passengers, and children under twelve years of age, half fare. Infants free.

THIRD CABIN.....$30
STEERAGE, (with superior accommodations).....$30

All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States Currency.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

For passage, apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office No. 26 Broadway.

For freight, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
No. 54 South-st.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
HIBERNIAN,
Capt. GRANGE, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Quebec next
SATURDAY, June 6.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $87 and $72. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.
SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE U. S. MAIL SIDEWHEEL STEAMSHIP
COLUMBIA,
D. B. BARTON, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on TUESDAY, June 9, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for New-Orleans direct.

This splendid steamship made her last voyage to New-Orleans and back, with full cargoes out and home, in less than 15 days.

All letters must pass through the Post-office.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
STOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship
GEORGE CROMWELL,
Capt. JNO. A. POST,
carrying the regular United States mails, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, as above, on SATURDAY, June 6, at 2 P. M.

No freight received nor bills of lading signed after Friday. For passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, or freight, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.

CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA.
ON SATURDAY, June 13,
AT NOON.
The steamer AMERICA will sail as above,
Connecting with the steamer MOSES TAYLOR.
For passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.

NEW-YORK AND WASHINGTON
STEAMSHIP LINE.

SEMI-WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW-YORK, WASHINGTON and GEORGETOWN, D. C.

Regular sailing days, SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., from PIER NO. 15 EAST RIVER, foot of Wall-st. For freight or passage, apply to JAMES HAND, Agent, No. 117 Wall-st.
MORGAN & EHINEHART, Agents,
Washington and Georgetown.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY, 23D MAY, SATURDAY, 20TH JUNE.

Passage money to Nassau, $45.
Passage money to Havana, $50.
Payable in Gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The U. S. Mail side-wheel steamship
EAGLE,
RICHARD ADAMS, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on Wednesday, June 10, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.

All letters must pass through the Post-office.

No freight received, or bill of lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.

The steamboat TRAVELER will be at Pier No. 14, at foot of Cedar-st., North River, at 7, and sail at 8 o'clock precisely, on SATURDAY MORNING, the 6th inst., with the passengers and their baggage intended for the Great Eastern's present trip to Liverpool.

None but passengers allowed on board.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

ETNA	Saturday	June 6
ERIN	Saturday	June 13
CITY OF MANCHESTER	Saturday	June 20

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency.

First cabin	$80	Steerage	$32 50
First cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	35 50
First cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40 50
First cabin to Hamburg	87	Steerage to Hamburg	37 50

Passengers from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $80, $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40; from Queenstown, $36. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—THE NEW-York Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamer MORNING STAR, A. D. PERKINS, Commander, will sail for New-Orleans to-day, passengers and mails, from Pier 3, North River, foot of Teach-st., at 4 P. M. FRIDAY, June 13, at 3 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 161 Broadway.

TRAVELERS TO EUROPE SHOULD provide themselves with HARPER'S HAND-BOOK FOR EUROPE, AND THE EAST, by W. PEMBROKE FETRIDGE. This is the only complete Guide to Europe published in one volume. Price 75c. For sale by D. APPLETON & CO., No. 443 Broadway, and JAMES MILLER, No. 522 Broadway; or, HARPER & BROTHERS will send the work by mail, postage free, on receipt of $3 75.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS FROM the Department of State furnished by A. C. WILMARTH, United States Court buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st., room No. 28.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce naturalization certificates.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

REMOVAL.

WOOD BROTHERS,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,
Have removed to Nos. 591 and 596 Broadway, a few doors above Niblo's.

SADDLE-HORSE FOR SALE—THOROUGHly broke to the saddle; has been in cavalry service eight months; is a good leaper, very fleet, six years old, ¾ bred, stylish and perfectly sound. Address H. B., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A CLOSE-CURTAINED CARRIAGE, belonging to a family leaving the City; built by Wood & Tomlinson. To be seen at the stable of Messrs. UNDERHILL & FLEET, in 11th-st., a few doors east of 2d-av. Price $200.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF LARGE BLACK CARriage horses, stylish, kind and gentle; have been driven single, double, and as leaders in a four in hand; of more than ordinary speed. To be seen at Carpenter's Old Stable, No. 25 East 24th-st.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND CALECHE OR Bret, a rockaway coach and rockaway, for sale at WOOD BROTHERS, Carriage Manufacturers, Nos. 594 and 596 Broadway, above Niblo's. Also a fine selection of new carriages of every description.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND PHAETON, three seats, in good order, at the stable of Messrs. UNDERHILL & FLEET, Lafayette place, near Astor-place.

HAMBURG INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

All articles for this Exhibition must be delivered with duplicate invoices at the Agency, No. 2 Broadway, New-York, on or before Thursday, the 11th day of June.

AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.

N. B.—Transportation free to Hamburg.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

SATURDAY. BEGINS AT 8.

LAST NIGHT
Of the celebrated Comedy, by Buckstone,
MARRIED LIFE,
Received at each representation with the loudest laughter and continuous manifestations of gratification, and will be repeated on this occasion with the
SAME ADMIRABLY SUSTAINED DISTRIBUTION.

Mr. Lynx	Mr. Charles Fisher
Mrs. Lynx	Mrs. Hoey
Mr. Coddle	Mr. John Gilbert
Mrs. Coddle	Mrs Vernon
Mr. Younghusband	Mr. Floyd
Mrs. Younghusband	Miss Gannon
Mr. Dove	Mr. Young
Mrs. Dove	Miss Fanny Morant
Mr. Dismal	Mr. George Holland
Mrs. Dismal	Mrs. John Sefton

MONDAY, last time this season, Sheridan's high class comedy,
THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL,
With the standard cast of the establishment.
TUESDAY, last time this season, Bulwer's great play,
MONEY,
With its unequaled distribution.
WEDNESDAY, last time, LOVE AND MONEY.
OBSERVE.—Thursday will be produced for the first time at this theatre, the beautiful play, by Planche, called
THE KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE,
with new and appropriate scenery, costumes and appointments, and a
GREAT AND NOVEL CAST.
FRIDAY, last time, THE ROAD TO RUIN.
Will be repeated, in rapid succession, Speed the Plough, Cure for the Heartache, The Road to Ruin and The Fine Old English Gentlemen.

HOPE CHAPEL, NO. 720 BROADWAY.

DUFLOCQ'S HOLY LAND,
comprising seventy scenes of the most interesting places of
THE BIBLE LAND,
printed upon over 12,000 square feet of canvas, by that greatest of scenic limners, Mons. LOUIS DUFLOCQ, of Paris,
EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 3½.

The entertainment closes with a GRAND FESTIVE ILLUMINATION of that noblest piece of architecture ever produced by man,
ST. PETER'S CHURCH AT ROME.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN—WILL CLOSE.—The Thirty-eighth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy will close, at the Galleries, No. 625 Broadway, on Wednesday evening, June 24.
T. ADDISON RICHARDS,
Corresponding Secretary, N. A.

THE NATIVITY.—ON EXHIBITION, AT NO. 687 Broadway, a painting by Havemeyer, representing the Magi, Annunciation, Superhuman Ideal, Moses, Daniel, Isaiah, Micah, Crucifiction and Resurrection. Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

STEAMBOATS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM NEW-YORK TO GLEN COVE, GLENWOOD, ROSLYN, MOTT'S DOCK, SANDS' POINT, GREAT NECK, WHITESTONE AND BAYLES DOCK.

The new, elegant and fast-sailing steamer T. V. ARROWSMITH, Capt. CHARLES POST, on and after SATURDAY, May 30, 1863, will leave as follows:

Roslyn	6.30 A. M. | Sands Point 7.33 A. M.
Glenwood	6.35 A. M. | Great Neck 7.55 A. M.
Mott's Dock, (discontinued in the morning for present.)	Bayles Dock 8.05 A. M. | Whitestone 8.15 A. M.
Glen Cove	7.10 A. M. |

RETURNING,
Will leave New-York from Peck-slip, Pier No. 24 East River, for the above-named landings EVERY AFTERNOON, (Sundays excepted,) at 4 to 4 P. M.

The above steamer will, about the 2d of June next, make two trips each day from New-York to Glen Cove and the intermediate landings. No freight will be taken on the morning and evening trips, except to the landings beyond Glen Cove.

THE PAVILION HOTEL AT GLEN COVE
Is located at the landing of the above steamer, and is now open for the reception of transient and permanent boarders.
WM. M. WEEKS,
Superintendent of Hotel.

FOR SHREWSBURY, SANDY HOOK, HIGHlands, Port Washington, Mount's & Brower's Docks, Fair Haven and Red Bank. On MONDAY, the 1st inst., and every succeeding day, (Sundays excepted,) the steamer HELEN will leave Robinson-st. Pier at 8 A. M., returning, will leave Red Bank at 2½ P. M. SUNDAY TRIPS.—On SUNDAY, May 31, and every succeeding Sunday, she will leave New-York, (same Pier, at 7½ A. M. Returning, will leave Red Bank at 3 P. M., making the usual landings. The LAURA will connect for Pleasure Bay, Long Branch and Branchport.

FOR ORIENT, GREENPORT, SOUTH-HOLD, SAG HARBOR, &c.—Three trips per week. The steamer DONALDSON, Capt. W. S. HAVENS, having been put on this route by the people, will, for the present, leave Pier No. 32 East River, (James-slip,) on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 5 o'clock. Returning, leave Sag Harbor MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOONS, at 4 o'clock. For freight or passage apply on board, or of A. J. RICHARDSON, No. 492 Fulton-st.

FOR NORWALK—DAILY LINE.—STEAMER MONTPELIER leaves Fulton Market-slip at 2.45 P. M., arriving at Norwalk in time to connect with all stations on the Danbury and Norwalk Railroad, and with the New-York and New-Haven Railroad for Westport, Southport, Fairfield and Bridgeport; also, with stages for Wilton, New-Canaan, &c., &c. Baggage conveyed to the depots free. Fare 50 cts.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, MERI-DEN AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steam out and Railroad Connection. The CONTINENTAL leave Peck-slip, East River, daily, Sundays excepted, at 3:15 P. M. The Steamboat Train leaves the wharf at New-Haven on the arrival of the boat, for all ways and points. NIGHT LINE.—The ELM CITY leaves for New-Haven at 11 o'clock.

FOR BRIDGEPORT—DAILY LINE.—THE steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 26 East River, daily, at 12 o'clock noon. Freight taken all day. Arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Naugatuck, New-Haven and Hartford Railroads. Also, the Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—THE AURORA leaves Jay-st. Pier every morning, without exception, at 8 o'clock, touching at 30th-st. and all the intermediate landings.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD—Trains will leave 26th-st. depot—For Albany—10:30 A. M., stopping at Williamsbridge, White Plains, Bedford, Croton Falls and stations north to Albany, connecting with the Central and Northern Railroad for Saratoga and all points northwest. For Croton Falls, 8:15 A. M., for White Plains, 8:15 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:10, and 5 P. M., and 6:15 P. M. from White-st. depot; for Williamsbridge, 6:15, 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:10, 5, 6:15 P. M. Croton Falls, White Plains and Williamsbridge trains stop at all stations. For Dover Plains, 4 P. M., stopping at White Plains and stations north to Dover. Returning, leave Albany at 9:10 A. M., on arrival of Northern and Western trains, stopping at stations from Chatham to Croton Falls, also Bedford, White Plains and Williamsbridge; Dover Plains, 5:45 A. M., stopping at all stations north of and at White Plains; Croton Falls, 5 P. M.; White Plains, 6:10, 7, 8:20 A. M., 4:15 P. M., Williamsbridge, 5:30 A. M. Croton Falls, White Plains and Williamsbridge trains stop at all stations. Sunday Excursion trains at half Fare. On and after Sunday, May 31st.—For Croton Falls, 8:15 A. M., stopping at all stations except Yorkville: for Williams Bridge, 9:15, 10:30 A. M., 2 and 4:30 P. M., stopping at all stations; for White Plains, 8:00 P. M., stopping at all stations. Returning, leave White Plains, 6:10 A. M., stopping at all stations; Williamsbridge, 6:42, 10:25 A. M., 12:10, 3:15, 5:10 P. M., stopping at all stations; Croton Falls, 5:00 P. M., stopping at all stations except Yorkville.
JOHN BURCHILL, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 3 and 10 A. M., and 2:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M., and 3:37 and 6:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 5:30 P. M.	10:57 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the house to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS:
7 A. M.—Express for Dunkirk.
8:30 A. M.—Night Express, daily, for Otisville.
11 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo, daily, for Otisville.
4 P. M.—Way, for Otisville, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
7 P. M.—Emigrant.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAIL-ROAD.—On and after MONDAY, Feb. 2, the fast and

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Arrival of the Northern Light.

$318,066 49 IN TREASURE.

Mosquera Elected Provisional President of Colombia.

AFFAIRS IN CENTRAL AMERICA.

A Rumor from Peubla by way of Acapulco.

The steamer *Northern Light*, from Aspinwall on May 28, arrived at this port yesterday afternoon. The following is her

SPECIE LIST:

Baker & Mowell	$64,444	Jacob Rosenfield	$10,000
Com. Mutual Ins. Co.	9,875	Jacob Wolf	10,200
Wm. Meyer & Co	12,500	H. Cohn & Co	34,000
Jennings & Brewster	12,600	J. B. Newton & Co	22,745
W. C. Tauff	40,147	Stevens Bros. & Co	33,500
Marcus C. Hawley	6,512	Wells, Fargo & Co	65,000
J. G. Parker & Son	12,000	Order	29,631
Total			$305,105

From Aspinwall.

Allan McLane	$12,000	Order	$1,300
Wells, Fargo & Co	5,700	Parsons & Pettit	760
C. W. Bond	600	Colgate & Hoffman	121
Marcial & Co	165	Ribon & Munoz	500
Mrs. J. Duke	600	Jas. Wilcox	700
Mrs. Mary Duval	474	Nickesson & Robbins	500
Handy & Hoadley	600		
Total			$12,960
Grand Total			$318,066

UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA.

Gen. Mosquera Elected Provisional President—The Capital Fixed at Bogota.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Thursday, May 28, 1863.

The British steamer *Darien*, pioneer of the new opposition line between Liverpool, the West Indies, and Central American ports, arrived at Aspinwall on the 25th inst. By her we have advices from Cartagena to the 24th inst., which, though very meagre, are of importance. No letters from the interior came by this vessel, but I received a short dispatch from a friend at Cartagena, who says:

"The Constitutional Convention has adjourned, having preserved great harmony of action up to the end of the session. The new Constitution was passed, and Gen. MOSQUERA is elected Provisional President.

"The bill for the removal of the capital to Panama was not pressed, for fear of a serious division. Captia. fixed at Bogota."

Locally there is nothing new. The *"Asamblea,"* of Panama, is still in session, but will probably complete its labors and adjourn within the week. The United States gunboat *Connecticut* will leave in company with the *Northern Light* to-day, and convoy her through to New-York, where the *Connecticut* will receive much needed repairs.

In port at Panama, United States steamship *Lancaster*, Rear-Admiral BELL; United States steamship *St Mary's*; Her Britannic Majesty's ship *Charybdis*, and troop *Tribune*.

FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.

PANAMA, Wednesday, May 27.

The steamer *Orizaba*, with 67 passengers and $1,200,000 in treasure is in from San Francisco. She brings late news from Mexico and Acapulco, to the effect that the French have met with another severe defeat at Puebla, and were again repulsed, Gen. COMONFORT, with 15,000 men, having added his forces to the defenders of the place. I give this as a rumor; you may have confirmation of it by way of Havana.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Carrera Quiet—Dissatisfaction felt Toward Barrios—Inauguration of the President of Costa Rica—More Trouble for the Transit Company—Its Boats Seized, and its Operations Stopped by Government—Minister Dickinson Coldly Received.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Thursday, May 28, 1863.

The Panama Railroad Company's steamer *Guatemala*, from Central America ports, arrived here on the 19th inst., with seventeen passengers and the following:

FREIGHT.—For Southampton—231 packages silver ore, 100 seroons cochineal, 20 bags coffee, 26 bales cotton. For Liverpool—77 seroons cochineal, 342 bags coffee, 1 bale deerskin, 20 bales cotton. For New-York—22 seroons cochineal, 262 bags coffee, 3 bales deerskins, 4 seroons indigo, 1,214 hides. For Aspinwall—16 cans balsam, and 45 bags coffee. For San Francisco—630 boiler tubes. For South Pacific—48 bags coffee. For Panama—8 bags cotton seeds, 17 seroons cocoa, 10 boxes cigars, 13 packages sugar, 44 bags coffee, 1 box plant. SPECIE.—For England—$17,191 00. For South Pacific—$810 75. For Panama—$8,486 00.

The dates brought by the *Guatemlaa* are from Guatemala to the 11th, Salvador to the 16th, Nicaragua to the 17th, and Costa Rica to the 18th insts. The news by this arrival is rather meagre. CARRERA had made no new demonstration against Salvador, but remained quietly at his capital, Guatemala. President BARRIOS, of Salvador, does not seem willing, however, to trust to the future good intentions of his neighbor, as he is still strengthening the defensive works on the frontier, and forwarding tents to his army, in anticipation of the rains which will shortly begin. The dissatisfaction felt at the course pursued by BARRIOS, in lending aid to JEREZ in his attempt to revolutionize Nicaraugua, has very much increased since the total defeat of the revolutionists. JEREZ had been in La Union, Salvador, but he is reported to have gone to Honduras.

The only news from Costa Rica relates to the inauguration of the new President of that Republic, Señor JESUS JIMENEZ. This event occurred on the 8th instant, and was remarkable, from the fact that it is the first time, with one exception, that a President of Costa Rica has, at the end of his term of office, peaceably retired from the office, and left it in the hands of his constitutional successor.

The British mail steamer *Solent*, from Greytown, the 18th, arrived at Aspinwall on the 19th. By her we learn that after the defeat and flight of JEREZ, the Government repossessed itself of all the boats and other property of the Transit Company, and announced its purpose not to restore the contract, or permit the Company to open the route under it. The Government insists that it has good cause for its action, and will not retract. It is reported here that the employes of the Transit Company have not been paid for the last six months, and they are intensely disgusted with the entire management of the concern.

The American Minister, Mr. DICKENSON, is said to have met with a very cold reception, both from the Nicaraguan Government and the Transit people.

The passengers from California by the *Moses Taylor* had nearly all arrived on the Atlantic side on the 18th, and the *America* was expected to get to sea with them during the next day. When the *Solent* left, however, a heavy swell was setting in, and as there are only 11 feet of water on the bar, the *America* may have been detained two or three days; since she draws 10 or 11 feet, and her exit during a swell might be both difficult and dangerous.

The passengers from New-York per *America* remained on board that vessel, after her arrival in San Juan harbor, for seven days, but were at last accounts living as best they could on shore, awaiting the opportunity to cross to the Pacific. The only available river steamer was five days in getting 360 passengers down the river, from which some calculation can be made as to how long she will be in taking 600 passengers up. The impression is that the Nicaraguan Government will not again loan the steamers to the Transit Company, and consequently no more passengers can be carried over the route until some new arrangement can be made.

Among the passengers from Nicaragua by the *Solent*, was Commander BEDFORD PIM, of the British navy. You are aware that this gentleman has entered the lists as a projector of Transit routes. His book, entitled *The Gate to the Pacific*, is already before the public, and sets forth at length the many wonderful advantages of the new route. His plan is to connect Gorgon Bay, on the Atlantic side, with the port of Realejo, on the Pacific, by railroad. Gorgon Bay is about thirty miles north of San Juan del Norte. Surveyors are now examining the line of the proposed road, the length of which, according to Mr. PIM's book, will be about 225 miles—grading easy and expense trifling. The Commander is sanguine about the success of his project, and, like the famous BELLY, calculates upon astonishing the world, but more particularly England and the United States, with an exhibit of the great political, commercial, financial and other advantages of his route. In his work he has set forth some of these many advantages at considerable length. Of course, in such a work there were many opportunities to abuse the American people, and Mr. PIM did not miss them. He is particularly severe upon the Americans for building the Panama Railroad—for occupying the Nicaragua Transit so long—for attempting to occupy it again—for reporting less water at Realejo than he hopes to find there—for doing many things that the British people or Government did not deem advisable to do, and for inducing that people and Government to do some things that he don't consider it expedient for them to do—as, for instance, minding their own business, and declining to meddle further in American affairs. He particularly dislikes Yankee goshendativeness, which should, in his opinion, be an exclusively English quality, and he abuses his own Government for permitting such insolent appropriation, on the part of Brother Jonathan, who, the Commander thinks, has ruled England in some matters for a long time.

The gentleman further does not hesitate to call the Americans "a nation of liars," and this in a book which, in all its 300 pages, has scarcely a truthful statement, if we except the copies of public documents embodied in it.

This proposed new railroad line cannot be less than 300 miles in length, and, if we judge of the expense of building it by the cost of other great works undertaken in these sparsely-settled countries, it will require at least thirty million dollars for its construction. Here is a fine chance for some of your overgrown capitalists to dispose of their surplus incomes.

THE KIRTLAND HABEAS CORPUS CASE

The Government's Position Defined.

The questions of law arising in the *habeas corpus* case of SIDNEY KIRTLAND, of Alabama, arrested by the Provost-Marshal as a spy, were to have been argued before Judge MCCUNN yesterday, but as Ex-Judge STUART, counsel for the prisoner, was unable to attend, the argument was postponed to 10 o'clock this morning. The following are the points submitted by S. M. GLASSEY, Esq., Deputy Provost-Marshal and counsel for the Government in the case:

1. A state of war exists between the United States and the eleven revolted States.

By the proclamations of the Supreme Executive of the Nation and by several acts of Congress the inhabitants of the whole of those States (including Alabama) are declared to be in a State of insurrection against the United States, the whole military and naval power of the nation is being excited to suppress that insurrection by force of arms. All intercourse with those States is interdicted. And so far as the rights, duties and obligations of individuals are concerned, the same state of things exists as if the war was being waged with a foreign power.

(See the President's Proclamation of August 16, 1861, and the several acts of Congress providing means for the suppression of the rebellion.)

It may be said that the foregoing proposition concedes the nationality of the rebels—it does not—for belligerent purposes only, and in the interest of humanity and civilization the United States Government has recognized the existence of the treasonable assemblage which exercises authority in the rebel States, by exchanging prisoners, recognizing pretended military rank, flags of truce, &c. And to the extent that the Government has gone in recognizing the existing state of things, the judiciary and citizens may properly go, and no further.

That a state of war exists has been judicially determined by the Supreme Court of the United States in the prize cases of the *Hiawatha* and *Crenshaw*, condemned as enemy's property in March last.

2. A state of war existing, all the incidents of such a state at once attach. All rights, public and private, of property and person, are affected, more or less, and become subject to the laws of war.

Nothing is more clearly established as a principle of public law than that, in time of war, intercourse between individuals domiciled in the opposing States is absolutely prohibited.

They are *enemies*. The attitude of the community determines the condition of the individual; and, while in his own country, a subject or citizen is bound by the acts of the controlling authority in it. (See KENT's Commentaries—See iii. vol. 1, p. 65, 9th Ed.)

To surreptitiously pass from the territory of one belligerent into that of another, is in violation of military law; the party offending is subject to arrest and trial by court-martial.

In a civil war growing out of a rebellion, the party so charged can exculpate himself by showing that he fled from the rebel authorities, and was seeking refuge under the Government to which he owed obedience; but this proof should be addressed to the court-martial or other military authority to which he is subject.

3. In time of war Military Courts are alone competent to try military offences. No civil Court has jurisdiction.

It is not competent for the civil tribunals, either upon a suit of *habeas corpus* or otherwise, to inquire into the merits of the case, if it appears by return that the officer making the arrest is authorized by military law to make the arrest, and that the prisoner has surreptitiously entered our territory, then the purpose of the writ is answered; the detention is lawful, and the prisoner must be remanded.

A Court martial is for military purposes as strictly a constitutional tribunal as any civil Court.

4. Congress, recognizing the existence of war, and the power of arrest vested in military authorities, has passed a law, intended to mitigate the hardships which the unlimited exercise of this power might impose. It provides that persons arrested by the military authorities may be held until one term of the District Court of the United States for the District in which the prisoners are detained shall have been held: if the Grand Jury finds no bill, prisoner must be brought before the Judge, examined and discharged *on taking the oath of allegiance*. A person arrested as a spy must be tried by the Military Courts, vide section 7 of the Conscription act.

5. The prisoner whose discharge is now sought was a resident and citizen of Alabama—a State now at war with the United States. He crossed the lines of the army secretly and without permission: he traveled under an assumed name; he refuses to take the oath of allegiance; he refuses to submit to examination even at the direction of the Judge: all the material facts as stated in the return, are not denied by the traverse, and are proved by his admissions.

He has shown nothing that will entitle him to his discharge.

He must be held, unless it is to be determined that a person can come in disguise from the rebel States, steal through the lines of our army, refuse to take the oath of allegiance, defy the Government, and yet walk at large through our cities.

It is respectfully submitted that, under the established principles of public law, and the acts of Congress, he is a proper subject for confinement by the military authorities, that the suit should be discharged and the prisoner remanded.

[Advertisement.]

HOSIERY,
Undergarments, and
Men's Furnishing Goods.

A. RANKIN & Co.,
No. 96 Bowery,
No. 165 Fifth-avenue, and
No. 163 Fulton-street,
Brooklyn.

Dress Shirts made to order.

[Advertisement.]

GOOD BOOKS.—Works on Phrenology, Physiology, Phonography, Hydropathy, Psychology, Agriculture, Architecture, Home Education, Gymnastics, Food and Diet, Fruit Culture, &c., together with a "Special List" containing Physiological works intended especially for those who need them. Send a prepaid envelope, addressed to yourself, and the different catalogues will be sent by return post by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, New-York.

Phrenological Journal for June—price 10 cents—now ready.

[Advertisement.]

WITH the heat of Summer comes a desire to know how we can keep the head cool. One of KNOX's gossamer Summer hats is just the article we are in search of. Indeed, there are few novelties in the way of head covering that cannot be found in choice styles and fine finish at KNOX's, No. 212 Broadway, where the customer has the advantage of a new and fresh stock to select from.

[Advertisement.]

Ladies, do not decide on your Summer Cloak until you have seen the beautiful Vestvali or the Castilian Talma, or your Summer Mantilla until you have seen the Alexandra Mantle, with dress to match, at Mme. DEMOREST's Emporium of Fashions, No. 473 Broadway, No. 27 East Fourteenth-street, and No. 134 Pierrepont-street, Brooklyn.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

BERARD—SMITH.—In New-Hartford, Conn., on Wednesday, June 3, by Rev. Hiram Eddy, J. CHARLES BERARD, of New-York, and FRANCES ADELAIDE, daughter of John C. Smith, Esq., of the former place.

BUCKLIN—LANMAN.—On Thursday, June 4, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. H. S. Carpenter, THOMAS P. BUCKLIN, Jr., and MARY R., eldest daughter of David T. Lanman, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

BLEECKER—PEGRAM.—In Trinity Church, Elizabeth, N. J., on Thursday, June 4, by Rev. D. F. Warren, RICHARD WADE BLEECKER and VIRGINIA, eldest daughter of the late George H. Pegram.

BROWN—BROWNE.—On Thursday, June 4, at Trinity Chapel, by Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, CHARLES C. BROWN, of Rochester, and SARAH P. BROWNE, of this City.

D'HAUTEVILLE—FISH.—In this City, on Thursday, June 4, by Rev. H. Vinton, D. D., FREDERIC SEARS GRANT D'HAUTEVILLE, of Boston, and ELIZABETH STUYVESANT, daughter of Hamilton Fish, of New-York.

HODGE—POST.—On Thursday, June 4, at Huntington, L. I., by Rev. Mr. Ellsworth, CASPAR WISTAR HODGE, of Princeton, N. J., and HARRY TERRY, daughter of Richard B. Post, Esq., of Huntington.

HARROLD—THOMPSON.—In Philadelphia, on Tuesday, June 2, by Rev. Thomas S. Malcom, JOSEPH C. HARROLD and ANNIE E. THOMPSON, both of this City.

MCCUSKER—DUFF.—On Thursday evening, June 4, by Rev. James Millett, Mr. THOMAS MCCUSKER and Miss CATHARINE DUFF, all of this City.

MUNN—WHITTAKER.—On Friday, June 5, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, by Rev. Dr. Littlejohn, Mr. FREDERICK G. W. MUNN and GRACE, only surviving daughter of Henry Whittaker, Esq., of Herefordshire, Eng.

☞ Herefordshire papers please copy.

PECKHAM—CAMPBELL.—On Thursday, June 4, at the residence of the bride's father, New-York Mills, Oneida County, N. Y., by Rev. Chester Fitch, Mr. GEORGE B. PECKHAM, of New-York, and Miss MARY CAMPBELL, daughter of Samuel Campbell, Esq.

PARSONS—THOMAS.—On Thursday, June 4, by Rev. Frederick A. Farley, D. D., FREDERICK A. PARSONS and ANNA LOUISA, eldest daughter of Luke W. Thomas, Esq., all of this City.

STOUT—CONGER.—In Bloomfield, N. J., on Wednesday, June 3, by Rev. E. J. Newlin, G. LEE STOUT, of New-Brunswick, and REBECCA C., daughter of Wright F. Conger.

SKILLMAN—GILLILAND.—In Harlem, on Thursday, June 4, by Rev. J. S. Lord, D. D., Rev. W. I. SKILLMAN, late of the Theological Seminary, New-Brunswick, N. J., to SUSIE E., daughter of H. W. Gilliland.

WOODWORTH—ROBBINS.—In Oakland, on Wednesday, June 3, by Rev. Dr. ADAMS, ROBERT WOODWORTH, U. S. Navy, and ALLINE P., daughter of George S. Robbins.

WILLARD—THOMPSON.—In Ithaca, N. Y., on Thursday, June 4, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. D. Torrey, WILLIAM A. WILLARD, of New-York City, and MARY, daughter of T. C. Thompson, Esq. No cards.

ZABRISKIE—REED.—In the Second Reformed Dutch Church of Coxsackie, on Thursday, June 4, by Rev. Dr. Wyckoff, of Albany, Rev. F. N. ZABRISKIE and MARIA, daughter of the late Roswell Reed, Esq., of Coxsackie. No cards.

DIED.

BRIDGE.—On Friday afternoon, June 5, at the residence of his mother, JAMES P., youngest son of the late Lewis K. Bridge, in the 21st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Church of the Messiah, (Dr. Osgood's,) on Sunday afternoon, June 7, at 3½ o'clock.

BROWN.—In Paterson, N. J., on Friday, June 5, JOHN BROWN, in the 76th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held in the Baptist Church, on Monday, June 8, at 4 o'clock P. M. Friends are respectfully invited to attend, without further invitation.

CASSIDY.—On Thursday, June 4, after a long illness, MARGARET, the only daughter of Michael and Bridget Cassidy, aged 23 years and 4 months.

Her relatives and friends, and those of her father, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 336 East 24th-st., on Monday morning, June 8, at 10 o'clock A. M., to St. Stephen's Church, 28th-st., near 3d-av., when a Requiem Mass will be offered up for the repose of her soul, and thence to Calvary Cemetery.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy.

GILLESPIE.—In West Farms, on Thursday, June 4, HENRY GILLESPIE, in the 39th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, at 1 o'clock P. M., at his late residence.

GROSER.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Friday, June 5, WILLIAM G. GROSER, in the 51st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and of his brothers, George B. and Thomas W. Groser, also of his sons in-law, William Dillingham and H. Frank Herkner, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from St. Mark's Church, 4th-st., corner of South 5th-st., on Sunday afternoon, June 7, at 2 o'clock.

☞ Kingston (Jamaica) papers please copy.

HUTTON.—On Friday, June 5, ALEXANDER HUTTON, aged 42 years.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 59 Morton-st., on Monday afternoon, June 8, at 2 o'clock.

IVES.—On Thursday, June 4, IRA AUGUSTUS IVES, aged 48 years.

His friends and acquaintances are invited to attend his funeral, on Sunday, June 7, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, Rodney-st., one door east of Lee-av., Williamsburgh.

JOURNEAY.—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, June 5, Miss CORNELIA ANN JOURNEAY.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Sunday, June 7, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Christ Church, corner of Clinton and Harrison sts., Brooklyn.

JACKSON.—On Friday, June 5, REBECCA MASTERS, daughter of E. C. and Mary F. Jackson, aged 6 months.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, June 6, at 2 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of her parents, 103 West 20th-st.

LEGGETT.—On Friday morning, June 5, ANNA E., wife of Francis H. Leggett, and daughter of Edward H. Stokes, formerly of Philadelphia, in the 21st year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 295 West 21st-st., on Sunday afternoon, June 7, at 2 o'clock.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy.

MATHEWS.—On Friday morning, June 5, after a short but severe illness, ROBERT WILLIAM MATHEWS, aged 18 years, and oldest son of Robert and Mary Mathews, late of Utica, N. Y.

His remains will be taken from the residence of his parents, No. 40 Summit-st., South Brooklyn, at 2½ o'clock, this Saturday afternoon, for interment in Utica.

☞ Utica papers please copy.

SMEDBERG.—On Monday, June 1, in camp near Falmouth, Va., Lieut. CHARLES G. SMEDBERG, 14th regiment United States Infantry, in the 23d year of his age.

His friends, and the friends and relatives of the family, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Presbyterian Church, in 5th-av. corner 19th-st., on the afternoon of Saturday, June 6, at 4 o'clock precisely, without further notice. His remains will be interred in the grounds of the First Presbyterian Church, corner of 12th-st and 5th-av.

TRACY.—On Wednesday morning, June 3, at the residence of his father, No. 8 East 23d-st., in the 24th year of his age, Lieut. FREDERICK A. TRACY, 12th regiment U. S. Infantry, and Acting Assistant Inspector-General, Staff of Brig.-Gen. Ayres, First Brigade Regular Infantry, Army of the Potomac.

His funeral services will be held at the Church of the Ascension, corner of 5th-av. and 10th-st., on Saturday morning, the 6th inst., at 10 o'clock. His friends, and the friends of the family, are respectfully invited to attend. His body will be taken to Tarr, town for interment.

TOURNEUR.—On Thursday, June 4, EMILY, only daughter of Francis C. and Henriette Toupet, aged 8 years and 2 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are affectionately invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her parents, No. 793 2d-av., this morning, June 6, at 11½ o'clock, and at the Moravian Church, Staten Island, at 3½ o'clock this afternoon.

THORNE.—On Friday, June 5, ANN FORBES, daughter of Maynard and Sarah C. Thorne, in the 2d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from No. 125 Henry-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday, June 7, at 3 o'clock P. M.

VALLANT.—In Kensico, N. Y., on Thursday, June 4, after a lingering illness, MARIA LOUISA, the beloved wife of Richard Vallant.

Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Sunday, June 7, at 3 o'clock, from St. Luke's Church, (Dr. Diller's,) Clinton-av., Brooklyn.

WOOD.—In this City, on Thursday, June 4, after a short illness, JOHN S. WOOD, in the 35th year of his age.

His relatives are invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, June 6, at 3½ o'clock, from Christ Church, Claremont, N. J., without further notice. His remains will be taken to the New-York Bay Cemetery for interment.

WALDRON.—In New-Orleans, on Friday, May 15, NATHANIEL WALDRON, late of the firm of Waldron, Robb & Co., of this City, aged 47 years and 1 month.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Northern Light, from Aspinwall.—Mrs. E. A. Theller, Norman, Porter, John Leckie, Chas. Jenkins and child, Charles Bishop and wife, Joseph Dennis, sister and infant, A. B. Morrill, W. H. Applegate, J. F. Kluge, H. A. J. Thibbids, Miss M. L. Hinckley, George Faulkner, L. Levison and boy, Robert Owen, H. Fridlander, Rev. Bishop Hill, Capt. T. Moore, wife and infant, R. Sauvage, E. L. Hanson, James M. Crawford and wife, W. L. Leachman, Wm. Denson, J. T. Baker, James Reiner, Mrs. Hoyt and daughter, John Hackfield, Capt. Morgan, A. G. Robinson, A. Cox and wife, Capt. Ross and wife, Wm. Nano, F. Tinoco, J. Heloyas, A. Saunids, Dr. S. W. Kellogg, Mrs. Feigelstoch and child, J. A. Macomber, A. Perez, Ma. Lodge, W. H. Thomer, M. Gambor, Mrs. T. Robinson, J. P. Woodbury, D. Arosemena, George Good.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 4 28 | Sun sets..... 7 27 | Moon rises. 11 16

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..11 15 | Gov. Island..12 04 | Hell Gate . 1 26

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, June 5.

Cleared.

Steamships Great Eastern, (Br.,) Paton, Liverpool, Howland & Aspinwall; Hansa, (Brem.,) Van Santen, Bremen, Oelrichs & Co.

Steamers George Creek, Neff, Washington, D. C., Loper & Kirkpatrick; Novelty, Shaw, Philadelphia, Loper & Kirkpatrick; W. Woodward, Cundiff, Baltimore, Wm. Dalzell.

Ships Wizard King, Cobb, New-River, N. B., E. A. Hussey; Princeton, Wamack, Baltimore, Merchant & Cannon; Mont Blanc, Donnell, Boston; Robert L. Lane, Shallalur, Liverpool; Marmion, Warsaw, Singapore, R. L. Taylor; There, Doane, London, Thomas Dunham; Hemisphere, (Br.,) George, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Excelsior, Kendall, Liverpool S. Thompson's Nephews; D. H. Watzen, (Brem.,) Batjer, London, Chas. Luling & Co.; Enoch Barnard, Fletner, Liverpool.

Barks Volante, (Arg.,) Botsford, Pernambuco, W. W. DeForest & Co.; Oresund, (Dan.,) Beckschoff, Rotterdam, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; W. E. Anderson, Nickerson, Plymouth, Eng., J. E. Ward & Co.; Invincible, (Br.,) Eawaulaw, Bristol, Boyd & Hincken; Wilhelmine, (Br.,) McEwen, Port-au-Prince, H. Becker & Co.. Arlington, Crorton, Marseilles, Moore & Henry; Albert, Halkins, New-Orleans, N. H. Brigham.

Brigs Don Juan, (Br.,) Smith, St. John, N. B., D. R. De Wolff; Excelsior, (Br.,) Card, Barbados and Trinidad, D. R. De Wolff; Harp, Clay, Salem, Aaron Sargent; Annie Collins, (Br.,) Smith, St. John, N. B., A. Smithers & Co.; Prince Alfred (Br.,) Crowell, St. Johns, N. F., H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; Machias, Shoppy, Trinidad de Cuba, Thompson & Hunter; Executive, Gorham, Bangor, N. O. Pillsbury; Brisk, (Br.,) Wren, Cardenas, Trujillo & Murray; New-York, Cooper, Cette, Mailler, Lord Queresau.

Schooners Eliza and Catharine, Bullard, Eleuthera, J. Eneas, Sarah, Haskell, Boston; Seraph, Allen, Norwich; Emma Johnson, Baker, Providence; Gicoin, Cullen, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; Golden Gate, Weeks, Portland, James V. Haviland; Ariadne, Robinson, Boston, James V. Haviland; C. M. Rich, Hardy, Bangor, R. P. Buck & Co.; Sawsassett, Soper, Washington, master; Exchange, Hamilton, Portland, G. L. Hatch; Emily, (Br.,) le Blanc, Charlestetown, C. E. Trumbull; Gertrude, Caldwell, Boston, John Boynton's Sons; Pallas, Pendleton, Rockland, W. S. Brown & Co.; Medford, Hopkins, Bangor, R. P. Buck & Co.; G. W. Glover, Thomas, Bangor, R. P. Buck & Co.

Arrived.

Steamship Northern Light, Tinklepaugh, Aspinwall May 27, at 2 P. M., with mdse., passengers and treasure to D. B. Allen.

Steamer Potomac, Hoffman, Portland, Me., with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell.

Steamer Comstock, Drake, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Octorora, McLaughlin, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Steamer Ospray, Aldrich, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer New-York, Fults, Philadelphia, with mdse. to James Hand.

Ship Roger A. Hiern, Stewart, Liverpool, May 1, with mdse. and 418 passengers to J. & N. Smith & Co.

Bark Navigator, (of Boston,) Pritchard, Newport, Eng., 36 ds., with coal to master. Had heavy westerly weather most of the passage, stove bulwarks, shifted cargo, etc.

Brig Anna Marina, (Br. of Liverpool,) Mains, Algoa Bay March 31, with wool to order.

U. S. surveying schr. Caswell, Blatchford, Port Royal, S. C., 10 days.

Schr. Hamilton, Ogden, Baltimore 8 ds., with coal to Merrill & Abbott.

Schr. Helena, (Br., of Nassau,) Felcher, Eleuthera 7 ds., with pineapples to Darrell & Co.

Schr. R. W. Brown, Harman, Georgetown, D. C., with coal to Jonas Smith.

Schr. Liverpool, (Br.,) Pearce, Eleuthera 7 ds., with fruit to J. Eneas. Left no Am. vessels.

Schr. J. Goodspeed, Richards, New-London, for Port Ewen.

Brig Burmah, Sherman, Elizabethport, with coal for Boston.

Schr. Goldhunter, Smith, Elizabethport, with coal for Boston.

Schr. S. M. Bhaddick, Arnold, Portland, Conn., with stone, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Schoting Star, Marshall, Calais, with lumber to Godfrey & Holyoke.

Schr. G. B. Smith, Soper, Baltimore 5 ds., with coal.

Schr. Geo. Putnam, Baker, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. H. P. Ely, Ely, New-Haven, in ballast.

Schr. Jane, Gorham, Westley, with stone.

Schr. N. Holes, Arnold, Providence for Rondout.

Schr. Sallie Smith, Webber, Fall River, for Albany.

Schr. Scaflower, Baldwin, New-London.

Schr. R. H. Daly, Saunders, New-London.

Schr. Stephen Waterman, Chase, Providence.

Schr. Essex, Post, Norwich, for Philadelphia.

Schr. President, Hall, Stonington, in ballast.

WIND—Sunset, S.

Sailed.

Steamers Patapsco, Daniel Webster and Louis Wood.

Ships Eliza Ruger, Saxonville, Monarch of the Sea, and Martha.

Barks Fanny Ealer, Isabeleta, Volunteer.

Brigs Wild Pigeon, Lady of the Lake, Amelia, G. L. Buckman.

Schr. Shannon and others.

By Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, June 5.—Arr. ship Sebastopol, New-York; bark Martha, Antwerp; brigs Daniel Boone, Cardenas; C. M. Barver, Black River, Jam.; South Boston, Barbados; Joseph Crosby, St. John, N. B.; steamer Georgiana, from Portsmouth, with 500 of the 25th New-Jersey regiment. Below, bark Lady Milnes, Liverpool.

Spoken, &c.

John Bright—ship, hence for Liverpool, May 24, lat. 40 15, lon. 51 50.

Stephen Crowell—ship, hence for Londonderry, May 30, lat 40 08, lon. 65 22.

Foreign Ports.

[PER NORTHERN LIGHT.]

Arr. at Aspinwall, May 18, Am. brig Rolling Wave, Collins, Philadelphia; 19th, bark Whistler, Bennett, Philadelphia; brig La Granger, Whitney, Perth Amboy; 20th, bark Bolivia, Whiteberry, New-York; 21st, brig Golden Lead, Smith, Perth Amboy; 22d, steamer Northern Light, Tinkelpaugh, New-York; 23d, brig Concord, Smith, Philadelphia. Cld. 19th, Am. schr. War Eagle, Seeley, Mexico; 21st, brig Arabella, Lindsley, New-York; 28th, steamer Northern Light, Tinkelpaugh, New-York; brig Rolling Wave, Collins, do

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S Hair Restorer.
AND
ZYLOBALSAMUM,
The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair,

Rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.

IT NEVER FAILS
To Restore Grey Hair
TO
Its Original Youthful Color
It is not a Dye,

But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.

For Ladies and Children
Whose Hair requires frequent dressing the Zylobalsamum has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE
193 Greenwich Street, New-York City.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's ZYLOBALSAMUM.

A ROMANCE OF THE EMPIRE CITY!

THE SUNDAY DISPATCH
FOR JUNE 7, 1863,

Will contain the Opening Chapters of a thrilling Original Story from Life in this City, entitled

THE SECRET DESTROYER;
OR, THE
FORTUNES OF THE CLEVELANDS.

By Capt. WHEELER, U. S. A.,
Author of "Running the Blockade," (printed in the *Sun*,) "The Web of Fate," (published in the New-York *Ledger*,) &c., &c.

This Story is a startling record of the various fortunes and exciting episodes in the lives of the members of a well-known family in the City of New-York. The scenes are from life, and present a series of thrilling pictures of the mysteries and crimes that are too often covered over in this great Metropolis by wealth and seeming respectability. Many of the incidents will be recognized by the intelligent reader, who will thus have a key which will enable him to locate the characters who figure in this exciting revelation. Without going into a full synopsis of the Story, it may not be amiss to say that among the leading characters who figure in this Life-Drama are: AN ORPHAN BOY, who has been robbed of his inheritance by his uncle, and turned into the street to shift for himself; A FULTON MARKET BUTCHER—a rich character; A RICH MERCHANT, who lives on Fifth-avenue in princely style, instead of being in Sing Sing, where he ought to be if justice had her due; THE WIFE OF THE MERCHANT, who has her own secrets, and has to pay liberally to avoid an awkward exposure; A CLERK WITH AN EASY CONSCIENCE, who is in love with a Banker's daughter, and who is not over particular as to how he gets his wedding outfit; A YOUNG GIRL, who has seen better days, and who bravely meets poverty and suffering in all its phases; A FEMALE VAMPYRE, who makes good use of what she knows, and who does business on decidedly original principles: A LADY WHO LIVES IN A RETIRED NEIGHBORHOOD, and turns an honest penny, &c., &c., &c. The Fortunes and Adventures of the Newsboy and the little girl who befriended him, will excite the deepest interest in the mind of the reader. They are both noble characters, whose misfortunes may well excite our sympathy, and in whose triumphs and successes every noble and generous heart will rejoice. The portraits of the guilty clerk, the vampyre, and their confederates in crime are so vividly portrayed as to leave a lasting impression on the mind. The history of the rich merchant and his fashionable wife cannot fail to arrest attention wherever it is read; and we hazard nothing in saying that this portion of the revelation will be pretty sure to cause a flutter in the fashionable circle in which the principal actors have long been recognized leaders. This powerful original Story was written expressly for the SUNDAY DISPATCH, and we submit it to the public as an evidence of what is in store for those who look to the DISPATCH for their Sunday reading. Other original novelties will rapidly follow this great story of Captain Wheeler's. In order to make room for all the original and interesting matters on hand, we shall issue a triple sheet of TWELVE PAGES this week, making

84 LONG COLUMNS OF MATTER.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

OFFICE NO. 11 FRANKFORT-ST.
FOR SALE BY ALL NEWS AGENTS.

MARVIN & CO.,
Late STEARNS & MARVIN.
FIRE, BURGLAR AND DAMP PROOF
SAFES,
(VALENTINE & BUTLER'S ALUM PATENT,)
No. 265 Broadway.
Warranted superior to any other Safes.
Reference to over 23,000 customers.

AT THE LAIGHT-STREET CHURCH—Corner of Laight and Varick sts., (St. John's Park)—Rev. I. S. KALLOCH will preach SABBATH MORNING upon *Non-Resistance*, as taught in the Sermon on the Mount, and in the EVENING upon *The Garden of Gethsemane*.

A YOUNG SOLDIER,